CHINESE BOOST

HSK 1 Chinese vocabulary list, part 5

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 49 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 1 Chinese vocabulary list, part 5 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

大学生 大學生
dàxuéshēng university student / college student

> 你是大学生吗?
> Nǐ shì dàxuéshēng ma?
> Are you a college student?

休息
xiūxi rest / to rest

> 他休息两天。
> Tā xiūxi liǎng tiān.
> He rests for two days.

狗
gǒu dog

> 你喜欢狗吗?
> Nǐ xǐhuan gǒu ma?
> Do you like dogs?

这儿 這兒
zhèr here

> 他还在这儿。
> Tā hái zài zhèr.
> He is still here.

千
qiān thousand / used in 鞦韆|秋千[qiu1 qian1]

电脑 電腦
diànnǎo computer

> 我们没有电脑。
> Wǒmen méiyǒu diànnǎo.
> We don't have a PC.

店
diàn shop / store / inn / old-style hotel

> 这是他的店。
> Zhè shì tā de diàn.
> This is his shop.

百
bǎi hundred / surname Bai / numerous / all kinds of

> 她有几百本书。
> Tā yǒu jǐ bǎi běn shū.
> She has hundreds of books.

小学 小學
xiǎoxué elementary school / primary school

> 你在哪儿上的小学?
> Nǐ zài nǎr shàng de xiǎoxué?
> Where did you go to primary school?

明天
míngtiān tomorrow

> 好，明天见!
> Hǎo, míngtiān jiàn!
> Okay, see you tomorrow!

上午
shàngwǔ morning

> 她上午学习英语。
> Tā shàngwǔ xuéxí Yīngyǔ.
> She studied English in the morning.

歌
gē song / to sing

> 我想唱个歌。
> Wǒ xiǎng chàng gè gē.
> I want to sing a song.

课 課
kè class / lesson / subject / course / to levy / tax / form of divination

> 我今天没课。
> Wǒ jīntiān méi kè.
> I don't have classes today.

哪些
nǎxiē which ones? / who? / what?

> 哪些人想去?
> Nǎxiē rén xiǎng qù?
> Who wants to go?

好吃
hǎochī tasty / delicious
hàochī to be fond of eating / to be gluttonous

> 这个真好吃。
> Zhège zhēn hǎochī.
> This is really delicious.

姐姐
jiějie older sister

> 你的姐姐呢?
> Nǐ de jiějie ne?
> Where did your sister just go?

天气 天氣
tiānqì weather
> 天气怎么样?
> Tiānqì zěnmeyàng?
> What's the weather like?

房间 房間
fángjiān room
> 你有房间吗?
> Nǐ yǒu fángjiān ma?
> Do you have a room?

爸爸
bàba father / dad
> 你爸爸在哪?
> Nǐ bàba zài nǎ?
> Where is your dad?

读书 讀書
dúshū to study / to read a book / to attend school
> 他们在读书。
> Tāmen zài dúshū.
> They are reading books.

怎么样 怎麼樣
zěnmeyàng how? / how was it? / how are things? / what kind of / how about? / however / no matter what
> 天气怎么样?
> Tiānqì zěnmeyàng?
> What's the weather like?

哪儿 哪兒
nǎr where? / wherever / anywhere / somewhere / (used in rhetorical questions) how can ...? / how could ...?
> 他住在哪儿?
> Tā zhù zài nǎr?
> Where does he live?

喂
wèi to feed / hey / to feed (an animal, baby, invalid etc)
wéi hello (when answering the phone)
> 我早上不喂狗。
> Wǒ zǎoshang bú wèi gǒu.
> I don't feed my dog in the morning.

妹妹
mèimei younger sister / young woman
> 你有妹妹吗?
> Nǐ yǒu mèimei ma?
> Have you got a little sister?

桌子
zhuōzi table / desk
> 桌子上有什么?
> Zhuōzi shàng yǒu shénme?
> What is on the desk?

便宜
piányi cheap / inexpensive / a petty advantage / to let sb off lightly
biànyí convenient
> 这个很便宜。
> Zhège hěn piányi.
> This is cheap.

那儿 那兒
nàr there
> 咱到那儿去吧。
> Zán dào nàr qù ba.
> Let's go there.

漂亮
piàoliang pretty / beautiful
> 你太漂亮了!
> Nǐ tài piàoliangle!
> You're so beautiful!

猫 貓
māo cat / to hide oneself / (coll.) modem
máo to bend / to stoop (dialect)
> 你喜欢猫吗?
> Nǐ xǐhuan māo ma?
> Do you like cats?

哪个 哪個
nǎge which / who
> 哪个是我的?
> Nǎge shì wǒ de?
> Which is mine?

那边 那邊
nàbian over there / yonder
> 那边有人吗?
> Nàbian yǒurén ma?
> Is somebody there?

零
líng zero / nought / zero sign / (placed between two numbers to indicate a smaller quantity followed by a larger one) / fractional / fragmentary / odd (of numbers) / fraction / remainder (after division) / extra / to wither and fall / to wither / to fall (of rain, dew, tears) / to drop
> 现在是八点零五分。
> Xiànzài shì bā diǎn líng wǔfēn.
> It's five past eight now.

中文
zhōngwén Chinese language
> 你会中文。
> Nǐ huì Zhōngwén.
> You speak Chinese.

睡觉 睡覺
shuìjiào to sleep / to go to bed
shuìjué to wake up from sleep
> 他们在睡觉。
> Tāmen zài shuìjiào.
> They're sleeping.

弟弟
dìdi younger brother

> 他是我弟弟。
> Tā shì wǒ dìdi.
> He's my younger brother.

汉语 漢語
hànyǔ Chinese language

> 他学汉语。
> Tā xué Hànyǔ.
> He is learning Chinese.

水果
shuǐguǒ fruit

> 他们喜欢水果。
> Tāmen xǐhuan shuǐguǒ.
> They like fruit.

椅子
yǐzi chair

> 没有椅子坐。
> Méiyǒu yǐzi zuò.
> There's no chair to sit upon.

火车 火車
huǒchē train

> 他喜欢火车。
> Tā xǐhuan huǒchē.
> He loves trains.

白天
báitiān daytime / during the day / day

> 他们只在白天工作。
> Tāmen zhǐ zài báitiān gōngzuò.
> They work only during the day.

中午
zhōngwǔ noon / midday

> 我们在中午吃了饭。
> Wǒmen zài zhōngwǔ chīle fàn.
> We took lunch at noon.

女士
nǚshì lady / madam / Miss / Ms

> 女士，这是您的茶。
> Nǚshì, zhè shì nín de chá.
> Madam, here is your tea.

鸡蛋 雞蛋
jīdàn egg / hen's egg

> 我不喜欢鸡蛋。
> Wǒ bù xǐhuan jīdàn.
> I don't care for eggs.

上班
shàngbān to go to work / to be on duty / to start work / to go to the office

> 他去上班。
> Tā qù shàngbān.
> He goes to work.

苹果 蘋果
píngguǒ apple / Apple (American tech company)

> 买一些苹果。
> Mǎi yìxiē píngguǒ.
> Buy some apples.

星期
xīngqī week / day of the week / Sunday

> 他病了一星期。
> Tā bìng le yì xīngqī.
> He has been sick for a week.

打电话 打電話
dǎdiànhuà to make a telephone call

> 我在打电话。
> Wǒ zài dǎdiànhuà.
> I'm on the phone.

饭店 飯店
fàndiàn restaurant / hotel

> 你知道哪家饭店好吗？
> Nǐ zhīdào nǎ jiā fàndiàn hǎo ma?
> Do you know a good restaurant?

早上
zǎoshang early morning

> 今天早上冷。
> Jīntiān zǎoshang lěng.
> It's cold this morning.

好看
hǎokàn good-looking / nice-looking / (of a movie, book, TV show etc) good / in an embarrassing situation

> 电影好看吗？
> Diànyǐng hǎokàn ma?
> Was the movie good?