CHINESE BOOST

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 25

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 25 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

口腔
kǒuqiāng oral cavity
> 喝热汤时，口腔被烫伤了。
> Hē rètāng shí, kǒuqiāng bèi tàngshāngle.
> My mouth got burned while I was drinking hot soup.

氛围 氛圍
fēnwéi ambience / atmosphere
> 大家笑起来，氛围变轻松了。
> Dàjiā xiào qǐlai, fēnwéi biàn qīngsōngle.
> Everyone started laughing, and the atmosphere became relaxed.

可口
kěkǒu tasty / to taste good
> 这碗汤热热的，非常可口。
> Zhè wǎn tāng rè rè de, fēicháng kěkǒu.
> This bowl of soup is hot and really tasty.

柔软 柔軟
róuruǎn soft
> 小猫的毛很柔软。
> Xiǎomāo de Máo hěn róuruǎn.
> The kitten's fur is very soft.

助手
zhùshǒu assistant / helper
> 助手拿了钱。
> Zhùshǒu nále qián.
> The assistant took the money.

王子
wángzǐ prince / son of a king
> 王子在森林中迷了路。
> Wángzǐ zài sēnlín zhōng míle lù.
> The prince was lost in the woods.

诚信 誠信
chéngxìn honesty / trustworthiness / good faith
> 哲学课上讲到了诚信。
> Zhéxué kè shàng jiǎng dàole chéngxìn.
> Honesty and integrity came up in philosophy class.

导师 導師
dǎoshī tutor / teacher / academic advisor
> 她很尊重她的导师。
> Tā hěn zūnzhòng tā de dǎoshī.
> She respects her homeroom teacher a lot.

轮船 輪船
lúnchuán steamship / steamer / steamboat
> 坐轮船过江要多长时间?
> Zuò lúnchuán guò Jiāng yào duō cháng shíjiān?
> How long does it take to cross the river by steamer?

出场 出場
chūchǎng to come onto the stage to perform / to enter the arena to compete / to enter the scene (e.g. a new product) / to leave the venue
> 下一位出场的是我们班的选手。
> Xià yí wèi chūchǎng de shì wǒmen bān de xuǎnshǒu.
> The next one to enter the competition is a contestant from our class.

热门 熱門
rèmén popular / hot / in vogue
> 听说大数据技术现在很热门。
> Tīngshuō dà shùjù jìshù xiànzài hěn rèmén.
> I hear that the network is very popular now.

焦虑 焦慮
jiāolǜ anxious / worried / apprehensive
> 她感到非常焦虑。
> Tā gǎndào fēicháng jiāolǜ.
> She felt very anxious.

下旬
xiàxún last third of the month
> 你下旬有空吗?
> Nǐ xiàxún yǒukòng ma?
> Are you free toward the end of the month?

书面 書面
shūmiàn in writing / written
> 你们的约定最好写成书面的。
> Nǐmen de yuēdìng zuìhǎo xiě chéng shūmiàn de.
> It would be best to put your agreement in writing.

店铺 店鋪

diànpù store / shop

> 她在网上开了一家店铺。
> Tā zài wǎngshàng kāile yìjiā diànpù.
> She opened a shop online.

视觉 視覺

shìjué sight / vision / visual

> 猫的视觉在晚上特别好。
> Māo de shìjué zài wǎnshang tèbié hǎo.
> A cat's sight is especially good at night.

成交

chéngjiāo to complete a contract / to reach a deal

> 好，一千块，成交！
> Hǎo, yì qiān kuài, chéngjiāo!
> All right, a thousand yuan, deal!

困扰 困擾

kùnrǎo to perplex / to disturb / to cause complications

> 他正遭受严重头痛的困扰。
> Tā zhèng zāoshòu yánzhòng tóutòng de kùnrǎo.
> He was suffering from a bad headache.

工序

gōngxù working procedure / process

> 请按工序一步一步做。
> Qǐng àn gōngxù yíbùyíbù zuò.
> Please follow the procedure and do it step by step.

观赏 觀賞

guānshǎng to look at sth with pleasure / to watch (sth marvelous) / ornamental

> 这种树只是观赏用的。
> Zhèzhǒng shù zhǐshì guānshǎng yòng de.
> This kind of tree is only for ornamental use.

同类 同類

tónglèi similar / same type / alike

> 同类动物常常住在一起。
> Tónglèi dòngwù chángcháng zhù zài yìqǐ.
> Animals of the same type often live together.

喜事

xǐshì happy occasion / wedding

> 他们下个月办喜事。
> Tāmen xiàgeyuè bàn xǐshì.
> They are getting married next month.

不耐烦 不耐煩

bùnàifán impatient / to lose patience

> 爸爸今天不耐烦。
> Bàba jīntiān búnàifán.
> Dad's in an impatient mood today.

残疾 殘疾

cánjí disabled / handicapped / deformity on a person or animal

> 地铁站为残疾乘客准备了电梯。
> Dìtiězhàn wèi cánjí chéngkè zhǔnbèile diàntī.
> The subway station has provided elevators for disabled passengers.

理财 理財

lǐcái to manage wealth / to manage finances / money management

> 你有没有想过开始理财?
> Nǐ yǒuméiyǒu xiǎngguo kāishǐ lǐcái?
> Have you ever thought about starting to manage your money?

打造

dǎzào to forge (metal) / to create / to build / to develop

> 我们要打造自己的品牌。
> Wǒmen yào dǎzào zìjǐ de pǐnpái.
> We want to build our own brand.

外科

wàikē surgery (branch of medicine)

> 我父亲是一名外科专家。
> Wǒ fùqīn shì yì míng wàikē zhuānjiā.
> My father is an expert surgeon.

房价 房價

fángjià house price / cost of housing

> 周边城市的房价也在涨。
> Zhōubiān chéngshì de fángjià yě zài zhǎng.
> House prices in the surrounding cities are rising too.

脆

cuì brittle / crisp / clear and loud voice / fragile / crunchy / neat

> 树枝很脆，一踩就断了。
> Shùzhī hěn cuì, yì cǎi jiù duànle.
> The branch is brittle and snapped as soon as I stepped on it.

厂家 廠家

chǎngjiā factory / manufacturer / a factory owner / the factory management

> 很多厂家都把工厂搬到了郊区。
> Hěn duō chǎngjiā dōu bǎ gōngchǎng bān dàole jiāoqū.
> Many manufacturers have moved their factories to the suburbs.

亲密 親密

qīnmì intimate / close

> 我们是亲密的朋友。
> Wǒmen shì qīnmì de péngyou.
> We're intimate friends.

访谈 訪談

fǎngtán to visit and discuss / to interview

> 记者想对医生做个访谈。
> Jìzhě xiǎng duì yīshēng zuò gè fǎngtán.
> The reporter wants to do an interview with the doctor.

运送 運送

yùnsòng to transport / to carry

> 我们今天晚上可以运送它。
> Wǒmen jīntiān wǎnshang kěyǐ yùnsòng tā.
> We can deliver it this evening.

往后 往後

wǎnghòu from now on / in the future / time to come

> 往后的日子会越来越好。
> Wǎnghòu de rìzi huì yuèláiyuè hǎo.
> The days ahead will get better and better.

养老 養老

yǎnglǎo to provide for the elderly (family members) / to enjoy a life in retirement

> 养老是社会的一个大课题。
> Yǎnglǎo shì shèhuì de yí gè dà kètí.
> Caring for the elderly is a big problem for society.

气质 氣質

qìzhì personality traits / temperament / disposition / aura / air / feel / vibe / refinement / sophistication / class

> 他穿上西装，显得很有气质。
> Tā chuān shang xīzhuāng, xiǎnde hěn yǒu qìzhì.
> In a suit, he looks very refined.

不至于 不至於

bùzhìyú unlikely to go so far as to / not as bad as

> 老师不至于骂你吧?
> Lǎoshī búzhìyú mà nǐ ba?
> The teacher wouldn't go so far as to scold you, would she?

精通

jīngtōng to be proficient in / to master (a subject)

> 他精通英文。
> Tā jīngtōng Yīngwén.
> He has a good grasp of English.

弱点 弱點

ruòdiǎn weak point / failing

> 谁都有弱点。
> Shéi dōu yǒu ruòdiǎn.
> Everybody has weaknesses.

乐于 樂於

lèyú willing (to do sth) / to take pleasure in

> 我邻居很乐于帮助别人。
> Wǒ línjū hěn lèyú bāngzhù biéren.
> My neighbor is always willing to help others.

播

bō to sow (seeds) / to spread (ideas, rumors etc) / to broadcast (radio signals etc) / to flee into exile / to be displaced

bǒ to shake / to winnow

> 第十台在播什么节目?
> Dì shí tái zài bō shénme jiémù?
> What is on Channel 10?

碰撞

pèngzhuàng to collide / collision

> 两辆车在路口碰撞了。
> Liǎng liàng chē zài lùkǒu pèngzhuàngle.
> Two cars collided at the intersection.

再生

zàishēng to be reborn / to regenerate / to be a second so-and-so (famous dead person) / recycling / regeneration

> 皮肤的再生需要时间。
> Pífū de zàishēng xūyào shíjiān.
> Skin regeneration takes time.

喜剧 喜劇

xǐjù a comedy

> 他是喜剧演员。
> Tā shì xǐjù yǎnyuán.
> He's a comedian.

常年

chángnián all year round / for years on end / average year

> 今年的雨比常年多。
> Jīnnián de yǔ bǐ chángnián duō.
> This year has had more rain than an average year.

照明

zhàomíng lighting / illumination / to light up / to illuminate

> 楼梯的照明不够亮。
> Lóutī de zhàomíng búgòu liàng.
> The illumination on the staircase isn't bright enough.

痒

yǎng to itch / to itch / to tickle / to tickle

yáng a disease / ailment

> 我眼睛在痒。
> Wǒ yǎnjing zài yǎng.
> My eyes feel itchy.

成千上万 成千上萬

chéngqiānshàngwàn by the thousands and tens of thousands (idiom) / untold numbers / innumerable / countless

> 成千上万的人对这个广告很失望。
> Chéngqiān-shàngwàn de rén duì zhège guǎnggào hěn shīwàng.
> Thousands of people were very disappointed with this advertisement.

输送 輸送

shūsòng to transport / to convey / to deliver

> 山里的水是怎么输送到村子的?
> Shān lǐ de shuǐ shì zěnme shūsòng dào cūnzi de?
> How is the water from the mountains delivered to the village?

妨碍 妨礙

fáng'ài to hinder / to obstruct

> 我妨碍着你吗?
> Wǒ fáng'àizhe nǐ ma?
> Am I in your way?