CHINESE BOOST

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 34

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 6 Chinese vocabulary list, part 34 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

Chinese Boost. Licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International Licence.

Words

用餐
yòngcān to eat a meal

> 顾客正在餐厅里用餐。
> Gùkè zhèngzài cāntīng lǐ yòngcān.
> The customers are having a meal in the restaurant.

补课 補課
bǔkè to make up missed lesson / to reschedule a class

> 我请了三天假，得补课。
> Wǒ qǐngle sāntiān jià, de bǔkè.
> I took three days off, so I have to make up the lessons.

中奖 中獎
zhòngjiǎng to win a prize (in a lottery etc)

> 你这张发票中奖了！
> Nǐ zhè zhāng fāpiào zhòngjiǎng le!
> Your invoice has won a prize!

南极洲 南極洲
nánjízhōu Antarctica

> 南极洲一年四季都很冷。
> Nánjízhōu yìniánsìjì dōu hěn lěng.
> Antarctica is cold all year round.

常温 常溫
chángwēn room temperature / ordinary temperatures

> 你要冰水还是常温的？
> Nǐ yào bīngshuǐ háishi chángwēn de?
> Do you want iced water or room-temperature water?

录制 錄製
lùzhì to record (video or audio)

> 她正在录制一首新歌。
> Tā zhèngzài lùzhì yì shǒu xīn gē.
> She is recording a new song.

国歌 國歌
guógē national anthem

> 你会唱我们国家的国歌吗？
> Nǐ huì chàng wǒmen guójiā de guógē ma?
> Can you sing our country's national anthem?

浏览器 瀏覽器
liúlǎnqì browser (software)

> 你用什么浏览器？
> Nǐ yòng shénme liúlǎnqì?
> What browser are you using?

清扫 清掃
qīngsǎo to tidy up / to mop up / a sweep (against crime)

> 清扫你的房间。
> Qīngsǎo nǐ de fángjiān.
> Clean your room.

倍增
bèizēng to double / to redouble / to increase many times over / to multiply by a factor / multiplication

> 下雨以后，路上的危险倍增。
> Xiàyǔ yǐhòu, lùshang de wēixiǎn bèizēng.
> After the rain, the dangers on the road multiplied many times over.

方方面面
fāngfāngmiànmiàn all sides / all aspects / multifaceted

> 做决定前，要考虑到方方面面。
> Zuò juédìng qián, yào kǎolǜ dào fāngfāng-miànmiàn.
> Before making a decision, you have to consider all aspects.

岁数 歲數
suìshu age (number of years old)

> 你多大岁数了？
> Nǐ duō dà suìshu le?
> How old are you?

浴室
yùshì bathroom / shower room / bathhouse

> 浴室在哪里？
> Yùshì zài nǎlǐ?
> Where are the showers?

看不起
kànbuqǐ to look down upon / to despise

> 她看不起他。
> Tā kànbùqǐ tā.
> She despised him.

人工智能
réngōngzhìnéng artificial intelligence (AI)

> 我儿子在大学学人工智能。
> Wǒ érzi zài dàxué xué réngōngzhìnéng.
> My son is studying artificial intelligence at university.

场次 場次
chǎngcì the number of showings of a movie, play etc / screening / performance

> 你想看哪一个场次的演出？
> Nǐ xiǎng kàn nǎ yí gè chǎngcì de yǎnchū?
> Which performance do you want to see?

钢笔 鋼筆
gāngbǐ fountain pen

> 他有些钢笔。
> Tā yǒuxiē gāngbǐ.
> He has a few pens.

用处 用處
yòngchu usefulness

> 那对我没有用处。
> Nà duì wǒ méiyǒu yòngchu.
> That is useless to me.

旱灾 旱災
hànzāi drought

> 旱灾过后，很多人离开了老家。
> Hànzāi guòhòu, hěn duō rén líkāile lǎojiā.
> After the drought, many people left their hometown.

免税 免稅
miǎnshuì not liable to taxation (of monastery, imperial family etc) / tax free / duty free (shop)

> 这笔收入是免税的吗？
> Zhè bǐ shōurù shì miǎnshuì de ma?
> Is this income tax free?

家居
jiājū home / residence / to stay at home (unemployed)

> 她喜欢在周末看家居杂志。
> Tā xǐhuan zài zhōumò kàn jiājū zázhì.
> She likes reading home magazines on weekends.

自来水 自來水
zìláishuǐ running water / tap water

> 山上的村子还没有自来水。
> Shānshàng de cūnzi hái méiyǒu zìláishuǐ.
> The village up in the mountains still has no running water.

初等
chūděng elementary (i.e. easy)

> 这本书适合学初等数学的孩子。
> Zhè běn shū shìhé xué chūděng shùxué de háizi.
> This book is suitable for children learning elementary math.

奖牌 獎牌
jiǎngpái medal (awarded as a prize)

> 你想把奖牌放在哪里？
> Nǐ xiǎng bǎ jiǎngpái fàng zài nǎlǐ?
> Where do you want to put the medal?

感想
gǎnxiǎng impressions / reflections / thoughts

> 你对这一切有什么感想？
> Nǐ duì zhè yíqiè yǒu shénme gǎnxiǎng?
> How did you feel about all that?

内衣 內衣
nèiyī undergarment / underwear

> 我没穿内衣。
> Wǒ méi chuān nèiyī.
> I'm not wearing any underwear.

减压 減壓
jiǎnyā to reduce pressure / to relax

> 你如何减压？
> Nǐ rúhé jiǎnyā?
> How do you relieve stress?

动漫 動漫
dòngmàn cartoons and comics / anime and manga / cartoon (animated movie) / anime

> 她喜欢画动漫里的人物。
> Tā xǐhuan huà dòngmàn lǐ de rénwù.
> She likes drawing characters from anime and manga.

家家户户 家家戶戶
jiājiāhùhù each and every family (idiom) / every household

> 天黑了，家家户户亮起了灯。
> Tiānhēi le, jiājiā-hùhù liàng qǐle dēng.
> It got dark, and the lights came on in every home.

年终 年終
niánzhōng end of the year

> 年终前我想去旅行。
> Niánzhōng qián wǒ xiǎng qù lǚxíng.
> I want to go traveling before the end of the year.

淘气 淘氣
táoqì naughty / mischievous

> 我家弟弟特别淘气。
> Wǒ jiā dìdi tèbié táoqì.
> My little brother is especially naughty.

订婚 訂婚
dìnghūn to get engaged

> 我跟她订婚了。
> Wǒ gēn tā dìnghūnle.
> I am engaged to her.

空闲 空閒
kòngxián free / unoccupied / leisure / spare time / unused / idle / vacant

> 你空闲时间喜欢做什么？
> Nǐ kòngxián shíjiān xǐhuan zuò shénme?
> What do you like to do in your free time?

口感
kǒugǎn mouthfeel / texture (of food)

> 我不喜欢这种水果的口感。
> Wǒ bù xǐhuan zhèzhǒng shuǐguǒ de kǒugǎn.
> I don't like the texture of this fruit.

求婚
qiúhūn to propose marriage

> 他向你求婚了吗？
> Tā xiàng nǐ qiúhūnle ma?
> Did he propose to you?

旅程
lǚchéng journey / trip

> 旅程的机票订好了吗?
> Lǚchéng de jīpiào dìng hǎole ma?
> Have the plane tickets for the trip been booked?

近视 近視
jìnshì myopic / nearsighted / shortsighted

> 你近视多少度了?
> Nǐ jìnshì duōshǎo dù le?
> How strong is your nearsighted prescription now?

成语 成語
chéngyǔ Chinese set expression, typically of 4 characters, often alluding to a story or historical quotation / idiom / proverb / saying / adage

> 他说话时爱用成语。
> Tā shuōhuà shí ài yòng chéngyǔ.
> He likes to use idioms when he talks.

暖气 暖氣
nuǎnqì central heating / heater / warm air

> 冬天暖气热不热?
> Dōngtiān nuǎnqì rè bú rè?
> Does the heating work in the winter?

发炎 發炎
fāyán to become inflamed / inflammation

> 我的嗓子有点发炎了。
> Wǒ de sǎngzi yǒudiǎn fāyán le.
> My throat is a little inflamed.

一帆风顺 一帆風順
yīfānfēngshùn propitious wind throughout the journey (idiom) / plain sailing / to go smoothly / have a nice trip!

> 人生不会总是一帆风顺的。
> Rénshēng búhuì zǒngshì yìfānfēngshùn de.
> Life is not always plain sailing.

灰心
huīxīn to lose heart / to be discouraged

> 考试没过，你别灰心。
> Kǎoshì méiguò, nǐ bié huīxīn.
> You didn't pass the exam, but don't lose heart.

耳环 耳環
ěrhuán earring

> 她今天戴了一对红色的耳环。
> Tā jīntiān dàile yíduì hóngsè de ěrhuán.
> She is wearing a pair of red earrings today.

好客
hàokè hospitality / to treat guests well / to enjoy having guests / hospitable / friendly

> 我们的邻居非常好客。
> Wǒmen de línjū fēicháng hàokè.
> Our neighbors are very hospitable.

儿科 兒科
érkē pediatrics

> 医院的儿科在三楼。
> Yīyuàn de érkē zài sān lóu.
> The hospital's pediatrics department is on the third floor.

味觉 味覺
wèijué sense of taste / gustation

> 人的味觉主要靠舌头。
> Rén de wèijué zhǔyào kào shétou.
> Human gustation relies mainly on the tongue.

选修 選修
xuǎnxiū to take as an elective / an elective / elective (subject)

> 你打算选修哪门课?
> Nǐ dǎsuàn xuǎnxiū nǎ mén kè?
> Which course are you planning to take as an elective?

性价比 性價比
xìngjiàbǐ cost-performance ratio

> 买东西时，你看重性价比吗?
> Mǎi dōngxi shí, nǐ kànzhòng xìngjiàbǐ ma?
> When you shop, do you care about cost-performance ratio?

香肠 香腸
xiāngcháng sausage

> 你见过做香肠吗?
> Nǐ jiànguo zuò xiāngcháng ma?
> Have you ever seen sausage being made?

饮用水 飲用水
yǐnyòngshuǐ drinking water / potable water

> 地震后，当地最缺的是饮用水。
> Dìzhèn hòu, dāngdì zuì quē de shì yǐnyòngshuǐ.
> After the earthquake, what the area lacked most was drinking water.