CHINESE BOOST

HSK 2 Chinese vocabulary list, part 2

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 2 Chinese vocabulary list, part 2 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

往
wǎng to / towards / bound for / to go (in a direction) / past / previous
wàng to turn to / to be drawn to

> 大家在往哪跑?
> Dàjiā zài wǎng nǎ pǎo?
> Where's everyone running to?

下来 下來
xiàlai (after verb of motion, indicates motion down and towards us, also fig.) / (after verb or adjective) indicates becoming calm, slow or still / (completed action marker) / (indicates continuation from the past towards us) / to come down / to be harvested (of crops) / to be over (of a period of time) / to go among the masses (said of leaders)

> 你下来。
> Nǐ xiàlai.
> You come down.

位
wèi classifier for people (honorific) / seat / classifier for binary bits (e.g. 十六位 16-bit or 2 bytes) / position / location / place / potential

> 你们是几位?
> Nǐmen shì jǐ wèi?
> How many of you are there?

准备 準備
zhǔnbèi to prepare / to intend / preparation / to be about to / reserve (fund)

> 我们准备去做。
> Wǒmen zhǔnbèi qù zuò.
> We're preparing to do so.

鱼 魚
yú fish / surname Yu

> 他是卖鱼的。
> Tā shì mài yú de.
> He is a fishmonger.

旅游 旅遊
lǚyóu to travel / travel / tour / tourism / trip / journey

> 他们一起旅游。
> Tāmen yìqǐ lǚyóu.
> They traveled together.

一起
yīqǐ the same place / together / in company (with) / altogether / in total / an instance of / a case of (murder, accident, dispute etc)

> 一起学习吧!
> Yìqǐ xuéxí ba!
> Let's study together!

事情
shìqing affair / matter / thing / business

> 让我说一件事情。
> Ràng wǒ shuō yí jiàn shìqing.
> Let me say one thing.

面
miàn surface / classifier for objects with flat surfaces such as drums, mirrors, flags etc / face / noodles / flour / soft (not crunchy) / side / aspect / top / (of a person) ineffectual / spineless

> 我没有跟他见过面。
> Wǒ méiyǒu gēn tā jiànguo miàn.
> I haven't met him.

别
bié don't ...! / other / another / different / to leave / to part (from) / to fasten with a pin or clip / to stick in / to insert (in order to hinder movement) / to differentiate / to distinguish / difference; distinction / category (as in 性别|性别[xing4 bie2], 派别|派别[pai4 bie2]) / to turn away / to turn aside / to avert (one's face, gaze etc) / surname Bie
biè used in 别扭: awkward; difficult; at odds / to make sb change their ways, opinions etc

> 别再打我了!
> Bié zài dǎ wǒ le!
> Stop hitting me!

送
sòng to send / to deliver / to transmit / to give (as a present) / to accompany / to go along with / to see (sb) off

> 我送你回家吧。
> Wǒ sòng nǐ huíjiā ba.
> Let me take you home.

远 遠

yuǎn far / distant / remote / (intensifier in a comparison) by far / much (lower etc)
yuàn to distance oneself from (classical)

> 不是那么远。
> Bú shì nàme yuǎn.
> It's not that far.

完

wán to finish / to be over / whole / complete / entire

> 他们做完了。
> Tāmen zuò wánle.
> They were finished.

左

zuǒ left / surname Zuo / to assist / unorthodox / queer / the Left (politics) / east / wrong / differing / opposite

> 阿拉伯语是从右往左写的。
> Ālābóyǔ shì cóng yòu wǎng zuǒ xiě de.
> Arabic is written from right to left.

花

huā flower / blossom / to spend (money, time) / fancy pattern / florid / surname Hua / lecherous / lustful

> 他买了些花。
> Tā mǎile xiē huā.
> He bought some flowers.

希望

xīwàng to hope / a hope / a wish

> 你没有希望。
> Nǐ méiyǒu xīwàng.
> You are hopeless.

条 條

tiáo strip / classifier for long thin things (ribbon, river, road, trousers etc) / slip of paper, note / article / clause (of law or treaty) / item

> 我有条大狗。
> Wǒ yǒu tiáo dà gǒu.
> I have a big dog.

动 動

dòng to move / to touch / to stir (emotions) / to displace / to set in movement / readily / often / at every turn / to alter / to make use of

> 什么都没动。
> Shénme dōu méi dòng.
> Nothing moved.

教

jiāo to teach
jiào teaching / to instruct / to educate / religion / to cause (sb to do sth) / to tell (sb to do sth)

> 老师教我的。
> Lǎoshī jiāo wǒ de.
> The teacher taught me that.

回来 回來

huílai to return / to come back

> 他会回来的。
> Tā huì huílai de.
> He will come back.

跑

pǎo to run / to run away / to escape / away / off / to leak or evaporate / to run around (on errands etc) / to depart from / to stray from
páo to paw (the ground)

> 他能跑多快?
> Tā néng pǎo duō kuài?
> How fast can he run?

眼睛

yǎnjing eye

> 猫有两只眼睛。
> Māo yǒu liǎng zhī yǎnjing.
> Cats have two eyes.

告诉 告訴

gàosu to tell / to inform / to let know
gàosù to press charges / to file a complaint

> 不要告诉他。
> Búyào gàosu tā.
> Don't tell him.

下去

xiàqù to go down / to descend / to go on / to continue / to withdraw

> 好，我下去。
> Hǎo, wǒ xiàqù.
> OK, I'll go down.

过来 過來

guòlái to come over / to come to / to regain consciousness (after a verb) / to manage / to handle / to be able to take care of

> 她要过来。
> Tā yào guòlái.
> She's going to come over here. She wants to come over here.

出去

chūqù to go out

> 你想出去吗?
> Nǐ xiǎng chūqù ma?
> Do you want to go out?

还是 還是

háishi or / still (as before) / had better / unexpectedly

> 你去还是不去?
> Nǐ qù háishi bú qù?
> Are you going or not?

离

lí to be away from / (in giving distances) from / to leave / to part from / surname Li / without (sth) / independent of / one of the Eight Trigrams /八卦[ba1 gua4], symbolizing fire / ☲
chī mythical beast (archaic)
lì to attach to / to cling to / orbit of the moon

> 离这儿远吗?
> Lí zhèr yuǎn ma?
> Is it far from here?

飞 飛

fēi to fly

> 从北京飞到南非要很长时间。
> Cóng Běijīng fēi dào Nánfēi yào hěn cháng shíjiān.
> It takes a long time to fly from Beijing to South Africa.

为什么 為什麼

wèishénme why? / for what reason?

> 为什么是我?
> Wèishénme shì wǒ?
> Why me?

右

yòu right / right-hand side / to help / to assist / to protect / (politics) right of center / (old) west / the right side as the side of precedence / to honor / to esteem / to favor

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介绍 介紹

jièshào to introduce (sb to sb) / to present (sb for a job etc) / introduction / to give a presentation

> 我介绍一下。
> Wǒ jièshào yíxià.
> Let me introduce it.

那样 那樣

nàyàng that kind / that sort

> 那样是错的。
> Nàyàng shì cuò de.
> That was wrong.

药

yào medicine / drug / to poison / substance used for a specific purpose (e.g. poisoning, explosion, fermenting) / to treat with medicine / to cure / leaf of the iris

> 你吃过药了吗?
> Nǐ chīguo yào le ma?
> Have you taken your medicine?

周

zhōu week / weekly / Zhou Dynasty (1046–256 BC) / to help financially / to make a circuit / to circle / circle / circumference / lap / cycle / complete / all / all over / thorough / surname Zhou

> 这周我非常忙。
> Zhè zhōu wǒ fēicháng máng.
> I'm very busy this week.

身体 身體

shēntǐ one's health / the body

> 我身体很好。
> Wǒ shēntǐ hěn hǎo.
> I'm healthy.

考试 考試

kǎoshì exam / to take an exam

> 你什么时候考试?
> Nǐ shénme shíhou kǎoshì?
> When are you taking your exam?

机场 機場

jīchǎng airport / airfield / service provider for Shadowsocks or similar software for circumventing Internet censorship

> 到机场有多远?
> Dào jīchǎng yǒu duō yuǎn?
> How far is it to the airport?

画 畫

huà picture / painting / to draw / to paint / to draw (a line) (variant of 劃|划[hua4]) / stroke of a Chinese character (variant of 劃|划[hua4]) / horizontal stroke (variant of 劃|划[hua4])

> 他画了一只狗。
> Tā huà le yìzhī gǒu.
> He painted a dog.

游

yóu to swim / to walk / to tour / to roam / to travel / to associate with / to consort / surname You

liú pendant streamer on a banner

> 他游得很好。
> Tā yóu de hěn hǎo.
> He swims well.

经常 經常

jīngcháng frequently / constantly / regularly / often / day-to-day / everyday / daily

> 您经常去吗?
> Nín jīngcháng qù ma?
> Do you go often?

姓

xìng family name / surname / to be surnamed ...

> 他姓王，对吧?
> Tā xìng Wáng, duì ba?
> His surname is Wang, isn't it?

外国 外國

wàiguó foreign country

> 我想去外国。
> Wǒ xiǎng qù wàiguó.
> I want to go abroad.

有时 有時

yǒushí sometimes / now and then

> 他有时看电视。
> Tā yǒushí kàn diànshì.
> He sometimes watches TV.

进来 進來

jìnlái to come in

> 请进来。
> Qǐng jìnlái.
> Please come in.

肉

ròu meat / flesh / pulp (of a fruit) / (of a fruit) squashy / flabby / irresolute / Kangxi radical 130

> 你们吃肉吗?
> Nǐmen chī ròu ma?
> Do you eat meat?

帮 幫

bāng to help / to assist / to support / for sb (i.e. as a help) / hired (as worker) / group / gang / clique / party / secret society / side (of pail, boat etc) / outer layer / upper (of a shoe)

> 我帮你吧。
> Wǒ bāng nǐ ba.
> Let me help you.

错 錯

cuò wrong / bad / mistake / interlocking / complex / to alternate / to stagger / to miss / to let slip / to evade / to grind / to polish / to inlay with gold or silver / surname Cuo / whetstone for jade / file

> 我想错了。
> Wǒ xiǎng cuòle.
> I was mistaken. → What I thought was wrong.

楼 樓

lóu floor / house with more than 1 story / storied building / surname Lou

> 我们在三楼。
> Wǒmen zài sān lóu.
> We're on the third floor.

回去

huíqu to return / to go back

> 你几点回去?
> Nǐ jǐdiǎn huíqu?
> What time are you going back?