CHINESE BOOST

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list, part 6

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 49 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list, part 6 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

属于 屬於

shǔyú to belong to / to fall under (a category)

> 它属于我兄弟。
> Tā shǔyú wǒ xiōngdì.
> It belongs to my brother.

产 產

chǎn product / to give birth / to produce / property / estate / to reproduce / resource

> 本产品产自中国。
> Běn chǎnpǐn chǎn zì Zhōngguó.
> This product was made in China.

领 領

lǐng to lead / neck / collar / to receive / classifier for clothes, mats, screens etc

> 她家每月领低保。
> Tā jiā měiyuè lǐng dībǎo.
> Her family receives a subsistence allowance every month.

确定 確定

quèdìng to be sure / to ensure / to make certain / to ascertain / to confirm / definite / certain / fixed / to fix (on sth) / to determine / to clinch / to recognize / OK (on computer dialog box)

> 我不太确定。
> Wǒ bú tài quèdìng.
> I can't say for sure.

投入

tóurù to throw into / to put into / to throw oneself into / to participate in / to invest in / absorbed / engrossed

> 她一回国就投入了新工作。
> Tā yì huíguó jiù tóurùle xīn gōngzuò.
> As soon as she returned home, she threw herself into her new job.

心理

xīnlǐ psychology / mentality

> 他主要是心理的问题。
> Tā zhǔyào shì xīnlǐ de wèntí.
> His trouble was chiefly mental.

团

tuán group / round / regiment / dumpling / to roll into a ball / lump / ball / to gather / society / classifier for a lump or a soft mass: wad (of paper), ball (of wool), cloud (of smoke)

> 我想加入你们的团对。
> Wǒ xiǎng jiārù nǐmen de tuán duì.
> I'd like to join your group.

创造 創造

chuàngzào to create / to bring about / to produce / to set (a record)

> 历史是由人民创造的。
> Lìshǐ shì yóu rénmín chuàngzào de.
> Real people make history.

总统 總統

zǒngtǒng president (of a country)

> 他被选为总统。
> Tā bèi xuǎn wèi zǒngtǒng.
> He was elected president.

促进 促進

cùjìn to promote (an idea or cause) / to advance / boost

> 它也会促进城市的经济发展。
> Tā yě huì cùjìn chéngshì de jīngjì fāzhǎn.
> It will also help to strengthen the city's economy.

大型

dàxíng large / large-scale

> 有一个大型超市。
> Yǒu yí gè dàxíng chāoshì.
> There is a large supermarket.

代

dài generation / dynasty / age / period / (historical) era / (geological) eon / to be a substitute for / to act on behalf of / to replace / to substitute

> 你可以代我去吗?
> Nǐ kěyǐ dài wǒ qù ma?
> Will you go in place of me?

反映

fǎnyìng to mirror / to reflect / mirror image / reflection / to report / to make known / to render

> 有问题请向经理反映。
> Yǒu wèntí qǐng xiàng jīnglǐ fǎnyìng.
> If there's a problem, please report it to the manager.

相当 相當

xiāngdāng considerably / to a certain extent / fairly / quite / equivalent to / appropriate

> 这相当不错。
> Zhè xiāngdāng búcuò.
> This is quite good.

诗 詩

shī poem / poetry / verse

> 她写了好多诗。
> Tā xiěle hǎoduō shī.
> She wrote a lot of poems.

资金 資金

zījīn funds / capital

> 开店的资金从哪儿来?
> Kāidiàn de zījīn cóng nǎr lái?
> Where will the money for opening the shop come from?

愿

yuàn to wish (that sth may happen) / may ... / to be willing / wish / hope / desire / vow / pledge / honest and prudent

> 愿主与你同在。
> Yuàn zhǔ yǔ nǐ tóng zài.
> May God be with you!

相对 相對

xiāngduì relative / vis-a-vis / relatively / to resist / to oppose / opposite / counterpart

> 时间是相对的。
> Shíjiān shì xiāngduì de.
> Time is relative.

导致 導致

dǎozhì to lead to / to create / to cause / to bring about

> 这样的行为导致问题。
> Zhèyàng de xíngwéi dǎozhì wèntí.
> Such behavior gives rise to problems.

抓

zhuā to catch / to arrest / to grab / to snatch / to scratch
zhāo to seize with the hand or claws / to grab / to scratch

> 他抓了一把米。
> Tā zhuāle yì bǎ mǐ.
> He grabbed a handful of rice.

应当 應當

yīngdāng should / ought to

> 应当多学东西。
> Yīngdāng duō xué dōngxi.
> You should learn more.

制造 製造

zhìzào to manufacture / to make

> 这个产品是中国制造的。
> Zhège chǎnpǐn shì Zhōngguó zhìzào de.
> This product was made in China.

构成 構成

gòuchéng to constitute / to form / to compose / to make up / to configure (computing)

> 女生构成了班里的一半。
> Nǚshēng gòuchéngle bān lǐ de yíbàn.
> Girls make up half of the class.

担任 擔任

dānrèn to hold a governmental office or post / to assume office of / to take charge of / to serve as

> 我们在学校担任教师。
> Wǒmen zài xuéxiào dānrèn jiàoshī.
> We work as teachers in the school.

区域 區域

qūyù area / region / district

> 这个区域有很多商店。
> Zhège qūyù yǒu hěn duō shāngdiàn.
> There are many stores in this area.

计算机 計算機

jìsuànjī computer / calculator

> 您会使用计算机吗?
> Nín huì shǐyòng jìsuànjī ma?
> Do you know how to use a computer?

曾经 曾經

céngjīng already / former / previously / (past tense marker used before verb or clause) / once / ever

> 他曾经是市长。
> Tā céngjīng shì shìzhǎng.
> He used to be the mayor.

创作 創作

chuàngzuò to create / to produce / to write / a creative work / a creation

> 他正在创作一部新的小说。
> Tā zhèngzài chuàngzuò yíbù xīn de xiǎoshuō.
> He is writing a new novel.

强调 強調

qiángdiào to emphasize (a statement) / to stress

> 我想特别强调这一点。
> Wǒ xiǎng tèbié qiángdiào zhè yìdiǎn.
> I want to emphasise this point especially.

连续 連續

liánxù continuous / in a row / serial / consecutive

> 他连续三年都得了第一名。
> Tā liánxù sān nián dōu dé le dìyīmíng.
> He has won first place for three consecutive years.

运输 運輸

yùnshū to transport / to carry / transportation

> 这些水果要用冷藏车运输。
> Zhèxiē shuǐguǒ yào yòng lěngcángchē yùnshū.
> These fruits have to be transported in a refrigerated truck.

商业 商業

shāngyè business / trade / commerce

> 英语在商业中很有用。
> Yīngyǔ zài shāngyè zhōng hěn yǒuyòng.
> English is useful in commerce.

救
jiù to save / to assist / to rescue

> 你救不了我。
> Nǐ jiù bù liǎo wǒ.
> You can't save me.

胜 勝
shèng to beat / to defeat / to get the better of / victorious / to surpass / superior to / better than / surpassing / victory / success / able to bear / equal to (a task) / superb (of vista) / beautiful (scenery) / wonderful (view)
shēng upper arm
qìng a mythical bird (in 胜遇)
xīng rank smell of raw meat / thin / lean

> 我喜欢牛奶更胜果汁。
> Wǒ xǐhuan niúnǎi gèng shèng guǒzhī.
> I prefer milk over juice.

因而
yīn'ér therefore / as a result / thus / and as a result, ...

> 他经常锻炼，因而身体很好。
> Tā jīngcháng duànliàn, yīn'ér shēntǐ hěn hǎo.
> He exercises often, and therefore he is in good health.

集
jí to gather / to collect / collected works / classifier for sections of a TV series etc: episode

> 我只看过第一集。
> Wǒ zhǐ kànguo dìyī jí.
> I've only seen the first episode.

现代化 現代化
xiàndàihuà modernization

> 农业现代化让农民的生活好多了。
> Nóngyè xiàndàihuà ràng nóngmín de shēnghuó hǎo duō le.
> Agricultural modernization has made farmers' lives much better.

处于 處於
chǔyú to be in (some state, position, or condition)

> 桥处于修理中。
> Qiáo chǔyú xiūlǐ zhōng.
> The bridge is being repaired.

届 屆
jiè to arrive at (place or time) / period / to become due / classifier for events, meetings, elections, sporting fixtures, years (of graduation)

> 谁会赢下这届世界杯?
> Shéi huì yíng xià zhè jiè Shìjièbēi?
> Who will win this World Cup?

高度
gāodù height / altitude / elevation / high degree / highly

> 这是因为中国文化对于教育的高度重视。
> Zhè shì yīnwèi Zhōngguó wénhuà duìyú jiàoyù de gāodù zhòngshì.
> This is due to the importance that Chinese culture places on education.

社区 社區
shèqū community / neighborhood

> 社区是安静的。
> Shèqū shì ānjìng de.
> The neighborhood was silent.

媒体 媒體
méitǐ media, esp. news media

> 你相信媒体说的话吗?
> Nǐ xiāngxìn méitǐ shuō de huà ma?
> Do you believe what the media says?

怪
guài to blame / odd / strange / uncanny / monster / supernatural being / to find strange / to regard as odd / somewhat / rather

> 不要怪导游。
> Búyào guài dǎoyóu.
> Don't blame the tour guide.

地面
dìmiàn floor / ground / surface

销售 銷售
xiāoshòu sales (representative, agreement etc) / to sell / to market

> 谁负责销售部门?
> Shéi fùzé xiāoshòu bùmén?
> Who's in charge of the sales section?

未来 未來
wèilái future / tomorrow / approaching / coming / pending

> 孩子是我们的未来。
> Háizi shì wǒmen de wèilái.
> Children are our future.

良好
liánghǎo good / favorable / well / fine

> 我今天早晨感觉良好。
> Wǒ jīntiān zǎochén gǎnjué liánghǎo.
> I'm feeling good this morning.

比例
bǐlì proportion / scale

> 我们班男生和女生的比例差不多。
> Wǒmen bān nánshēng hé nǚshēng de bǐlì chàbùduō.
> The proportion of boys to girls in our class is about equal.

出版
chūbǎn to publish

> 这本书明年要出版。
> Zhè běn shū míngnián yào chūbǎn.
> This book will be printed next year.

粮食 糧食
liángshi foodstuff / cereals

> 这里种的粮食够全村吃。
> Zhèlǐ zhǒng de liángshi gòu quán cūn chī.
> The food grown here is enough to feed the whole village.