CHINESE BOOST

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 13

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 47 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 13 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
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Words

婴儿 嬰兒
yīng'ér infant / baby / lead (Pb)

> 婴儿在睡觉。
> Yīng'ér zài shuìjiào.
> The baby is sleeping.

清晰
qīngxī clear / distinct

> 这张照片拍得很清晰。
> Zhè zhāng zhàopiān pāi de hěn qīngxī.
> This photo came out very clear.

场面 場面
chǎngmiàn scene / spectacle / occasion / situation

规矩 規矩
guīju lit. compass and set square / fig. established standard / rule / customs / practices / fig. upright and honest / well-behaved

> 你坏了规矩。
> Nǐ huàile guīju.
> You broke the rule.

爆
bào to explode / to burst / to stir-fry briefly / to quick-boil
bó to roast / to broil

检验 檢驗
jiǎnyàn to inspect / to examine / to test

> 实践是检验想法对不对的办法。
> Shíjiàn shì jiǎnyàn xiǎngfǎ duì bú duì de bànfǎ.
> Practice is the way to test whether an idea is right.

庞大 龐大
pángdà huge / enormous / tremendous

> 观众人数庞大。
> Guānzhòng rénshù pángdà.
> The audience was very large.

和谐 和諧
héxié harmonious / harmony / to censor

> 家庭和谐比什么都重要。
> Jiātíng héxié bǐ shénme dōu zhòngyào.
> Harmony in the family matters more than anything.

匆匆
cōngcōng hurriedly

> 时间匆匆经过。
> Shíjiān cōngcōng jīngguò.
> Time flies.

农产品 農產品
nóngchǎnpǐn agricultural produce

> 农民把农产品运到城里卖。
> Nóngmín bǎ nóngchǎnpǐn yùn dào chénglǐ mài.
> The farmers transport their produce to the city to sell.

创立 創立
chuànglì to establish / to set up / to found

> 这所大学创立已经一百多年了。
> Zhè suǒ dàxué chuànglì yǐjīng yìbǎi duōnián le.
> This university has been established for over a hundred years.

往来 往來
wǎnglái dealings / contacts / to go back and forth

> 我和他已经没有往来了。
> Wǒ hé tā yǐjīng méiyǒu wǎnglái le.
> He and I no longer have any contact.

感激
gǎnjī to be grateful / to appreciate / thankful

> 他们会感激。
> Tāmen huì gǎnjī.
> They'll be grateful.

一律
yīlǜ same / identical / uniformly / all / without exception

> 店里的东西一律八折。
> Diàn lǐ de dōngxi yílǜ bā zhé.
> Everything in the store is twenty percent off.

技巧
jìqiǎo skill / technique

> 开车需要很多技巧。
> Kāichē xūyào hěn duō jìqiǎo.
> Driving takes a lot of skill.

汇报
huìbào to report / to give an account of / to collect information and report back / to report / to give an account of / report

> 他正在给经理汇报工作。
> Tā zhèngzài gěi jīnglǐ huìbào gōngzuò.
> He is giving the manager an account of his work.

诗歌 詩歌
shīgē poem

> 她从小就爱读诗歌。
> Tā cóngxiǎo jiù ài dú shīgē.
> She has loved reading poetry since she was little.

不料
bùliào unexpectedly / to one's surprise

> 我们准备去爬山，不料车坏了。
> Wǒmen zhǔnbèi qù páshān, búliào chē huàile.
> We were about to go hiking, but unexpectedly the car broke down.

干扰 干擾
gānrǎo to disturb / to interfere / perturbation / interference (physics)

> 父母不应该过多干扰孩子的选择。
> Fùmǔ bù yīnggāiguo duō gānrǎo háizi de xuǎnzé.
> Parents shouldn't interfere too much in their children's choices.

广阔 廣闊
guǎngkuò wide / vast

拐
guǎi to turn (a corner etc) / to kidnap / to swindle / to misappropriate / seven (used as a substitute for 七[qi1])

> 我往右拐了。
> Wǒ wǎng yòu guǎi le.
> I turned right.

高峰
gāofēng peak / summit / height

> 这是安第斯山脉的最高峰。
> Zhè shì Āndìsīshānmài de zuì gāofēng.
> It's the highest mountain in the Andes.

垂直
chuízhí perpendicular / vertical

> 树和地面是垂直的吗?
> Shù hé dìmiàn shì chuízhí de ma?
> Is the tree perpendicular to the ground?

描写 描寫
miáoxiě to describe / to depict / to portray / depiction / portrayal

> 作者描写了一个小城的春天。
> Zuòzhě miáoxiěle yí gè xiǎochéng de chūntiān.
> The author depicts spring in a small town.

现存 現存
xiàncún extant / existent / in stock

> 现存的古画只有三幅。
> Xiàncún de gǔhuà zhǐyǒu sān fú.
> Only three of the ancient paintings still survive.

相等
xiāngděng equal / equally / equivalent

> 一斤苹果的价钱和两斤梨相等。
> Yì jīn píngguǒ de jiàqian hé liǎng jīn lí xiāngděng.
> One jin of apples costs the same as two jin of pears.

极端 極端
jíduān extreme

> 你的建议有点极端。
> Nǐ de jiànyì yǒudiǎn jíduān.
> Your proposal is a bit extreme.

不安
bù'ān uneasy / disturbed / restless / worried / unpeaceful / unstable

> 我有点不安。
> Wǒ yǒudiǎn bù'ān.
> I've been feeling a little restless.

制品 製品
zhìpǐn products / goods

> 这些制品的质量都很好。
> Zhèxiē zhìpǐn de zhìliàng dōu hěn hǎo.
> The quality of these products is all very good.

伤口 傷口
shāngkǒu wound / cut

> 不要碰伤口。
> Búyào pèng shāngkǒu.
> Don't touch the wound.

祖先
zǔxiān ancestors / forebears / ancestral species / ancient species from which present-day species evolved

> 传说中，黄帝是中华民族的祖先。
> Chuánshuō zhōng, Huángdì shì Zhōnghuámínzú de zǔxiān.
> According to legend, the Yellow Emperor is the ancestor of the Chinese people.

海域
hǎiyù sea area / territorial waters / maritime space

> 这片海域有很多鱼。
> Zhè piàn hǎiyù yǒu hěn duō yú.
> There are a lot of fish in this stretch of sea.

防治
fángzhì to prevent and cure / prevention and cure

> 农村也很重视疾病防治。
> Nóngcūn yě hěn zhòngshì jíbìng fángzhì.
> Rural areas also attach great importance to disease prevention and treatment.

鲜明 鮮明
xiānmíng bright / fresh and clear / clear-cut / distinct

> 这幅画的色彩够鲜明吗?
> Zhè fú huà de sècǎi gòu xiānmíng ma?
> Are the colors in this painting bright enough?

设想 設想

shèxiǎng to imagine / to assume / to envisage / tentative plan / to have consideration for

> 我有一个设想。
> Wǒ yǒu yí gè shèxiǎng.
> I had a vision.

从未 從未

cóngwèi never

> 我以前从未做过。
> Wǒ yǐqián cóngwèi zuòguo.
> I'd never done it before.

扣

kòu discount / to deduct (money) / to smash, spike or dunk (a ball) / to fasten / knot / to confiscate / to tag a label on sb / buckle / to button / button / to arrest / to knock / to cover (with a bowl etc) / (loanword) code / button

> 包裹被海关扣了。
> Bāoguǒ bèi hǎiguān kòule.
> The package was confiscated by customs.

精美

jīngměi exquisite / elegant / fine

> 墙上挂着一幅精美的画。
> Qiáng shàng guàzhe yìfú jīngměi de huà.
> An exquisite painting hangs on the wall.

涌现 湧現

yǒngxiàn to emerge in large numbers / to spring up / to emerge prominently

> 市场上涌现出许多新产品。
> Shìchǎng shàng yǒngxiàn chū xǔduō xīn chǎnpǐn.
> Many new products have emerged on the market.

纠正 糾正

jiūzhèng to correct / to make right

> 请纠正我的发音。
> Qǐng jiūzhèng wǒ de fāyīn.
> Please correct my pronunciation.

飘 飄

piāo to float (in the air) / to flutter / to waft / complacent / frivolous / weak / shaky / wobbly

> 天空飘的云很美。
> Tiānkōng piāo de Yún hěn měi.
> The clouds floating in the sky are beautiful.

拆除

chāichú to tear down / to demolish / to dismantle / to remove

> 那座旧楼下个月就要拆除了。
> Nà zuò jiù lóuxià ge yuè jiùyào chāichúle.
> That old building will be demolished next month.

起源

qǐyuán origin / to originate / to come from

> 佛教起源于印度。
> Fójiào qǐyuán yú Yìndù.
> Buddhism had its beginnings in India.

支撑 支撐

zhīchēng to prop up / to support / strut / brace

> 他累极了，却还在坚持支撑着。
> Tā lèi jíle, què hái zài jiānchí zhīchēngzhe.
> He was exhausted, yet he was still holding on.

造型

zàoxíng to model / to shape / appearance / style / design / form / pose

> 她今天的造型真漂亮！
> Tā jīntiān de zàoxíng zhēn piàoliang!
> Her look today is really beautiful!

流量

liúliàng flow rate / throughput of passengers / volume of traffic / discharge / data traffic / network traffic / website traffic / mobile data

> 我这个月的流量用完了。
> Wǒ zhège yuè de liúliàng yòng wánle.
> I've used up all my mobile data this month.

大使

dàshǐ ambassador / envoy

> 大使明天会见外交部长。
> Dàshǐ míngtiān huìjiàn wàijiāobùzhǎng.
> The ambassador will meet the foreign minister tomorrow.

依旧 依舊

yījiù as before / still / to remain the same

> 我依旧爱你。
> Wǒ yījiù ài nǐ.
> I still love you.

烂 爛

làn to rot / to decompose / rotten / worn out / crappy / bad / soft / mushy / well-cooked and soft / chaotic / messy / utterly / thoroughly

> 我的法语很烂。
> Wǒ de Fǎyǔ hěn làn.
> My French is crappy.

终身 終身

zhōngshēn lifelong / all one's life / marriage

> 学习是一件终身的事。
> Xuéxí shì yí jiàn zhōngshēn de shì.
> Learning is a lifelong thing.