CHINESE BOOST

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 29

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 29 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

Chinese Boost. Licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International Licence.

Words

太阳能 太陽能
tàiyángnéng solar energy

> 太阳能有益于环保。
> Tàiyángnéng yǒuyì yú huánbǎo.
> Solar power is environmentally friendly.

微小
wēixiǎo minute (i.e. extremely small) / infinitesimal

> 灰尘微小得几乎看不见。
> Huīchén wēixiǎo de jīhū kànbújiàn.
> Dust is so minute that it is almost invisible.

打交道
dǎjiāodào to come into contact with / to have dealings

> 别和这个人打交道。
> Bié hé zhège rén dǎjiāodào.
> Don't get involved with that guy.

违规 違規
wéiguī to violate the rules

> 在这里停车是违规的。
> Zài zhèlǐ tíngchē shì wéiguī de.
> Parking here is against the rules.

经商 經商
jīngshāng to trade / to carry out commercial activities / in business

> 我叔叔辞职后就经商了。
> Wǒ shūshu cízhí hòu jiù jīngshāng le.
> After quitting his job, my uncle went into business.

污水
wūshuǐ sewage

> 工厂不能随便排放污水。
> Gōngchǎng bùnéng suíbiàn páifàng wūshuǐ.
> Factories must not discharge waste water as they please.

听话 聽話
tīnghuà to do what one is told / obedient

> 他家的小狗特别听话。
> Tā jiā de xiǎogǒu tèbié tīnghuà.
> Their little dog is especially obedient.

排放
páifàng to arrange in order / to emit / to discharge (exhaust gas, waste water etc) / to ovulate / to discharge semen

> 减少排放对环境很重要。
> Jiǎnshǎo páifàng duì huánjìng hěn zhòngyào.
> Reducing emissions is very important for the environment.

实话 實話
shíhuà truth

> 他说了实话。
> Tā shuōle shíhuà.
> He told the truth.

招待
zhāodài to hold a reception / to offer hospitality / to entertain (guests) / to serve (customers)

> 谢谢你们热情招待我们。
> Xièxie nǐmen rèqíng zhāodài wǒmen.
> Thank you for hosting us so warmly.

传真 傳真
chuánzhēn to fax / a fax / to portray vividly in painting

> 请把它传真给我。
> Qǐng bǎ tā chuánzhēn gěi wǒ.
> Please send it to me by fax.

花朵
huāduǒ flower

> 花园里充满了花朵。
> Huāyuán lǐ chōngmǎnle huāduǒ.
> The garden was filled with flowers.

奶粉
nǎifěn powdered milk

> 冲奶粉的水不能太热。
> Chōng nǎifěn de shuǐ bùnéng tài rè.
> The water for mixing milk powder shouldn't be too hot.

家园 家園
jiāyuán home / homeland

> 战争后，他们重建了家园。
> Zhànzhēng hòu, tāmen chóngjiànle jiāyuán.
> After the war, they rebuilt their homeland.

朴素 樸素
pǔsù plain and simple / unadorned / simple living / not frivolous

> 他生活朴素。
> Tā shēnghuó pǔsù.
> He lived a simple life.

周到
zhōudào thoughtful / considerate / attentive / thorough

> 她非常周到和耐心。
> Tā fēicháng zhōudào hé nàixīn.
> She is very thoughtful and patient.

灰尘 灰塵
huīchén dust

> 桌子被灰尘覆盖。
> Zhuōzi bèi huīchén fùgài.
> The table was covered with dust.

要点 要點
yàodiǎn main point / essential

> 我想要点钱。
> Wǒ xiǎng yàodiǎn qián.
> I want some money.

救灾 救災
jiùzāi to relieve disaster / to help disaster victims

> 洪水来了，大家都去救灾。
> Hóngshuǐ láile, dàjiā dōu qù jiùzāi.
> The flood has come, and everyone is going to help with disaster relief.

榜样 榜樣
bǎngyàng model / example (for people to follow) / (in reference to a person) role model

> 你做了个坏榜样。
> Nǐ zuòle gè huài bǎngyàng.
> You've set a bad example.

认知 認知
rènzhī cognition / cognitive / understanding / perception / awareness / to be cognizant of / to recognize / to realize

> 老人的认知能力会慢慢下降。
> Lǎorén de rènzhī nénglì huì mànmàn xiàjiàng.
> The cognitive abilities of older people slowly decline.

匆忙
cōngmáng hasty / hurried

> 我们很匆忙。
> Wǒmen hěn cōngmáng.
> We're in a hurry.

推销 推銷
tuīxiāo to market / to sell

> 有人上门推销保险，我没理他。
> Yǒurén shàngmén tuīxiāo bǎoxiǎn, wǒ méi lǐ tā.
> Someone came to my door selling insurance, and I ignored him.

短缺
duǎnquē shortage

> 最近的咖啡短缺带来了许多问题。
> Zuìjìn de kāfēi duǎnquē dàiláile xǔduō wèntí.
> The recent shortage of coffee has given rise to a lot of problems.

怀念 懷念
huáiniàn to cherish the memory of / to think of / to reminisce

> 他怀念波士顿。
> Tā huáiniàn Bōshìdùn.
> He misses Boston.

为此 為此
wèicǐ for this reason / with regards to this / in this respect / in order to do this / to this end

> 我为此对你生气。
> Wǒ wèicǐ duì nǐ shēngqì.
> I'm angry with you about this.

清洗
qīngxǐ to wash / to rinse / to clean / to purge / to get rid of (corrupt individuals etc)

> 去清洗一下。
> Qù qīngxǐ yíxià.
> Wash up.

地道
dìdao authentic / genuine / proper
dìdào tunnel / causeway

> 他讲一口地道的俄语。
> Tā jiǎng yìkǒu dìdao de Éyǔ.
> He speaks Russian perfectly.

视力 視力
shìlì eyesight / visual acuity

> 他的视力不佳。
> Tā de shìlì bù jiā.
> He has poor eyesight.

为难 為難
wéinán to feel embarrassed or awkward / to make things difficult (for someone) / to find things difficult (to do or manage)

> 别为难孩子了，他还小。
> Bié wéinán háizi le, tā hái xiǎo.
> Don't make things hard for the child, he's still little.

伤员 傷員
shāngyuán wounded person

> 救护车把伤员送到了医院。
> Jiùhùchē bǎ shāngyuán sòng dàole yīyuàn.
> The ambulance took the wounded to the hospital.

漂
piāo to drift / to float
piào used in 漂亮[piao4 liang5]
piǎo to bleach / to rinse in water

> 一片叶子漂在水面上。
> Yípiàn yèzi piāo zài shuǐmiàn shàng.
> A leaf is floating on the surface of the water.

逗
dòu to stay / to sojourn / funny / amusing / to tease (playfully) / to entice / to joke / brief pause at the end of a phrase (variant of 讀|读[dou4])

> 我是逗你玩的，别生气。
> Wǒ shì dòu nǐ wán de, bié shēngqì.
> I was just joking with you, so don't be angry.

急切
jíqiè eager / impatient

> 他急切地学习了日语。
> Tā jíqiè de xuéxíle Rìyǔ.
> He studied Japanese eagerly.

摩托车 摩托車
mótuōchē motorbike / motorcycle

> 骑摩托车很有趣。
> Qí mótuōchē hěn yǒuqù.
> It's fun to ride a motorcycle.

迷人
mírén fascinating / enchanting / charming / tempting

> 那是个迷人的秋夜。
> Nà shì gè mírén de qiū yè.
> It was a lovely autumn evening.

历年
lìnián calendar year / over the years / bygone years

> 历年的考试题我都做过。
> Lìnián de kǎoshì tí wǒ dōu zuòguo.
> I've done the exam papers from all the past years.

拖延
tuōyán to delay / to put off / to procrastinate

> 我不能再拖延了。
> Wǒ bùnéng zài tuōyánle.
> I have to stop procrastinating.

民歌
míngē folk song

> 你平时喜欢听民歌吗?
> Nǐ píngshí xǐhuan tīng míngē ma?
> Do you usually like listening to folk songs?

辣椒
làjiāo hot pepper / chili

> 这道菜放太多辣椒了。
> Zhè dào cài fàng tài duō làjiāo le.
> This dish has too much chili pepper in it.

适度 適度
shìdù moderately / appropriate

> 适度运动对身体健康是必要的。
> Shìdù yùndòng duì shēntǐ jiànkāng shì bìyào de.
> Moderate exercise is necessary for good health.

专注 專注
zhuānzhù to focus / to concentrate / to give one's full attention

> 专注于进展上。
> Zhuānzhù yú jìnzhǎn shàng.
> Focus on progress.

田径 田徑
tiánjìng track and field (athletics)

> 他从小就爱好田径。
> Tā cóngxiǎo jiù àihào tiánjìng.
> He has loved track and field since he was little.

就读 就讀
jiùdú to go to school

> 他就读于京都大学。
> Tā jiùdú yú Jīngdū dàxué.
> He is studying at Kyoto University.

长辈 長輩
zhǎngbèi one's elders / older generation

> 我尊敬长辈。
> Wǒ zūnjìng zhǎngbèi.
> I respect elderly people.

储蓄 儲蓄
chǔxù to save money (in a bank) / savings

> 你每个月储蓄多少钱?
> Nǐ měige yuè chǔxù duōshǎo qián?
> How much money do you save each month?

机动车 機動車
jīdòngchē motor vehicle

> 你的机动车每年都要检查吗?
> Nǐ de jīdòngchē měinián dōu yào jiǎnchá ma?
> Does your motor vehicle have to be inspected every year?

酷
kù ruthless / cool / strong (e.g. of wine) / hip

> 这眼镜真酷。
> Zhè yǎnjìng zhēn kù.
> These glasses are cool.

肥胖
féipàng fat / obese

> 肥胖会影响你的健康。
> Féipàng huì yǐngxiǎng nǐ de jiànkāng.
> Being obese can affect your health.

总计 總計
zǒngjì total

> 全年的收入总计十万元。
> Quánnián de shōurù zǒngjì shíwàn yuán.
> The year's income totals one hundred thousand yuan.