CHINESE BOOST

Directions and locations Chinese vocabulary list

133 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 131 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

Parts 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Directions and locations Chinese vocabulary list on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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HSK 1

在
zài to be (located) at / to exist / to be alive / (used before a verb to indicate an action in progress)

> 你在那里。
> Nǐ zài nàli.
> You are there.

里
lǐ inside / interior / internal / lining / li, ancient measure of length, approx. 500 m / neighbourhood / ancient administrative unit of 25 families / borough, administrative unit between the township 鎮|镇[zhen4] and neighborhood 鄰|邻[lin2] levels

> 杯子里有水。
> Bēizi lǐ yǒu shuǐ.
> There is water in the glass.

这里 這裡
zhèlǐ here

> 我在这里。
> Wǒ zài zhèlǐ.
> I am here.

那里 那裡
nàli there / that place

> 你在那里。
> Nǐ zài nàli.
> You are there.

哪里 哪裡
nǎlǐ where? / somewhere / anywhere / wherever / nowhere (negative answer to question) / humble expression denying compliment

> 他住在哪里?
> Tā zhù zài nǎlǐ?
> Where does he live?

上
shàng on / above / on; in; at (marking a time, scope, place or respect) / (directional complement) up / (verb complement) on, shut or into contact, as in 穿上, 闭上, 爱上 / up / upper / above / previous / up / to climb / to get onto / to go up / to attend (class or university) / to go to (work); to start a scheduled activity / to go to (a place) / to go out to / first (of multiple parts) / to install; to fit on / to serve (food); to bring to the table / to publish; to appear in print / to fall into; to be taken in / to apply; to smear on / to reach (a number or degree) / to add; to replenish
shǎng shǎng tone / the third tone of Mandarin (the low dipping tone)

> 你爱上我了?
> Nǐ ài shàng wǒ le?
> Are you in love with me?

下
xià down / downwards / below / lower / to fall (of rain, snow etc) / later / next (week etc) / second (of two parts) / to decline / to go down / measure word to show the frequency of an action / to play (chess etc) / to arrive at (a decision, conclusion etc) / to issue (an order etc) / to give (a command)

> 下一个是谁?
> Xià yí gè shì shéi?
> Who is next?

商店
shāngdiàn store / shop

> 他去了商店。
> Tā qùle shāngdiàn.
> He went to the store.

医院 醫院
yīyuàn hospital

> 你们在医院。
> Nǐmen zài yīyuàn.
> You are in the hospital.

学校 學校
xuéxiào school

> 学校在哪儿?
> Xuéxiào zài nǎr?
> Where is the school?

饭店 飯店
fàndiàn restaurant / hotel

> 我想去饭店吃晚饭。
> Wǒ xiǎng qù fàndiàn chī wǎnfàn.
> I wanna have dinner in a restaurant.

家
jiā family / noun suffix for a specialist in some activity, such as a musician or revolutionary, corresponding to English -ist, -er, -ary or -ian / home / household engaged in a trade / person of a certain status / refers to the philosophical schools of pre-Han China / used in 傢伙|家伙[jia1 huo5] and 傢俱|家俱[jia1 ju4] / my (sister, uncle etc) / classifier for families or businesses / domesticated / tame / surname Jia
jia suffix attached to nouns for people, indicating a kind of person

> 你家有猫吗?
> Nǐ jiā yǒu māo ma?
> Have you got a cat in your house?

到
dào to reach / to arrive / to leave for / to go to / to (a place) / until (a time) / up to (a point) / (verb complement indicating arriving at a place or reaching a point) / considerate / thoughtful / thorough

> 我到了。
> Wǒ dàole.
> I'm here.

房间 房間
fángjiān room

> 你有房间吗?
> Nǐ yǒu fángjiān ma?
> Do you have a room?

超市
chāoshì supermarket (abbr. for 超級市場|超级市场[chao1 ji2 shi4 chang3])

> 下班后我想去超市。
> Xiàbān hòu wǒ xiǎng qù chāoshì.
> After work I want to go to the supermarket.

HSK 2

上面
shàngmiàn on top of / on (a matter); in this respect / above-mentioned

> 不要坐在上面。
> Búyào zuò zài shàngmiàn.
> Don't sit on it.

下面
xiàmiàn below / under / next / the following / to boil noodles

> 桌子下面有一只猫。
> Zhuōzi xiàmiàn yǒu yìzhī māo.
> There's a cat under the table.

前面
qiánmiàn ahead / in front / preceding / above

> 在我前面走。
> Zài wǒ qiánmiàn zǒu.
> Walk ahead of me.

后面 後面
hòumian behind / near the end / at the back / the back / the rear / the last bit / later / afterwards

> 我在他后面。
> Wǒ zài tā hòumian.
> I'm behind him.

左边 左邊
zuǒbian left / the left side / to the left of

> 你家的左边是什么?
> Nǐ jiā de zuǒbian shì shénme?
> What is to the left of your house?

右边 右邊
yòubian right side / right, to the right

> 车从右边过来了!
> Chē cóng yòubian guòlái le!
> A car is coming from the right!

旁边 旁邊
pángbiān side / adjacent place

> 他在她的旁边。
> Tā zài tā de pángbiān.
> He is at her side.

外面
wàimiàn outside / surface / exterior / external appearance

> 你去外面吗?
> Nǐ qù wàimiàn ma?
> Are you going outside?

离
lí to be away from / (in giving distances) from / to leave / to part from / surname Li / without (sth) / independent of / one of the Eight Trigrams /☲卦[ba1 gua4], symbolizing fire / ☲
chī mythical beast (archaic)
lì to attach to / to cling to / orbit of the moon

> 离这儿远吗?
> Lí zhèr yuǎn ma?
> Is it far from here?

远 遠
yuǎn far / distant / remote / (intensifier in a comparison) by far / much (lower etc)
yuàn to distance oneself from (classical)

> 不是那么远。
> Bú shì nàme yuǎn.
> It's not that far.

近
jìn near / close to / approximately
jì sentence-final particle

> 杭州离上海很近。
> Hángzhōu lí Shànghǎi hěn jìn.
> Hangzhou is close to Shanghai.

走
zǒu to walk / to go / to run / to move (of vehicle) / to visit / to leave / to go away / to die (euph.) / away (in compound verbs, such as 撤走[che4 zou3]) / to change (shape, form, meaning) / from / through

> 不要走。
> Búyào zǒu.
> Don't go.

往
wǎng to / towards / bound for / to go (in a direction) / past / previous
wàng to turn to / to be drawn to

> 我往里面看。
> Wǒ wǎng lǐmiàn kàn.
> I looked inside.

路
lù road / journey / line (bus etc) / route / sort / kind / surname Lu

> 这条路在哪里?
> Zhè tiáo lù zài nǎlǐ?
> Where is this road?

火车站 火車站
huǒchēzhàn train station

> 去火车站要多长时间?
> Qù huǒchēzhàn yào duō cháng shíjiān?
> How long does it take to get to the train station?

机场 機場
jīchǎng airport / airfield / service provider for Shadowsocks or similar software for circumventing Internet censorship

> 到机场有多远?
> Dào jīchǎng yǒu duō yuǎn?
> How far is it to the airport?

过 過
guo (experienced action marker) / particle after a verb: completed action or past experience
guò to cross / to go over / to pass (time) / to celebrate (a holiday) / to live / to get along / excessively / too- / more than / to surpass / fault / mistake / to put through (a process) / to go through (a procedure) / to transfer (ownership) / to enter in an account / to visit / to call on
guō surname Guō

> 没看过。
> Méi kànguo.
> I haven't seen it.

站
zhàn to stand / station / to halt / to stop / website / branch of a company or organization

> 请站起来。
> Qǐng zhàn qǐlai.
> Qǐng zhàn qǐlái.

楼 樓
lóu floor / house with more than 1 story / storied building / surname Lou

> 我们在三楼。
> Wǒmen zài sān lóu.
> We're on the third floor.

左
zuǒ left / surname Zuo / to assist / unorthodox / queer / the Left (politics) / east / wrong / differing / opposite

> 阿拉伯语是从右往左写的。
> Ālābóyǔ shì cóng yòu wǎng zuǒ xiě de.
> Arabic is written from right to left.

右
yòu right / right-hand side / to help / to assist / to protect / (politics) right of center / (old) west / the right side as the side of precedence / to honor / to esteem / to favor

> 阿拉伯语是从右往左写的。
> Ālābóyǔ shì cóng yòu wǎng zuǒ xiě de.
> Arabic is written from right to left.

里面 裡面
lǐmiàn inside / interior

> 我往里面看。
> Wǒ wǎng lǐmiàn kàn.
> I looked inside.

门口 門口
ménkǒu doorway / gate

> 有人在门口。
> Yǒurén zài ménkǒu.
> Someone is at the door.

问路 問路
wènlù to ask for directions / to ask the way (to some place)

> 不知道怎么走，就问路吧。
> Bù zhīdào zěnme zǒu, jiù wènlù ba.
> If you don't know the way, just ask for directions.

HSK 3

东 東
dōng east / host (i.e. sitting on east side of guest) / surname Dong / landlord

> 东尼，说话。
> Dōng ní, shuōhuà.
> Ton, speak.

西
xī west / Spanish / the West

> 飞机向西飞了。
> Fēijī xiàng xī fēi le.
> The plane flew toward the west.

南
nán south / surname Nan
nā used in 南无 nāmó (Buddhist invocation)

> 告诉我你在湘南做了什么。
> Gàosu wǒ nǐ zài xiāng Nán zuòle shénme.
> Tell me what you did in Shounan.

北
běi north / to be defeated
bèi to turn one's back on / to part from

> 鸟春天会往北飞。
> Niǎo chūntiān huì wǎng běi fēi.
> Birds fly north in the spring.

一直
yīzhí continuously / always / all the way through / straight (in a straight line)

> 一直向前走!
> Yìzhí xiàngqián zǒu!
> Keep going straight ahead!

宾馆 賓館
bīnguǎn guesthouse / lodge / hotel

> 那是一家宾馆。
> Nà shì yìjiā bīnguǎn.
> That is a hotel.

中间 中間
zhōngjiān the middle / the inside / in the middle / within / between / among / during / in the meantime

> 我们坐在房间的正中间。
> Wǒmen zuò zài fángjiān de zhèng zhōngjiān.
> We sat in the center of the room.

附近
fùjìn vicinity (of); neighbourhood / nearby; neighbouring

> 她住在附近。
> Tā zhù zài fùjìn.
> She lives nearby.

东边 東邊
dōngbian east / east side / eastern part / to the east of

> 医院就在这条路的东边。
> Yīyuàn jiù zài zhè tiáo lù de dōngbian.
> The hospital is just east of this road.

西边 西邊
xībiān west / west side / western part / to the west of

> 我家西边有一家小商店。
> Wǒ jiā xībiān yǒu yìjiā xiǎo shāngdiàn.
> There is a small shop on the west side of my home.

南边 南邊
nánbian south / south side / southern part / to the south of

> 公园就在学校的南边。
> Gōngyuán jiù zài xuéxiào de nánbian.
> The park is just south of the school.

北边 北邊
běibiān north / north side / northern part / to the north of

> 河的北边比南边冷一些。
> Hé de běibiān bǐ nánbian lěng yìxiē.
> The north side of the river is a bit colder than the south side.

向
xiàng towards / to / direction / orientation / to face / to turn towards / to support / to side with / always / all along / to tend toward / to guide / suitable for ... / oriented to ... / to approach / to be close to / shortly before / formerly / surname Xiang

> 我向妈妈学习。
> Wǒ xiàng māma xuéxí.
> I follow my mom's example.

路口
lùkǒu crossing / intersection (of roads)

> 前面路口出事了。
> Qiánmiàn lùkǒu chūshìle.
> There's been an accident at the junction up ahead.

红绿灯 紅綠燈
hónglǜdēng traffic light / traffic signal

> 红绿灯变成绿色了。
> Hónglǜdēng biànchéng lǜsè le.
> The traffic light turned green.

地图 地圖
dìtú map

> 你有地图吗?
> Nǐ yǒu dìtú ma?
> Do you have a map?

街
jiē street

> 我的房子就在对街。
> Wǒ de fángzi jiù zài duì jiē.
> My house is just across the street.

马路 馬路
mǎlù street / road

> 她过了马路。
> Tā guò le mǎlù.
> She came across the street.

地方
dìfāng region / regional (away from the central administration) / local
dìfang place / location / area / space / territory / aspect / part

> 我在找地方坐。
> Wǒ zài zhǎo dìfang zuò.
> I'm looking for a place to sit.

银行 銀行
yínháng bank

> 银行在哪里?
> Yínháng zài nǎlǐ?
> Where is the bank?

公园 公園
gōngyuán park (for public recreation)

> 我在公园里走。
> Wǒ zài gōngyuán lǐ zǒu.
> I'm walking in the park.

方向
fāngxiàng direction / orientation

> 我们应该往哪个方向走?
> Wǒmen yīnggāi wǎng nǎge fāngxiàng zǒu?
> Which way should we go?

角
jiǎo angle / corner / unit of money equal to 0.1 yuan, or 10 cents (a dime) / horn / horn-shaped
jué role (theater) / to compete / ancient three legged wine vessel / third note of pentatonic scale / surname Jue

> 商店就在这条街的角上。
> Shāngdiàn jiù zài zhè tiáo jiē de jiǎo shàng.
> The shop is right on the corner of this street.

楼梯 樓梯
lóutī stair / staircase

> 他爬上了楼梯。
> Tā pá shàng le lóutī.
> He climbed the stairs.

电梯 電梯
diàntī elevator / escalator

> 电梯又坏了。
> Diàntī yòu huàile.
> The elevator's out again.

东南 東南
dōngnán southeast

> 超市在公园的东南边。
> Chāoshì zài gōngyuán de dōngnán biān.
> The supermarket is southeast of the park.

西北
xīběi northwest / Northwest China (Shaanxi, Gansu, Qinghai, Ningxia, Xinjiang)

> 西北的冬天又干又冷。
> Xīběi de dōngtiān yòu gān yòu lěng.
> Winters in Northwest China are dry and cold.

地点 地點
dìdiǎn place / site / location / venue

> 请告诉我见面的地点。
> Qǐng gàosu wǒ jiànmiàn de dìdiǎn.
> Please tell me the place where we're meeting.

东北 東北
dōngběi northeast / Northeast China / Manchuria

> 东北的冬天又长又冷。
> Dōngběi de dōngtiān yòu cháng yòu lěng.
> Winters in Northeast China are long and cold.

西南
xīnán southwest

> 明天西南方向会下大雨吗?
> Míngtiān xīnán fāngxiàng huì xià dàyǔ ma?
> Will it rain heavily in the southwest tomorrow?

层 層
céng layer / stratum / floor (of a building) / story / to pile on top of one another / sheaf / classifier for layers

> 你们的办公室在几层?
> Nǐmen de bàngōngshì zài jǐ céng?
> Which floor is your office on?

东方 東方
dōngfāng east / the East / the Orient / two-character surname Dongfang

> 飞机飞向东方。
> Fēijī fēi xiàng dōngfāng.
> The plane flew east.

北方
běifāng north / the northern part a country / China north of the Yellow River

> 北方的立夏还不太热吧?
> Běifāng de Lìxià hái bú tài rè ba?
> It's not very hot yet in the north at Lixia, is it?

南方
nánfāng south / southern direction / southern regions, often referring to areas south of the Yangtze River

> 他飞到南方。
> Tā fēi dào nánfāng.
> He took off to the south.

图书馆 圖書館
túshūguǎn library

> 我爱图书馆。
> Wǒ ài túshūguǎn.
> I love libraries.

外地
wàidì parts of the country other than where one is

> 我在外地生活了很久。
> Wǒ zài wàidì shēnghuóle hěn jiǔ.
> I've lived away from home for a long time.

路边 路邊
lùbiān curb / roadside / wayside

> 路边有一只小狗在睡觉。
> Lùbiān yǒu yìzhī xiǎogǒu zài shuìjiào.
> There is a little dog sleeping by the side of the road.

HSK 4

公共汽车站 公共汽車站
gōnggòngqìchēzhàn bus stop / bus station

> 公共汽车站在银行旁边。
> Gōnggòngqìchēzhàn zài yínháng pángbiān.
> The bus stop is next to the bank.

对面 對面
duìmiàn opposite / across (the street etc) / face to face / directly in front of one / up ahead

> 他们住在河对面。
> Tāmen zhù zài hé duìmiàn.
> They live across the river.

十字路口
shízìlùkǒu crossroads / intersection

> 这个十字路口很危险。
> Zhège shízìlùkǒu hěn wēixiǎn.
> This intersection is dangerous.

距离 距離
jùlí distance / to be apart from
> 我无法判断距离。
> Wǒ wúfǎ pànduàn jùlí.
> I can't judge distance.

出口
chūkǒu an exit / to speak / to export / to leave port
> 出口在这里!
> Chūkǒu zài zhèlǐ!
> Here is the exit!

入口
rùkǒu entrance / to import
> 有辆车停在入口。
> Yǒu liàng chē tíng zài rùkǒu.
> A car stopped at the entrance.

厕所 廁所
cèsuǒ toilet / lavatory
> 你是个厕所!
> Nǐ shì gè cèsuǒ!
> You are a toilet!

桥 橋
qiáo bridge
qiāo mountain sledge / mountain-travel conveyance / swift / vigorous / to correct / to straighten / perverse / false
> 那座桥不长。
> Nà zuò qiáo bù cháng.
> That bridge isn't long.

周围 周圍
zhōuwéi environs / surroundings / periphery
> 我看了看周围。
> Wǒ kànle kàn zhōuwéi.
> I looked around me.

街道
jiēdào street / subdistrict / residential district
> 请给我一张街道地图好吗?
> Qǐng gěi wǒ yì zhāng jiēdào dìtú hǎo ma?
> Can you give me a map of the street?

路过 路過
lùguò to pass by / to pass through
> 他们昨天路过她家。
> Tāmen zuótiān lùguò tā jiā.
> They passed by her house yesterday.

转 轉
zhuǎn to turn / to change direction / to transfer / to forward (mail) / to share (sb else's content)
zhuàn to revolve / to turn / to circle about / classifier for revolutions (per minute etc): revs, rpm / to walk about / classifier for repeated actions
zhuǎi used in 转文 zhuǎiwén (to use pedantic, bookish wording)
> 他们转过身。
> Tāmen zhuǎnguo shēn.
> They turned around.

南部
nánbù southern part
> 她们现在在法国南部。
> Tāmen xiànzài zài Fǎguó nánbù.
> They are now in the south of France.

东部 東部
dōngbù the east / eastern part
> 我家在这座城市的东部。
> Wǒ jiā zài zhè zuò chéngshì de dōngbù.
> My home is in the eastern part of this city.

北部
běibù northern part
> 他家在城市的北部。
> Tā jiā zài chéngshì de běibù.
> His home is in the northern part of the city.

大厅 大廳
dàtīng hall / concourse / public lounge / (hotel) lobby
> 我在酒店大厅等你，好吗?
> Wǒ zài jiǔdiàn dàtīng děng nǐ, hǎo ma?
> I'll wait for you in the hotel lobby, okay?

郊区 郊區
jiāoqū suburban district / outskirts / suburbs / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Tongling City 銅陵市|铜陵市[Tong2 ling2 Shi4], Anhui / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Jiamusi City 佳木斯市[Jia1 mu4 si1 Shi4], Heilongjiang / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Yangquan City 陽泉市|阳泉市[Yang2 quan2 Shi4], Shanxi / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Changzhi City 長治市|长治市[Chang2 zhi4 Shi4], Shanxi
> 我们住在郊区。
> Wǒmen zhù zài jiāoqū.
> We live in the suburbs.

前方
qiánfāng ahead / the front
> 前方有车，请慢一点开。
> Qiánfāng yǒu chē, qǐng màn yìdiǎn kāi.
> There's a car ahead, so please drive a bit slower.

指路
zhǐlù to give directions
> 你能给这位老人指路吗?
> Nǐ néng gěi zhèwèi lǎorén zhǐlù ma?
> Can you give this old man directions?

HSK 5

沿着 沿著
yánzhe to go along / to follow
> 沿着地图上的路线走吧。
> Yánzhe dìtú shàng de lùxiàn zǒu ba.
> Let's follow the route on the map.

迷路
mílù to lose the way / lost / labyrinth / labyrinthus vestibularis (of the inner ear)
> 你会迷路的。
> Nǐ huì mílù de.
> You'll get lost.

位置
wèizhi position / place / seat

他们的位置是?
Tāmen de wèizhi shì?
What's their location?

广场 廣場
guǎngchǎng public square / plaza

我要去广场。
Wǒ yào qù guǎngchǎng.
I'm going to the square.

博物馆 博物館
bówùguǎn museum

博物馆在哪里?
Bówùguǎn zài nǎlǐ?
Where is the museum?

四周
sìzhōu all around

你在三或四周内就会习惯。
Nǐ zài sān huò sìzhōu nèi jiù huì xíguàn.
You'll get used to this in three or four weeks.

朝
cháo towards / dynasty / facing / imperial or royal court / to make a pilgrimage to / government / reign of a sovereign or emperor / court or assembly held by a sovereign or emperor / surname Chao
zhāo morning

最大的卧室朝南。
Zuì dà de wòshì cháo Nán.
The largest bedroom faces south.

路线 路線
lùxiàn itinerary / route / political line (e.g. right revisionist road)

地图上的路线只作参考。
Dìtú shàng de lùxiàn zhǐ zuò cānkǎo.
The route on the map is only a reference.

地铁站 地鐵站
dìtiězhàn subway station

学校一公里以内有地铁站。
Xuéxiào yì gōnglǐ yǐnèi yǒu dìtiězhàn.
There is a subway station within one kilometer of the school.

位于 位於
wèiyú to be located at / to be situated at / to lie

古巴位于中美洲。
Gǔbā wèiyú Zhōngměizhōu.
Cuba is located in the Americas.

区域 區域
qūyù area / region / district

这个区域有很多商店。
Zhège qūyù yǒu hěn duō shāngdiàn.
There are many stores in this area.

胡同
hútòng lane / alley

我家住在一条老胡同里。
Wǒ jiā zhù zài yìtiáo lǎo hútòng lǐ.
My family lives in an old alley.

靠近
kàojìn to approach / to draw near / to be close to

敌人不靠近。
Dírén bú kàojìn.
The enemy won't get close.

市中心
shìzhōngxīn city center / downtown

从这儿到市中心要坐多久?
Cóng zhèr dào shìzhōngxīn yào zuò duōjiǔ?
How long does it take to get to the city centre from here?

转弯 轉彎
zhuǎnwān to turn / to go around a corner

到了红绿灯，你要转弯吗?
Dàole hónglǜdēng, nǐ yào zhuǎnwān ma?
When you get to the traffic light, are you going to turn?

西北方
xīběifāng northwest / northwestern

风从西北方吹过来。
Fēng cóng xīběifāng chuī guòlái.
The wind is blowing in from the northwest.

东北方 東北方
dōngběifāng northeast / northeastern

我家在学校的东北方。
Wǒ jiā zài xuéxiào de dōngběifāng.
My home is to the northeast of the school.

路牌
lùpái street sign / road sign / street nameplate

你看，路牌上是什么字?
Nǐ kàn, lùpái shàng shì shénme zì?
Look, what does the street sign say?

绕路 繞路
ràolù to make a detour / to take the long route

前面在修路，我们得绕路走。
Qiánmiàn zài xiūlù, wǒmen de ràolù zǒu.
The road ahead is under repair, so we have to take a detour.

HSK 6

拐
guǎi to turn (a corner etc) / to kidnap / to swindle / to misappropriate / seven (used as a substitute for 七[qi1])

我往右拐了。
Wǒ wǎng yòu guǎi le.
I turned right.

拐弯 拐彎

guǎiwān to go round a curve / to turn a corner / fig. a new direction

> 路很滑，拐弯时请慢一点。
> Lù hěn huá, guǎiwān shí qǐng màn yìdiǎn.
> The road is slippery, so please slow down when going round the curve.

人行道

rénxíngdào sidewalk

> 在人行道上走。
> Zài rénxíngdào shàng zǒu.
> Walk on the pavement.

方位

fāngwèi direction / points of the compass / bearing / position / azimuth

> 我在森林里分不清方位了。
> Wǒ zài sēnlín lǐ fēn bu qīng fāngwèi le.
> I can't tell which direction is which in the forest.

穿过 穿過

chuānguò to pass through

> 这只狗穿过街道。
> Zhè zhī gǒu chuānguò jiēdào.
> The dog walked across the street.

角落

jiǎoluò corner (of a room, courtyard etc) / remote spot / nook

> 坐在角落的那个男人是谁?
> Zuò zài jiǎoluò de nàge nánrén shì shéi?
> Who is the man sitting in the corner?

拐角

guǎijiǎo to turn a corner / corner

> 到了拐角，请叫我一声。
> Dàole guǎijiǎo, qǐng jiào wǒ yìshēng.
> When we reach the corner, please let me know.

HSK 7-9

岔路

chàlù fork in the road

> 前面有一个岔路，我们该走哪边?
> Qiánmiàn yǒu yí gè chàlù, wǒmen gāi zǒu nǎ biān?
> There's a fork in the road ahead. Which way should we go?

路标 路標

lùbiāo road sign

> 雪太大，我看不清前面的路标。
> Xuě tài dà, wǒ kànbuqīng qiánmiàn de lùbiāo.
> The snow is so heavy that I can't see the road sign ahead.

天桥 天橋

tiānqiáo overhead walkway / pedestrian bridge / Tianqiao district of Jinan city 濟南市|济南市[Ji3 nan2 shi4], Shandong / Tianqiao district in Beijing, formerly a center of folk culture

> 天桥上有人在卖水果。
> Tiānqiáo shàng yǒurén zài mài shuǐguǒ.
> Someone is selling fruit on the overhead walkway.

隧道

suìdào tunnel

> 隧道终于贯通了。
> Suìdào zhōngyú guàntōngle.
> The tunnel has finally been linked up.

导航 導航

dǎoháng to navigate

> 船长靠星星来导航。
> Chuánzhǎng kào xīngxing lái dǎoháng.
> The captain navigates by the stars.

毗邻 毗鄰

pílín bordering / adjacent to

尽头 盡頭

jìntóu end / extremity / limit

> 他的埋怨没有尽头。
> Tā de mányuàn méiyǒu jìntóu.
> There is no end to his complaining.

位子

wèizi seat / place

> 他帮我占了位子。
> Tā bāng wǒ zhànle wèizi.
> He held a seat for me.

偏僻

piānpì remote / desolate / far from the city

> 那个位置很偏僻。
> Nàge wèizhi hěn piānpì.
> It's quite a remote spot.

偏远 偏遠

piānyuǎn remote / far from civilization

> 偏远地区的孩子上学很不容易。
> Piānyuǎn dìqū de háizi shàngxué hěn bù róngyì.
> It is not easy for children in remote areas to go to school.

过道 過道

guòdào passageway / corridor / aisle

Outside HSK

地标 地標

dìbiāo landmark

> 钟楼是这座城市的地标。
> Zhōnglóu shì zhè zuò chéngshì de dìbiāo.
> The clock tower is the landmark of this city.