CHINESE BOOST

HSK 4 Chinese vocabulary list, part 6

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 48 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 4 Chinese vocabulary list, part 6 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

空
kōng empty / in vain / air / sky
kòng vacant / unoccupied / leisure / free time / space / to empty
kǒng hole / cavity / opening / acupoint

> 冰箱是空的。
> Bīngxiāng shì kōng de.
> The fridge is empty.

往往
wǎngwǎng usually / in many cases / more often than not

> 他开会往往会迟到。
> Tā kāihuì wǎngwǎng huì chídào.
> He tends to be late for meetings.

解释 解釋
jiěshì to explain / to interpret / explanation / to resolve

> 你不用解释。
> Nǐ búyòng jiěshì.
> You don't have to explain.

教授
jiàoshòu professor
jiāoshòu to teach (a subject)

> 她是一名教授。
> Tā shì yì míng jiàoshòu.
> She's a professor.

减少 減少
jiǎnshǎo to lessen / to decrease / to reduce / to lower

> 他们要求减少工作时长。
> Tāmen yāoqiú jiǎnshǎo gōngzuò shí cháng.
> They demand a reduction in working hours.

考生
kǎoshēng exam candidate / student whose name has been put forward for an exam

> 考生请在外面等一下。
> Kǎoshēng qǐng zài wàimiàn děng yíxià.
> Candidates, please wait outside for a moment.

各地
gèdì in all parts of (a country) / various regions

> 我们游遍全国各地。
> Wǒmen yóu biàn quánguó gèdì.
> We travelled all over the country.

本来 本來
běnlái originally / at first / it goes without saying / of course / original

> 你本来可以做的。
> Nǐ běnlái kěyǐ zuò de.
> You could have done it.

有效
yǒuxiào effective / in effect / valid

尤其
yóuqí especially / particularly

> 尤其是要注意你吃的和喝的东西。
> Yóuqí shì yào zhùyì nǐ chī de hé hē de dōngxi.
> You have to pay special attention to what you eat and drink.

尽管 儘管
jǐnguǎn despite / although / even though / in spite of / unhesitatingly / do not hesitate (to ask, complain etc) / without hesitating

> 你可以尽管放心。
> Nǐ kěyǐ jǐnguǎn fàngxīn.
> You can depend on it.

底
dǐ end of a year or month / bottom / base / background / foundation / radix / base (abbr. for 底數|底数[di3 shu4]) / copy (of a manuscript or receipt etc) kept as a record / to reach / to arrive at / background of a pattern or design / (literary) what; where / this / such / so
de (equivalent to 的 as possessive particle)

> 他经常看杯底。
> Tā jīngcháng kàn bēi dǐ.
> He often sees the bottom of the glass.

生命
shēngmìng life (as the characteristic of living beings) / living being / creature

> 水就是生命。
> Shuǐ jiùshì shēngmìng.
> Water is life.

数量 數量
shùliàng amount / quantity / quantitative / scalar quantity

> 但是，数量不对。
> Dànshì, shùliàng bú duì.
> However, the quantity was not correct.

装 裝

zhuāng to install / to pretend / to load / costume (of an actor in a play) / dress / clothing / to wrap (sth in a bag) / to pack / to play a role / adornment / to adorn / to fix

> 我们往车里装了很多行李。
> Wǒmen wǎng chē lǐ zhuāngle hěn duō xíngli.
> We loaded a lot of luggage into the car.

也许 也許

yěxǔ perhaps / maybe

> 她也许会来。
> Tā yěxǔ huì lái.
> She might come.

气候 氣候

qìhòu climate / climate / prevailing conditions (in human affairs)

> 你最喜欢什么气候?
> Nǐ zuì xǐhuan shénme qìhòu?
> What's your favorite climate?

普通

pǔtōng common / ordinary / general / average

> 那个名字很普通吗?
> Nàge míngzi hěn pǔtōng ma?
> Is that a common name?

文章

wénzhāng article / essay / literary works / writings / hidden meaning

> 你看文章了没?
> Nǐ kàn wénzhāng le méi?
> You read the paper?

谈 談

tán to speak / to talk / to converse / to chat / to discuss / surname Tan

> 别谈这种事。
> Bié tán zhèzhǒng shì.
> Don't talk about such a thing.

图片 圖片

túpiàn picture / photograph

> 我会给你看图片。
> Wǒ huì gěi nǐ kàn túpiàn.
> I will show you the picture.

期

qī phase / term / stage / cycle / fixed time / deadline / due date / to hope / period / a period of time / classifier for issues of a periodical, courses of study / time / period / to arrange a time / to agree on a date
jī a full year or a full month

> 汉语班第二期下周开始。
> Hànyǔ bān dì'èr qī xiàzhōu kāishǐ.
> The second session of the Chinese class starts next week.

挂 掛

guà to hang / to suspend (from a hook etc) / classifier for sets or clusters of objects / to register (at a hospital) / to make an appointment (with a doctor) / to fail (an exam) / to hang up (the phone) / (of a line) to be dead / to be worried / to be concerned / to make a phone call / to kill; to die; to be finished

> 请先不要挂上电话。
> Qǐng xiān búyào guà shàng diànhuà.
> Please do not hang up the phone.

留

liú to stay / to remain / to leave (a message etc) / to retain / to keep / to preserve

> 他留长头发吗?
> Tā liú zhǎng tóufa ma?
> Does he have long hair?

教师 教師

jiàoshī teacher

> 他是个教师。
> Tā shì gè jiàoshī.
> He is a teacher.

竟然

jìngrán unexpectedly / to one's surprise / in spite of everything / in that crazy way / actually / to go as far as to

食品

shípǐn foodstuff / food / provisions

> 注意你们的食品。
> Zhùyì nǐmen de shípǐn.
> Pay attention to your food.

举 舉

jǔ to cite / to enumerate / to lift / to hold up / to raise / to choose / to elect / to act / act / move / deed / all / entirely

> 她觉得自己好像被举起来了。
> Tā juéde zìjǐ hǎoxiàng bèi jǔ qǐlaile.
> She felt as if she was being lifted up.

对方 對方

duìfāng the other person / the other side / the other party

> 他们不太认识对方。
> Tāmen bú tài rènshi duìfāng.
> They don't know each other very well.

讨论 討論

tǎolùn to discuss / to talk over

> 开始讨论吧。
> Kāishǐ tǎolùn ba.
> Let the discussions begin.

即使

jíshǐ even if / even though

> 即使下雨我也会去那里。
> Jíshǐ xiàyǔ wǒ yě huì qù nàli.
> I will go there even if it rains.

证明 證明

zhèngmíng to prove / to testify / to confirm the truth of / proof / certificate / identification / testimonial

> 你无法证明。
> Nǐ wúfǎ zhèngmíng.
> You can't prove that.

院长 院長

yuànzhǎng the head of an institution whose name ends in 院[yuan4] / chair of a board / university president / college dean / premier of the Republic of China

> 你见过我们学校的院长吗?
> Nǐ jiànguo wǒmen xuéxiào de yuànzhǎng ma?
> Have you ever met the dean of our school?

错误 錯誤

cuòwù error / mistake / mistaken / false / wrong

> 它是我们的错误。
> Tā shì wǒmen de cuòwù.
> It's our fault.

云

yún cloud / short name for Yunnan 雲南|云南[Yun2 nan2] / surname Yun / to say / particle (filler or emphatic)

> 今天的云比昨天多。
> Jīntiān de Yún bǐ zuótiān duō.
> There's more cloud today than yesterday.

推

tuī to push / to push forward / to put off / to delay / to shirk (responsibility) / to cut / to refuse / to reject / to decline / to nominate / to elect / massage

> 我们推了车。
> Wǒmen tuīle chē.
> We gave the car a push.

高速

gāosù high speed / expressway (abbr. for 高速公路[gao1 su4 gong1 lu4])

> 我们开车上高速吧。
> Wǒmen kāichē shàng gāosù ba.
> Let's drive onto the expressway.

克

kè to be able to / to overcome / abbr. for 克羅埃西亞|克罗埃西亚[Ke4 luo2 ai1 xi1 ya4], Croatia / Tibetan unit of land area, about 6 ares / Ke (c. 2000 BC), seventh of the legendary Flame Emperors, 炎帝[Yan2 di4] descended from Shennong 神農|神农[Shen2 nong2] Farmer God / gram / to subdue / to restrain / to subdue / to overthrow / to restrain

> 我想买三百克牛肉，多少钱?
> Wǒ xiǎng mǎi sānbǎi kè niúròu, duōshǎo qián?
> I'd like to buy three hundred grams of beef. How much is it?

例如

lìrú for example / for instance / such as

> 很多城市很漂亮，例如杭州。
> Hěn duō chéngshì hěn piàoliang, lìrú Hángzhōu.
> Many cities are beautiful, for example Hangzhou.

肯定

kěndìng assuredly / definitely / to be certain / to be positive / to give recognition / to affirm / affirmative (answer)

> 我不能肯定。
> Wǒ bùnéng kěndìng.
> I can't be positive.

难道 難道

nándào don't tell me ... / could it be that...?

> 难道不是这样吗?
> Nándào bú shì zhèyàng ma?
> Is this not so?

接着 接著

jiēzhe to catch and hold on / to continue / to go on to do sth / to follow / to carry on / then / after that / subsequently / to proceed / to ensue / in turn / in one's turn

> 他们一个接着一个地离开了。
> Tāmen yí gè jiēzhe yí gè de líkāile.
> They left one after another.

片

piàn thin piece / flake / a slice / to slice / to carve thin / classifier for slices, tablets, tract of land, area of water / film / TV play / classifier for CDs, movies, DVDs etc / partial / incomplete / one-sided / part of a whole / zone / section of a larger area / used with numeral 一[yi1]: classifier for scenario, scene, feeling, atmosphere, sound etc / Kangxi radical 91

piān disk / sheet / photo

> 这片自然保护区有多大?
> Zhè piàn zìránbǎohùqū yǒu duō dà?
> How big is this nature reserve?

正确 正確

zhèngquè correct / sound / right / proper

> 你完全正确。
> Nǐ wánquán zhèngquè.
> You are absolutely right.

复杂 複雜

fùzá complicated / complex

> 它有多复杂?
> Tā yǒu duō fùzá?
> How complex is it?

江

jiāng surname Jiang / Jiangsu Province (abbr. for 江蘇|江苏[Jiang1 su1]) / Yangtze River / river

> 我邻居姓江，是位医生。
> Wǒ línjū xìng Jiāng, shì wèi yīshēng.
> My neighbor's surname is Jiang, and she is a doctor.

重视 重視

zhòngshì to attach importance to sth / to value

> 他很重视老师的建议。
> Tā hěn zhòngshì lǎoshī de jiànyì.
> He valued the professor's advice.

压力 壓力

yālì pressure

> 我最近压力有点大。
> Wǒ zuìjìn yālì yǒudiǎn dà.
> I've been under a lot of pressure lately.

抱

bào to hold / to carry (in one's arms) / to hug / to embrace / to cherish / to surround / (of clothes) to fit nicely

> 我抱不起他。
> Wǒ bào bù qǐ tā.
> I cannot lift him.

到底

dàodǐ on earth / exactly / in the world / to the end / to the last / finally / in the end / when all is said and done / after all

> 你到底是谁?
> Nǐ dàodǐ shì shéi?
> Who are you, anyway?