CHINESE BOOST

HSK 3 Chinese vocabulary list, part 5

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 48 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 3 Chinese vocabulary list, part 5 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

树 樹
shù tree / to set up / to cultivate

> 他在树下睡觉。
> Tā zài shù xià shuìjiào.
> He was sleeping under the tree.

检查 檢查
jiǎnchá to examine / to inspect / inspection

> 医生在检查脚。
> Yīshēng zài jiǎnchá jiǎo.
> The doctor is examining the foot.

西南
xīnán southwest

> 明天西南方向会下大雨吗?
> Míngtiān xīnán fāngxiàng huì xià dàyǔ ma?
> Will it rain heavily in the southwest tomorrow?

最近
zuìjìn recently / nearest / soon

> 你最近怎样?
> Nǐ zuìjìn zěnyàng?
> How are you getting along these days?

同意
tóngyì to agree / to consent / to approve

> 你不同意吗?
> Nǐ bù tóngyì ma?
> Don't you agree?

关注 關注
guānzhù to pay attention to / to follow sth closely / to follow (on social media) / concern / interest / attention

> 谢谢您的关注。
> Xièxie nín de guānzhù.
> Thank you for your attention.

常常
chángcháng frequently / often

> 他常常上电视。
> Tā chángcháng shàng diànshì.
> He often appears on TV.

遇到
yùdào to meet / to run into / to come across

> 你遇到了我。
> Nǐ yùdàole wǒ.
> You bumped into me.

腿
tuǐ leg

> 他的腿很长。
> Tā de tuǐ hěn cháng.
> He has long legs.

欢迎 歡迎
huānyíng to welcome / welcome

> 中国欢迎你!
> Zhōngguó huānyíng nǐ!
> Welcome to China!

照
zhào to shine / to illuminate / to take (a photo) / photo / according to / in accordance with / to reflect / to look at (one's reflection) / as before / as requested

> 照他说的做!
> Zhào tā shuō de zuò!
> Do as he says.

的话 的話
dehuà if (coming after a conditional clause)

> 你这样的话我就走了。
> Nǐ zhèyàng dehuà wǒ jiù zǒule.
> If you're going to be like this, I'll just leave.

太阳 太陽
tàiyang sun / sunlight / sunshine / temple (on the side of the human head) (abbr. for 太陽穴|太阳穴[tai4 yang2 xue2])

> 太阳出来了。
> Tàiyang chūláile.
> Sunshine appeared.

年轻 年輕
niánqīng young

> 他比我年轻。
> Tā bǐ wǒ niánqīng.
> He's younger than me.

页 頁

yè page / leaf
xié head

这本书少了两页。
Zhè běn shū shǎole liǎng yè.
Two pages are missing from this book.

只是

zhǐshì merely / only / just / nothing but / simply / but / however

她只是个孩子。
Tā zhǐshì gè háizi.
She is no more than a child.

担心 擔心

dānxīn anxious / worried / uneasy / to worry / to be anxious

不要担心它。
Búyào dānxīn tā.
Don't worry about it.

节 節

jié seasonal festival / section / segment / to economize / to save / joint / node / matter; detail / rhythm; beat / moral integrity / chastity / solar term (one of the 24 divisions of the year in the traditional Chinese calendar) / knot (nautical miles per hour) / to abridge; to excerpt / classifier for segments: lessons, train wagons, biblical verses etc
jiē see 節骨眼|节骨眼[jie1 gu5 yan3]

英语是第三节。
Yīngyǔ shì dìsān jié.
English is third period.

网站 網站

wǎngzhàn website

这网站真好!
Zhè wǎngzhàn zhēn hǎo!
This site is amazing!

认真 認真

rènzhēn conscientious / earnest / serious / to take seriously / to take to heart

我是认真的。
Wǒ shì rènzhēn de.
I'm serious.

不久

bùjiǔ not long (after) / before too long / soon / soon after

我希望不久以后你又能好起来。
Wǒ xīwàng bùjiǔ yǐhòu nǐ yòu néng hǎo qǐlai.
I hope you will be quite well again before long.

游客 遊客

yóukè traveler / tourist / guest player

只有游客才这么做。
Zhǐyǒu yóukè cái zhème zuò.
The only people who do this are tourists.

公园 公園

gōngyuán park (for public recreation)

我在公园里走。
Wǒ zài gōngyuán lǐ zǒu.
I'm walking in the park.

习惯 習慣

xíguàn to be used to / habit / custom / usual practice

你会习惯的。
Nǐ huì xíguàn de.
You'll get used to it.

刚刚 剛剛

gānggang just recently / just a moment ago

我刚刚吃完。
Wǒ gānggang chī wán.
I have just finished eating.

不但

bùdàn not only (... but also ...)

室

shì room / family or clan / work unit / grave / scabbard / one of the 28 constellations of Chinese astronomy / surname Shi

你家是几室几厅的?
Nǐ jiā shì jǐ shì jǐ tīng de?
How many bedrooms and living rooms does your home have?

骑 騎

qí to ride (a horse, bike etc) / to sit astride / classifier for saddle horses
jì saddle horse / mounted soldier

昨天我第一次骑了马。
Zuótiān wǒ dìyīcì qíle mǎ.
I rode a horse for the first time yesterday.

老人

lǎorén old man or woman / the elderly / one's aged parents or grandparents

老人坐了下来。
Lǎorén zuòle xiàlai.
The old man sat down.

借

jiè to borrow / (used in combination with 給|给[gei3] or 出[chu1] etc) to lend / (sometimes followed by 著|着[zhe5]) by / with / to make use of / to avail oneself of

也借我用吧!
Yě jiè wǒ yòng ba!
Lend it to me too!

办公室 辦公室

bàngōngshì office / business premises

回办公室去。
Huí bàngōngshì qù.
Go back to the office.

别的 別的

biéde else / other

我想吃别的。
Wǒ xiǎng chī biéde.
I want to eat something else.

东南 東南

dōngnán southeast

超市在公园的东南边。
Chāoshì zài gōngyuán de dōngnán biān.
The supermarket is southeast of the park.

练 練

liàn to train / to practice / to boil and scour raw silk / exercise / white silk / to drill / to perfect (one's skill)

爬

pá to climb / to crawl / to get up or sit up

bà harrow / to harrow

> 他爬上了富士山。
> Tā pá shàng le Fùshì Shān.
> He climbed Mt. Fuji.

东方 東方

dōngfāng east / the East / the Orient / two-character surname Dongfang

> 飞机飞向东方。
> Fēijī fēi xiàng dōngfāng.
> The plane flew east.

兴趣 興趣

xìngqù interest (desire to know about sth) / interest (thing in which one is interested) / hobby

> 他还有兴趣吗?
> Tā háiyǒu xìngqù ma?
> Is he still interested?

病人

bìngrén sick person / patient / invalid

> 医生检查了病人。
> Yīshēng jiǎnchále bìngrén.
> The doctor examined the patients.

奇怪

qíguài strange / odd / to marvel / to be baffled

> 我很奇怪吗?
> Wǒ hěn qíguài ma?
> Am I strange or what?

出发 出發

chūfā to set off / to start (on a journey)

> 火车6点出发。
> Huǒchē liù diǎn chūfā.
> The train leaves at 6 o'clock.

放心

fàngxīn to feel relieved / to feel reassured / to be at ease

> 放心，没事的。
> Fàngxīn, méishì de.
> Come on, everything will be all right.

北方

běifāng north / the northern part a country / China north of the Yellow River

> 北方的立夏还不太热吧?
> Běifāng de Lìxià hái bú tài rè ba?
> It's not very hot yet in the north at Lixia, is it?

夏天

xiàtiān summer

> 夏天过去了。
> Xiàtiān guòqù le.
> The summer is over.

校长 校長

xiàozhǎng president / headmaster

> 他一定是校长。
> Tā yídìng shì xiàozhǎng.
> He must be the principal.

鸡 雞

jī chicken / prostitute / fowl

> 我经常吃鸡。
> Wǒ jīngcháng chī jī.
> I often eat chicken.

挺

tǐng quite / very / to stick out (a part of the body) / to (physically) straighten up / straight / erect / to support / to withstand / outstanding / classifier for machine guns

> 天气挺冷的。
> Tiānqì tǐng lěng de.
> It's pretty cold.

南方

nánfāng south / southern direction / southern regions, often referring to areas south of the Yangtze River

> 他飞到南方。
> Tā fēi dào nánfāng.
> He took off to the south.

纸 紙

zhǐ paper / classifier for documents, letters etc

> 我们需要纸。
> Wǒmen xūyào zhǐ.
> We need paper.

试 試

shì to test / to try / examination / test / experiment

> 我试过。
> Wǒ shìguo.
> I've tried that.

方便

fāngbiàn convenient / suitable / to facilitate / to make things easy / to relieve oneself / having money to spare

> 这方便得多了。
> Zhè fāngbiàn de duō le.
> It's much more convenient.