CHINESE BOOST

Housing and renting Chinese vocabulary: Elementary (HSK 1-3)

17 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 17 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

Housing and renting Chinese vocabulary: Elementary (HSK 1-3) on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

住
zhù to live / to reside / to stay / (result complement indicating firmness or a stable achieved state) / to stop / to cease

> 他住在东京。
> Tā zhù zài Dōngjīng.
> He lives in Tokyo.

家
jiā family / noun suffix for a specialist in some activity, such as a musician or revolutionary, corresponding to English -ist, -er, -ary or -ian / home / household engaged in a trade / person of a certain status / refers to the philosophical schools of pre-Han China / used in 傢伙|家伙[jia1 huo5] and 傢俱|家俱[jia1 ju4] / my (sister, uncle etc) / classifier for families or businesses / domesticated / tame / surname Jia
jia suffix attached to nouns for people, indicating a kind of person

> 他刚回到家。
> Tā gāng huídào jiā.
> He just got home.

房间 房間
fángjiān room

> 你有房间吗?
> Nǐ yǒu fángjiān ma?
> Do you have a room?

新
xīn new / newly / meso- (chemistry)

> 他是新来的。
> Tā shì xīn lái de.
> He's a newcomer.

楼 樓
lóu floor / house with more than 1 story / storied building / surname Lou

> 我们在三楼。
> Wǒmen zài sān lóu.
> We're on the third floor.

房子
fángzi house / building (single- or two-story) / apartment / room

> 房子漂亮吗?
> Fángzi piàoliang ma?
> Is the house beautiful?

搬家
bānjiā to move house / to relocate / to remove (sth)

> 我们去年搬家了。
> Wǒmen qùnián bānjiāle.
> We moved house last year.

小区 小區
xiǎoqū housing estate / community / neighborhood / cell

> 我们小区晚上很安静。
> Wǒmen xiǎoqū wǎnshang hěn ānjìng.
> Our neighborhood is very quiet at night.

层 層
céng layer / stratum / floor (of a building) / story / to pile on top of one another / sheaf / classifier for layers

> 你们的办公室在几层?
> Nǐmen de bàngōngshì zài jǐ céng?
> Which floor is your office on?

附近
fùjìn vicinity (of); neighbourhood / nearby; neighbouring

> 她住在附近。
> Tā zhù zài fùjìn.
> She lives nearby.

环境 環境
huánjìng environment / circumstances / surroundings / ambient

> 你需要换个环境。
> Nǐ xūyào huàn gè huánjìng.
> You need a change of scenery.

安静 安靜
ānjìng quiet / peaceful / calm

> 你该安静几天。
> Nǐ gāi ānjìng jǐtiān.
> You must keep quiet for a few days.

方便

fāngbiàn convenient / suitable / to facilitate / to make things easy / to relieve oneself / having money to spare

> 这方便得多了。
> Zhè fāngbiàn de duō le.
> It's much more convenient.

旧 舊

jiù old / opposite: new 新 / worn (with age) / former

> 那本书很旧。
> Nà běn shū hěn jiù.
> That book is very old.

邻居 鄰居

línjū neighbor

> 他是我邻居。
> Tā shì wǒ línjū.
> He's my neighbour.

电梯 電梯

diàntī elevator / escalator

> 电梯又坏了。
> Diàntī yòu huàile.
> The elevator's out again.

搬

bān to move (i.e. relocate oneself) / to move (sth relatively heavy or bulky) / to copy indiscriminately / to shift

> 我们搬了家。
> Wǒmen bānle jiā.
> We've moved.