CHINESE BOOST

HSK 4 Chinese vocabulary list, part 14

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 47 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 4 Chinese vocabulary list, part 14 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

凉 涼

liáng desolate / bleak / cold / to catch a chill / the five Liang of the Sixteen Kingdoms, namely: Former Liang 前涼|前凉 (314-376), Later Liang 後涼|后凉 (386-403), Northern Liang 北涼|北凉 (398-439), Southern Liang 南涼|南凉[Nan2 Liang2] (397-414), Western Liang 西涼|西凉 (400-421) / disheartened / disappointed / cool / for keeping cool in hot weather
liàng to let sth cool down

> 天气转凉了。
> Tiānqì zhuǎn liángle.
> The weather became colder.

庆祝 慶祝

qìngzhù to celebrate

> 你是怎样庆祝生日的?
> Nǐ shì zěnyàng qìngzhù shēngrì de?
> How did you celebrate your birthday?

例子

lìzi example / instance / case

> 给我个例子。
> Gěi wǒ gè lìzi.
> Show me an example.

报名 報名

bàomíng to sign up / to enter one's name / to apply / to register / to enroll / to enlist

> 我怎样报名参加呢?
> Wǒ zěnyàng bàomíng cānjiā ne?
> How do I sign up?

报考 報考

bàokǎo to enter oneself for an examination

> 你想报考双一流大学吗?
> Nǐ xiǎng bàokǎo Shuāngyīliú dàxué ma?
> Do you want to apply to a Double First-Class university?

脾气 脾氣

píqi character / temperament / disposition / bad temper

> 她脾气有点坏。
> Tā píqi yǒudiǎn huài.
> She has a bit of a bad temper.

旅客

lǚkè traveler / tourist

> 有位旅客问我去车站怎么走。
> Yǒu wèi lǚkè wèn wǒ qù chēzhàn zěnme zǒu.
> A tourist asked me how to get to the station.

对面 對面

duìmiàn opposite / across (the street etc) / face to face / directly in front of one / up ahead

> 他们住在河对面。
> Tāmen zhù zài hé duìmiàn.
> They live across the river.

订 訂

dìng to order / to subscribe to (a newspaper etc) / to agree / to conclude / to draw up

> 订机票了吗?
> Dìng jīpiào le ma?
> Have you already booked our seats on a plane?

熊

xióng bear / surname Xiong / to scold / to rebuke / weak / incapable

> 看看那边的树熊。
> Kànkan nàbian de shù Xióng.
> Look at that koala over there.

高温 高溫

gāowēn high temperature

> 高温天气让很多河都干了。
> Gāowēn tiānqì ràng hěn duō hé dōu gānle.
> The hot weather has dried up many rivers.

打败 打敗

dǎbài to defeat / to overpower / to beat / to be defeated

> 你打败了他。
> Nǐ dǎbàile tā.
> You've defeated him.

减轻 減輕

jiǎnqīng to lighten / to ease / to alleviate

> 痛开始减轻了。
> Tòng kāishǐ jiǎnqīngle.
> The pain has started to ease now.

友谊 友誼
yǒuyì companionship / fellowship / friendship

> 友谊与快乐不可分。
> Yǒuyì yǔ kuàilè bùkě fēn.
> Friendship and happiness cannot be separated.

茶叶 茶葉
cháyè tea / tea leaves

> 这包茶叶一共有两百五十克。
> Zhè bāo cháyè yígòng yǒu liǎng bǎi wǔshí kè.
> This bag of tea leaves weighs two hundred and fifty grams in total.

夜晚
yèwǎn night

> 夜晚一定下了雨。
> Yèwǎn yídìng xià le yǔ.
> It must have rained during the night.

航班
hángbān flight / (scheduled) sailing

> 我的航班晚点了。
> Wǒ de hángbān wǎndiǎn le.
> My flight was delayed.

美好
měihǎo beautiful / fine

> 世界真美好。
> Shìjiè zhēn měihǎo.
> The world is beautiful.

有趣
yǒuqù interesting / fascinating / amusing

> 今天很有趣。
> Jīntiān hěn yǒuqù.
> Today was fun.

目的地
mùdìdì destination (location)

> 我们快到目的地了吗?
> Wǒmen kuài dào mùdìdì le ma?
> Are we almost at our destination?

力气 力氣
lìqi physical strength

> 我没力气了。
> Wǒ méi lìqi le.
> I have no strength.

得意
déyì proud of oneself / pleased with oneself / complacent

> 他得意地说自己赢了。
> Tā déyì de shuō zìjǐ yíngle.
> He said, pleased with himself, that he had won.

勇敢
yǒnggǎn brave / courageous

> 你非常勇敢。
> Nǐ fēicháng yǒnggǎn.
> You are very brave.

困
kùn sleepy / tired / to trap / to surround / hard-pressed / stranded / destitute

> 我被工作困住了。
> Wǒ bèi gōngzuò kùn zhùle.
> I'm stuck in my job.

客气 客氣
kèqi polite / courteous / formal / modest

> 请不要客气。
> Qǐng búyào kèqi.
> Please make yourself at home.

回忆 回憶
huíyì to recall / memories

> 你能回忆起那天的事吗?
> Nǐ néng huíyì qǐ nàtiān de shì ma?
> Can you recall what happened that day?

起到
qǐdào (in an expression of the form 起到[qi3 dao4] + ... + 作用[zuo4 yong4]) to have (a (motivating etc) effect) / to play (a (stabilizing etc) role)

> 音乐能起到放松的作用。
> Yīnyuè néng qǐdào fàngsōng de zuòyòng.
> Music can play a relaxing role.

伤心 傷心
shāngxīn to grieve / to be broken-hearted / to feel deeply hurt

> 我有时会感到伤心。
> Wǒ yǒushí huì gǎndào shāngxīn.
> I feel sad sometimes.

顾客 顧客
gùkè customer / client

> 今天顾客比较少。
> Jīntiān gùkè bǐjiào shǎo.
> There's not very many customers today.

偶尔 偶爾
ǒu'ěr occasionally / once in a while / sometimes

> 它偶尔会发生。
> Tā ǒu'ěr huì fāshēng.
> It happens occasionally.

硕士 碩士
shuòshì master's degree / person who has a master's degree / learned person

> 你为什么想读硕士?
> Nǐ wèishénme xiǎng dú shuòshì?
> Why do you want to do a master's degree?

平常
píngcháng usually / ordinarily / ordinary / common

> 我比平常晚到。
> Wǒ bǐ píngcháng wǎn dào.
> I arrived later than usual.

便于 便於
biànyú easy to / convenient for

自信
zìxìn to have confidence in oneself / self-confidence

> 你必须得自信。
> Nǐ bìxū děi zìxìn.
> You have to have confidence.

少量
shǎoliàng a smidgen / a little bit / a few

> 杯子里只剩少量的水。
> Bēizi lǐ zhǐ shèng shǎoliàng de shuǐ.
> There is only a little bit of water left in the cup.

获取 獲取
huòqǔ to gain / to get / to acquire

> 你可以在网上获取信息。
> Nǐ kěyǐ zài wǎngshàng huòqǔ xìnxī.
> You can get the information online.

优点 優點
yōudiǎn merit / benefit / strong point / advantage

早晨
zǎochén early morning

> 他每天早晨8点起床。
> Tā měitiān zǎochén bā diǎn qǐchuáng.
> He gets up at 8 a.m. every morning.

放松 放鬆
fàngsōng to relax / to slacken / to loosen

> 你最好放松。
> Nǐ zuìhǎo fàngsōng.
> You'd better take it easy.

顺序 順序
shùnxù sequence / order

> 照片按时间顺序放好了。
> Zhàopiān àn shíjiān shùnxù fàng hǎole.
> The photos are arranged in chronological order.

亲戚 親戚
qīnqi a relative (i.e. family relation)

> 我们不是她的亲戚。
> Wǒmen bú shì tā de qīnqi.
> We are not her relatives.

胳膊
gēbo arm

咳嗽
késou to cough

> 咳嗽什么帮好起来?
> Késou shénme bāng hǎo qǐlai?
> What helps cure a cough?

失望
shīwàng disappointed / to lose hope / to despair

> 你们失望吗?
> Nǐmen shīwàng ma?
> Are you disappointed?

烦 煩
fán to bother / to trouble / to feel vexed / edgy / superfluous and confusing

> 你烦到我了!
> Nǐ fán dào wǒ le!
> You're annoying me!

辛苦
xīnkǔ exhausting / hard / tough / arduous / to work hard / to go to a lot of trouble / hardship(s)

> 大家辛苦了!
> Dàjiā xīnkǔle!
> Good job, everyone!

家乡 家鄉
jiāxiāng hometown / native place

> 台湾是我的家乡。
> Táiwān shì wǒ de jiāxiāng.
> Taiwan is my home.

巧
qiǎo skillful / opportunely / coincidentally / as it happens / timely

> 你来得真巧，饭刚做好。
> Nǐ láide zhēn qiǎo, fàn gāng zuò hǎo.
> You came at just the right time, the meal is just ready.

赢得 贏得
yíngdé to win / to gain

> 我还要赢得更多。
> Wǒ hái yào yíngdé gèng duō.
> I still need to win more.

叶子 葉子
yèzi leaf / marijuana

> 树长叶子了。
> Shù zhǎng yèzi le.
> The tree has grown leaves.