CHINESE BOOST

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list, part 14

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 49 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list, part 14 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

秘书 秘書
mìshū secretary

秘书被炒了。
Mìshū bèi chǎole.
The secretary was dismissed.

福
fú happiness / good fortune / luck / surname Fu
fù to store up / to match / to accord with

施比受更有福。
Shī bǐ shòu gèng yǒu Fú.
It is more blessed to give than to receive.

前来 前來
qiánlái to come (formal) / before / previously

他七年前来日本。
Tā qī nián qiánlái Rìběn.
He came to Japan seven years ago.

注重
zhùzhòng to pay attention to / to emphasize

这位老师特别注重学生的口语。
Zhèwèi lǎoshī tèbié zhùzhòng xuésheng de kǒuyǔ.
This teacher places particular emphasis on students' spoken language.

顺 順
shùn to follow / to obey / favorable / to arrange / to make reasonable / along

最近工作很顺，我心情不错。
Zuìjìn gōngzuò hěn shùn, wǒ xīnqíng búcuò.
Work has been going smoothly lately, so I'm in a good mood.

激烈
jīliè (of competition or fighting) intense / fierce / acute / (of an expression of opinion) impassioned / vehement / drastic / extreme

两只狗打得非常激烈。
Liǎng zhī gǒu dǎ de fēicháng jīliè.
The two dogs fought fiercely.

据说 據說
jùshuō it is said that / reportedly

据说她爱他。
Jùshuō tā ài tā.
It's said that she loves him.

药品 藥品
yàopǐn medicaments / medicine / drug

请在这里写下药品的名称。
Qǐng zài zhèlǐ xiěxià yàopǐn de míngchēng.
Please write down the name of the medicine here.

反复 反復
fǎnfù to repeat over and over / to go back and forth / to relapse

或是
huòshì or / either one or the other

坐地铁或是打车都可以。
Zuò dìtiě huòshì dǎchē dōu kěyǐ.
Taking the subway or a taxi are both fine.

刺激
cìjī to provoke / to irritate / to upset / to stimulate / to excite / irritant

烟对眼睛是一种刺激。
Yān duì yǎnjing shì yìzhǒng cìjī.
Smoke is an irritant to the eyes.

灰
huī ash / dust / lime / discouraged / dejected / gray

他会让你吃灰的。
Tā huì ràng nǐ chī huī de.
He will make you eat dirt.

含有
hányǒu to contain / including

这种饮料含有很多糖。
Zhèzhǒng yǐnliào hányǒu hěn duōtáng.
This drink contains a lot of sugar.

浅 淺
qiǎn shallow / not close (of relationships) / light (color) / superficial / limited (of learning or insight) / simple / easy to understand / short (of time)
jiān sound of moving water

这条河浅吗?
Zhè tiáo hé qiǎn ma?
Is this river shallow?

斜
xié oblique / inclined / slanting / tilting

他把帽子斜着戴在头上。
Tā bǎ màozi xiézhe dài zài tóushàng.
He wears his hat slanted on his head.

挑
tiāo to carry on a shoulder pole / classifier for loads carried on a shoulder pole / to choose / to pick / to nitpick
tiǎo to raise / to dig up / to poke / to prick / to prop up on a pole / to incite / to stir up

> 这只狗挑了。
> Zhè zhī gǒu tiāole.
> This dog jumped.

商人
shāngrén merchant / businessman

> 我不相信商人。
> Wǒ bù xiāngxìn shāngrén.
> I don't trust businessmen.

有限
yǒuxiàn limited / finite

> 地球上的资源是有限的。
> Dìqiú shàng de zīyuán shì yǒuxiàn de.
> The resources on Earth are limited.

扇
shàn sliding, hinged or detachable flat part of sth / classifier for doors, windows etc / fan
shān to fan / to slap sb on the face

> 把这扇门打开。
> Bǎ zhè shàn mén dǎkāi.
> Open this door.

人工
réngōng artificial / manpower / manual work

> 最近人工越来越贵了。
> Zuìjìn réngōng yuèláiyuè guìle.
> Labor costs have been getting more and more expensive lately.

山区 山區
shānqū mountain area

> 去山区的路不太好走。
> Qù shānqū de lù bútàihǎo zǒu.
> The road to the mountain area is not easy to travel.

推广 推廣
tuīguǎng to extend / to spread / to popularize / generalization / promotion (of a product etc)

> 政府正在推广普通话。
> Zhèngfǔ zhèngzài tuīguǎng pǔtōnghuà.
> The government is promoting the use of Putonghua.

诗人 詩人
shīrén poet / bard

> 他只是个诗人。
> Tā zhǐshì gè shīrén.
> He is nothing but a poet.

享受
xiǎngshòu to enjoy / to live it up / pleasure

> 我还要享受更多。
> Wǒ hái yào xiǎngshòu gèng duō.
> I want to enjoy much more.

四周
sìzhōu all around

> 你在三或四周内就会习惯。
> Nǐ zài sān huò sìzhōu nèi jiù huì xíguàn.
> You'll get used to this in three or four weeks.

抽
chōu to draw out / to pull out from in between / to whip / to thrash / to shrink / to sprout / to bud / to remove part of the whole / to inhale (esp. smoke) / classifier for sheets (of tissues, wet wipes etc)

> 我爸爸每天抽一包烟。
> Wǒ bàba měitiān chōu yì bāo yān.
> My father smokes a pack of cigarettes a day.

预计 預計
yùjì to forecast / to predict / to estimate

> 飞机预计三点半到达。
> Fēijī yùjì sāndiǎn bàn dàodá.
> The plane is expected to arrive at half past three.

发明 發明
fāmíng to invent / an invention / to elucidate / to develop with insight

> 爱不过是发明。
> Ài búguò shì fāmíng.
> Love is only an invention.

排列
páiliè to arrange in order / permutation

> 请把这些书按大小排列好。
> Qǐng bǎ zhèxiē shū àn dàxiǎo páiliè hǎo.
> Please arrange these books in order of size.

滚 滾
gǔn to roll / to boil / Get lost! / to take a hike

> 给我滚出去!
> Gěi wǒ gǔn chūqù!
> Get out of here!

夫妇 夫婦
fūfù a (married) couple / husband and wife

> 我们是夫妇。
> Wǒmen shì fūfù.
> We are husband and wife.

配
pèi to fit / to match / to join / to mate / to deserve / to allocate / to mix / to make up (a prescription)

> 我配不上你。
> Wǒ pèi bú shàng nǐ.
> You're too good for me.

薄
báo thin / cold in manner / indifferent / weak / light / infertile
bó weak / frivolous / meager / to despise / ungenerous or unkind / to approach or near / slight / to belittle / to look down on / surname Bo
bò see 薄荷[bo4 he5]

> 穿那么薄会感冒的。
> Chuān nàme báo huì gǎnmào de.
> You'll catch cold in such thin clothing.

物理
wùlǐ physics / physical / relating to the material world

> 我这学期几乎没学物理。
> Wǒ zhè xuéqī jīhū méi xué wùlǐ.
> I haven't studied physics much all semester.

摇 摇
yáo to shake / to rock / to crank / to row / surname Yao

> 喝以前请先摇一摇瓶子。
> Hē yǐqián qǐng xiān yáo yì yáo píngzi.
> Please shake the bottle before drinking.

古老
gǔlǎo ancient / old / age-old

> 希腊是个古老的国家。
> Xīlà shì gè gǔlǎo de guójiā.
> Greece is an old country.

工艺 工藝
gōngyì arts and crafts / industrial arts

> 新工艺让手机更便宜了。
> Xīn gōngyì ràng shǒujī gèng piányile.
> The new manufacturing process has made phones cheaper.

身份
shēnfèn identity / aspect of one's identity (e.g. mayor, father, permanent resident) / role / capacity (as in "in his capacity as ..." 以[yi3] + ... + 的身份[de5 shen1 fen4]) / status (social, legal etc) / position / rank

> 他以总统的身份访问了日本。
> Tā yǐ zǒngtǒng de shēnfèn fǎngwènle Rìběn.
> He visited Japan in the character of President.

富
fù rich / wealthy / abundant / surname Fu

> 他们家很富，住大房子。
> Tāmen jiā hěn fù, zhù dà fángzi.
> Their family is rich and lives in a big house.

纪念 紀念
jìniàn to commemorate / to honor the memory of / memento / keepsake / souvenir

> 这本书送你做纪念。
> Zhè běn shū sòng nǐ zuò jìniàn.
> I'm giving you this book as a keepsake.

鼓
gǔ to swell / to strike / drum / to drum / to rouse / to bulge
fǔ to clap / to pat

> 我会打一点儿鼓。
> Wǒ huì dǎ yìdiǎnr gǔ.
> I can play a bit of the drums.

主题 主題
zhǔtí subject / theme

> 我熟悉这个主题。
> Wǒ shúxī zhège zhǔtí.
> I am familiar with this subject.

海外
hǎiwài overseas / abroad

> 他在海外工作了五年。
> Tā zài hǎiwài gōngzuòle wǔ nián.
> He worked overseas for five years.

地震
dìzhèn earthquake

> 我感觉到地震了。
> Wǒ gǎnjué dào dìzhèn le.
> I felt the earth shake.

富有
fùyǒu rich / wealthy / affluent / to be rich in / to be replete with

> 我哥哥很富有。
> Wǒ gēge hěn fùyǒu.
> My brother is rich.

即将 即將
jíjiāng about to / on the point of / soon

> 这即将成为历史。
> Zhè jíjiāng chéngwéi lìshǐ.
> This is going to become history.

中华民族 中華民族
zhōnghuámínzú the Chinese nation / the Chinese people (collective reference to all the ethnic groups in China)

> 中华民族是一个大家庭。
> Zhōnghuámínzú shì yí gè dàjiātíng.
> The Chinese people are one big family.

保险 保險
bǎoxiǎn insurance / to insure / safe / secure / be sure / be bound to

> 他给自己投了保险。
> Tā gěi zìjǐ tóule bǎoxiǎn.
> He insured himself.

眼泪 眼淚
yǎnlèi tear / teardrop

> 我在流眼泪。
> Wǒ zài liú yǎnlèi.
> My eyes are watering.

呼吸
hūxī to breathe / an instant / a moment

> 你在呼吸吗？
> Nǐ zài hūxī ma?
> Are you breathing?