CHINESE BOOST

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list, part 5

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 46 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list, part 5 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

巨大
jùdà huge / immense / enormous / gigantic

> 压力很巨大。
> Yālì hěn jùdà.
> The pressure was tremendous.

发表 發表
fābiǎo to issue / to publish

> 它发表在哪里?
> Tā fābiǎo zài nǎlǐ?
> Where was it published?

性质 性質
xìngzhì nature / characteristic

> 你能说说这份工作的性质吗?
> Nǐ néng shuō shuō zhè fèn gōngzuò de xìngzhì ma?
> Can you tell me about the nature of this job?

位置
wèizhi position / place / seat

> 他们的位置是?
> Tāmen de wèizhi shì?
> What's their location?

逐渐 逐漸
zhújiàn gradually

> 她逐渐开始明白。
> Tā zhújiàn kāishǐ míngbai.
> She gradually began to understand.

权利 權利
quánlì right (i.e. an entitlement to sth) / power and wealth

> 我们知道我们的权利。
> Wǒmen zhīdào wǒmen de quánlì.
> We know our rights.

训练 訓練
xùnliàn to train / to drill / training

> 要训练狗并不简单。
> Yào xùnliàn gǒu bìng bù jiǎndān.
> It is not easy to train dogs.

指导 指導
zhǐdǎo to guide / to direct / to instruct / coach / trainer

> 感谢您的指导!
> Gǎnxiè nín de zhǐdǎo!
> I am very grateful to you for your advice.

发布 發布
fābù to release / to issue / to announce / to distribute

> 政府今天发布了新的通知。
> Zhèngfǔ jīntiān fābùle xīn de tōngzhī.
> The government issued a new notice today.

从而 從而
cóng'ér thus / thereby

> 他认真复习，从而通过了考试。
> Tā rènzhēn fùxí, cóng'ér tōngguò le kǎoshì.
> He reviewed carefully and thereby passed the exam.

断 斷
duàn to break / to snap / to cut off / to judge / (usu. used in the negative) absolutely / definitely / decidedly / to give up or abstain from sth

> 她发现她已经断盐了。
> Tā fāxiàn tā yǐjīng duàn yán le.
> She discovered that she had run out of salt.

业务 業務
yèwù business / professional work / service

> 他对他的新业务感到紧张。
> Tā duì tā de xīn yèwù gǎndào jǐnzhāng.
> He was tense with his new business.

调 調
diào key (in music) / mode (music) / tune / melody / to investigate / to enquire into / to transfer / to move (troops or cadres) / to dispatch / accent / view / argument / tone / style / mood / to swap / to change
tiáo to adjust / to regulate / to season (food) / to harmonize / to reconcile / to blend / to suit well / to nurse back to health / to recuperate / to tease / to flirt with / to provoke / to incite
zhōu morning

> 我得把手表调快两分钟。
> Wǒ děi bǎ shǒubiǎo tiáo kuài liǎng fēnzhōng.
> I need to set my watch to two minutes faster.

状态 狀態
zhuàngtài condition / state / state of affairs

> 他状态真的很好。
> Tā zhuàngtài zhēnde hěn hǎo.
> He's really in good shape.

治疗 治療
zhìliáo medical treatment / therapy / to treat (an illness)

> 你必须坚持完成治疗。
> Nǐ bìxū jiānchí wánchéng zhìliáo.
> You must complete the treatment until the end.

反应 反應
fǎnyìng to react / to respond / reaction / response / reply / chemical reaction

> 她反应很快。
> Tā fǎnyìng hěn kuài.
> She has a very quick mind.

当年 當年
dāngnián in those days / back then / in those years / to be in the prime of life
dàngnián that very same year

> 当年他每天骑车去上班。
> Dāngnián tā měitiān qíchē qù shàngbān.
> Back then, he rode a bike to work every day.

宣布
xuānbù to declare / to announce / to proclaim

> 裁判员宣布比赛开始了。
> Cáipànyuán xuānbù bǐsài kāishǐle.
> The referee announced that the match had started.

恢复 恢復
huīfù to reinstate / to resume / to restore / to recover / to regain / to rehabilitate

> 爸爸恢复了健康。
> Bàba huīfùle jiànkāng.
> Father recovered his health.

事件
shìjiàn incident / event

> 这是个重要事件。
> Zhè shì gè zhòngyào shìjiàn.
> This is an important event.

治
zhì to treat (a disease) / to wipe out (a pest) / to rule / to govern / to manage / to control / to harness (a river) / to punish / to research

> 你的头痛治好了？
> Nǐ de tóutòng zhì hǎole?
> Is your headache gone?

权 權
quán right / power / authority / surname Quan / to weigh / steelyard weight / scales / expedient / temporary

经营 經營
jīngyíng to engage in (business etc) / to run / to operate

> 他的父母经营一家酒店。
> Tā de fùmǔ jīngyíng yìjiā jiǔdiàn.
> His parents ran a hotel.

广场 廣場
guǎngchǎng public square / plaza

> 我要去广场。
> Wǒ yào qù guǎngchǎng.
> I'm going to the square.

因素
yīnsù element / factor

> 诚实是他成功最重要的因素。
> Chéngshí shì tā chénggōng zuì zhòngyào de yīnsù.
> Honesty was the most important factor in his success.

队伍 隊伍
duìwǔ team / queue / line / procession / ranks / troops

> 我喜欢在队伍里。
> Wǒ xǐhuan zài duìwǔ lǐ.
> I like being on the team.

伤 傷
shāng to injure / injury / wound / to be sick of / to be made ill by overindulgence

> 他吃糖吃伤了。
> Tā chī táng chī shāngle.
> He was sick of eating candy.

架
jià frame / rack / framework / classifier for planes, large vehicles, radios etc / fight / quarrel / to support

> 我不想打这架。
> Wǒ bùxiǎng dǎ zhè jià.
> I don't want to have this fight.

双方 雙方
shuāngfāng bilateral / both sides / both parties involved

> 两国应该多考虑双方的共同利益。
> Liǎng guó yīnggāi duō kǎolǜ shuāngfāng de gòngtónglìyì.
> The two countries should think more about their common interests.

退
tuì to retreat / to withdraw / to reject / to return (sth) / to decline

> 这双鞋不合适，能退吗？
> Zhè shuāng xié bù héshì, néng tuì ma?
> These shoes don't fit well. Can I return them?

当地 當地
dāngdì local

> 你们当地有孔子学院吗？
> Nǐmen dāngdì yǒu Kǒngzǐxuéyuàn ma?
> Is there a Confucius Institute where you live?

生物
shēngwù organism / living creature / life form / biology (school subject) / biological / bio-

> 我教生物和法语。
> Wǒ jiāo shēngwù hé Fǎyǔ.
> I teach biology and French.

用户 用戶
yònghù user / consumer / subscriber / customer

方案
fāng'àn plan / program (for action etc) / proposal / proposed bill

> 她批准了我的方案。
> Tā pīzhǔnle wǒ de fāng'àn.
> She approved of my plan.

化
huà to change into / chemistry / chemical / to make into / to influence / to win over by teaching or example / to melt / to dissolve / to dispel / to transform / (of a monk or Daoist) to die / (of monks) to beg for alms / to burn to ashes / -ization / to ... -ize / surname Hua
huā to spend / to use up (variant of 花)

> 他想把坏事化为好事。
> Tā xiǎng bǎ huàishì huà wèi hǎoshì.
> He wants to turn a bad thing into a good one.

参与 參與
cānyù to participate (in sth)

> 我们正参与。
> Wǒmen zhèng cānyù.
> We're involved.

充分
chōngfèn ample / sufficient / adequate / full / fully / to the full

> 他充分利用他的机会。
> Tā chōngfèn lìyòng tā de jīhuì.
> He makes the most of his opportunities.

骂 罵
mà to scold / to abuse / to curse

> 妈妈骂马吗?
> Māma mà mǎ ma?
> Is Mother scolding the horse?

从事 從事
cóngshì to go for / to engage in / to undertake / to deal with / to handle / to do

> 她从事律师职业多年。
> Tā cóngshì lǜshī zhíyè duōnián.
> She practised as a barrister for many years.

特殊
tèshū special / particular / unusual / extraordinary

> 我们有特殊联系。
> Wǒmen yǒu tèshū liánxì.
> We have a special connection.

手段
shǒuduàn method / way / means (of doing sth) / skill / ability / trick / wile

> 语言是人们与他人交流的手段。
> Yǔyán shì rénmen yǔ tā rén jiāoliú de shǒuduàn.
> Language is the means by which people communicate with others.

含
hán to contain / to keep in the mouth
hàn funerary object placed in a corpse's mouth (jade, pearl, shell, rice) / to place jade or the like in a dead person's mouth

居民
jūmín resident / inhabitant

> 居民走后，房子就空了。
> Jūmín zǒu hòu, fángzi jiù kōng le.
> After the residents leave, the house is empty.

洞
dòng hole / cave / to pierce through / to penetrate / zero (unambiguous spoken form when spelling out numbers)
tóng used in 洪洞[Hong2 tong2], a county in Shanxi

> 这个桶有个洞。
> Zhège tǒng yǒu gè dòng.
> There's a hole in this bucket.

生长 生長
shēngzhǎng to grow / to grow up / to be brought up

> 这棵树停止生长了。
> Zhè kē shù tíngzhǐ shēngzhǎng le.
> The tree stopped growing.

内部 內部
nèibù interior / inside (part, section) / internal

> 这台电脑的内部很干净。
> Zhè tái diànnǎo de nèibù hěn gānjìng.
> The inside of this computer is very clean.

立即
lìjí immediately

> 你应该立即开始。
> Nǐ yīnggāi lìjí kāishǐ.
> You should begin right away.

开展 開展
kāizhǎn to launch / to develop / to unfold / to open

> 这项工作开展得很顺利。
> Zhè xiàng gōngzuò kāizhǎn de hěn shùnlì.
> This project has been developing very smoothly.

文学 文學
wénxué literature

> 文学是美丽的。
> Wénxué shì měilì de.
> Literature is beautiful.

显示 顯示
xiǎnshì to show / to illustrate / to display / to demonstrate