CHINESE BOOST

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 27

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 27 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

宏大
hóngdà great / grand

他有一个宏大的梦想。
Tā yǒu yí gè hóngdà de mèngxiǎng.
He has a grand dream.

赞赏 讚賞
zànshǎng to admire / to praise / to appreciate

客人很赞赏这里的服务。
Kèrén hěn zànshǎng zhèlǐ de fúwù.
The guests really appreciate the service here.

袖子
xiùzi sleeve

他的夹克袖子太长了。
Tā de jiákè xiùzi tài chángle.
The sleeves of his jacket are too long.

打架
dǎjià to fight / to scuffle / to come to blows

你们总是打架。
Nǐmen zǒngshì dǎjià.
You are always fighting.

预料 預料
yùliào to forecast / to anticipate / expectation

我预料会有麻烦。
Wǒ yùliào huì yǒu máfan.
I anticipate that there will be trouble.

事后 事後
shìhòu after the event / in hindsight / in retrospect

事后大家才发现门没锁。
Shìhòu dàjiā cái fāxiàn mén méi suǒ.
Only after the event did everyone notice the door wasn't locked.

庄稼 莊稼
zhuāngjia farm crop

这些庄稼需要多少水?
Zhèxiē zhuāngjia xūyào duōshǎo shuǐ?
How much water do these crops need?

争吵 爭吵
zhēngchǎo to quarrel / dispute

你别再跟他争吵了。
Nǐ bié zài gēn tā zhēngchǎole.
Don't quarrel with him any more.

按摩
ànmó massage / to massage

她给他做了个按摩。
Tā gěi tā zuòle gè ànmó.
She gave him a massage.

宴会 宴會
yànhuì banquet / feast / dinner party

她的生日宴会将在明天晚上。
Tā de shēngrì yànhuì jiāng zài míngtiān wǎnshang.
Her birthday party will be held tomorrow evening.

本能
běnnéng instinct

动物都有保护自己的本能。
Dòngwù dōu yǒu bǎohù zìjǐ de běnnéng.
All animals have an instinct to protect themselves.

看重
kànzhòng to regard as important / to value

你看重钱吗?
Nǐ kànzhòng qián ma?
Is money important to you?

看似
kànsì to look as if / to seem

她看似不同意。
Tā kànsì bù tóngyì.
She doesn't seem to agree.

同伴
tóngbàn companion / comrade / fellow

敌人的敌人就是同伴。
Dírén de dírén jiùshì tóngbàn.
An enemy of an enemy is a friend.

特地
tèdì specially / for a special purpose

感谢你特地来帮我。
Gǎnxiè nǐ tèdì lái bāng wǒ.
It is kind of you go out of your way to help me.

搭配
dāpèi to pair up / to match / to arrange in pairs / to add sth into a group

> 红色和白色搭配很好看。
> Hóngsè hé báisè dāpèi hěn hǎokàn.
> Red and white go together nicely.

大方
dàfang generous / magnanimous / stylish / in good taste / easy-mannered / natural and relaxed
dàfāng expert / scholar / mother earth / a type of green tea

> 你太大方了。
> Nǐ tài dàfang le.
> You're too generous.

互助
hùzhù to help each other

> 遇到困难，大家就要互助。
> Yùdào kùnnan, dàjiā jiùyào hùzhù.
> When difficulties come up, everyone should help each other.

质疑 質疑
zhìyí to call into question / to challenge (the truth or validity of)

> 有些人质疑他的诚实。
> Yǒuxiē rén zhìyí tā de chéngshí.
> Some people questioned his honesty.

严禁 嚴禁
yánjìn to strictly prohibit

> 司机开车时严禁打电话！
> Sījī kāichē shí yánjìn dǎdiànhuà!
> Drivers are strictly forbidden to use the phone while driving!

采纳 採納
cǎinà to accept / to adopt

> 经理没有采纳我的意见。
> Jīnglǐ méiyǒu cǎinà wǒ de yìjiàn.
> The manager didn't accept my suggestion.

拥挤 擁擠
yōngjǐ crowded / to throng / congestion

> 这个房间很拥挤。
> Zhège fángjiān hěn yōngjǐ.
> This room is cramped.

陪同
péitóng to accompany

> 出国时有翻译陪同吗？
> Chūguó shí yǒu fānyì péitóng ma?
> Will an interpreter accompany us when we go abroad?

兰花 蘭花
lánhuā cymbidium / orchid

> 阳台上的兰花开了。
> Yángtái shàng de lánhuā kāile.
> The orchid on the balcony has bloomed.

多媒体 多媒體
duōméitǐ multimedia

> 教室里有一台多媒体设备。
> Jiàoshì lǐ yǒu yì tái duōméitǐ shèbèi.
> There is a piece of multimedia equipment in the classroom.

消毒
xiāodú to disinfect / to sterilize

> 用之前，请先给杯子消毒。
> Yòng zhīqián, qǐng xiān gěi bēizi xiāodú.
> Please sterilize the cups before using them.

重心
zhòngxīn focus / emphasis / priority / center of gravity / centroid

> 坐船时重心要低一点。
> Zuò chuán shí zhòngxīn yào dī yìdiǎn.
> When you're on a boat, keep your center of gravity low.

舅舅
jiùjiu mother's brother / maternal uncle (informal)

> 我们待在舅舅家。
> Wǒmen dài zài jiùjiu jiā.
> We are staying at our uncle's.

余额 餘額
yú'é balance (of an account, bill etc) / surplus / remainder

> 付完房租，卡里的余额不多了。
> Fù wán fángzū, kǎ lǐ de yú'é bù duō le.
> After paying the rent, there's not much balance left on the card.

结实 結實
jiēshi rugged / sturdy / strong / durable / buff (physique)
jiēshí to bear fruit

> 她长得比较结实。
> Tā zhǎng de bǐjiào jiēshi.
> She's grown quite strong.

优异 優異
yōuyì exceptional / outstandingly good

> 她取得了优异的英语成绩。
> Tā qǔdéle yōuyì de Yīngyǔ chéngjì.
> She gets good marks in English.

故障
gùzhàng malfunction / breakdown / defect / shortcoming / fault / failure / impediment / error / bug (in software)

> 空调故障了。
> Kōngtiáo gùzhàng le.
> The air conditioner doesn't work.

文科
wénkē liberal arts / humanities

> 你妹妹是学文科的吗？
> Nǐ mèimei shì xué wénkē de ma?
> Does your younger sister study the humanities?

昂贵 昂貴
ángguì expensive / costly

> 她买的东西很昂贵。
> Tā mǎi de dōngxi hěn ángguì.
> What she bought was very expensive.

传染病 傳染病

chuánrǎnbìng infectious disease / contagious disease / communicable disease

> 春天容易流行传染病。
> Chūntiān róngyì liúxíng chuánrǎnbìng.
> Infectious diseases spread easily in spring.

口头 口頭

kǒutóu oral / verbal

> 明天的英语考试有口头部分。
> Míngtiān de Yīngyǔ kǎoshì yǒu kǒutóu bùfen.
> Tomorrow's English exam has an oral part.

救助

jiùzhù to help sb in trouble / aid / assistance

> 他得到了及时的救助。
> Tā dédàole jíshí de jiùzhù.
> He received timely assistance.

火灾 火災

huǒzāi serious fire (in a city or a forest etc)

> 前天发生了火灾。
> Qiántiān fāshēngle huǒzāi.
> A fire broke out the day before yesterday.

淹没 淹沒

yānmò to submerge / to drown / to flood / to drown out (also fig.)

> 洪水淹没了整个村子。
> Hóngshuǐ yānmòle zhěnggè cūnzi.
> The flood submerged the entire village.

有序

yǒuxù regular / orderly / successive / in order

> 请大家有序排队上车。
> Qǐng dàjiā yǒuxù páiduì shàngchē.
> Everyone, please line up in order to board the bus.

流程

liúchéng course / stream / sequence of processes / work flow in manufacturing

> 你不明白流程。
> Nǐ bù míngbai liúchéng.
> You don't understand the procedure.

酒精

jiǔjīng ethanol / ethyl alcohol

> 开车前不能喝含酒精的饮料。
> Kāichē qián bùnéng hē hán jiǔjīng de yǐnliào.
> You can't drink beverages containing alcohol before driving.

民俗

mínsú popular custom

> 你对中国的民俗有兴趣吗?
> Nǐ duì Zhōngguó de mínsú yǒu xìngqù ma?
> Are you interested in Chinese folk customs?

自豪

zìháo proud (of one's achievements etc)

> 我为我父亲而自豪。
> Wǒ wèi wǒ fùqīn ér zìháo.
> I am proud of my father.

天真

tiānzhēn naive / innocent / artless

> 你太天真了。
> Nǐ tài tiānzhēn le.
> You're so naive.

崭新 嶄新

zhǎnxīn brand new

> 我家搬进了崭新的房子。
> Wǒ jiā bān jìnle zhǎnxīn de fángzi.
> My family moved into a brand new house.

多元

duōyuán poly- / multi- / multielement / multivariant / multivariate (math.)

> 现在的社会越来越多元了。
> Xiànzài de shèhuì yuèláiyuè duōyuán le.
> Society is becoming more and more diverse.

踏实 踏實

tāshi firmly-based / steady / steadfast / to have peace of mind / free from anxiety

> 那个年轻人做事很踏实。
> Nàge niánqīngrén zuòshì hěn tāshi.
> That young man is very steady in his work.

反馈 反饋

fǎnkuì to send back information / feedback

> 顾客的反馈对我们很重要。
> Gùkè de fǎnkuì duì wǒmen hěn zhòngyào.
> Customer feedback is very important to us.

严寒 嚴寒

yánhán bitter cold / severe winter

> 今天早上天气严寒。
> Jīntiān zǎoshang tiānqì yánhán.
> We had a heavy frost this morning.