CHINESE BOOST

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 15

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 15 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
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Words

阐述 闡述

chǎnshù to expound (a position) / to elaborate (on a topic) / to treat (a subject)

> 他简单地阐述了他的理由。
> Tā jiǎndān de chǎnshùle tā de lǐyóu.
> He gave his reasons in brief.

中叶 中葉

zhōngyè mid- (e.g. mid-century) / middle period

> 老房子建于清朝中叶。
> Lǎo fángzi jiàn yú qīngcháo zhōngyè.
> The old house was built in the mid-Qing dynasty.

念头 念頭

niàntou thought / idea / intention

> 我没有一点退休的念头。
> Wǒ méiyǒu yìdiǎn tuìxiū de niàntou.
> I don't have the slightest intention of retiring.

挣扎 掙扎

zhēngzhá to struggle

> 他躺在床上挣扎了很久，才起床。
> Tā tǎng zài chuáng shàng zhēngzhále hěn jiǔ, cái qǐchuáng.
> He struggled in bed for a long time before getting up.

突击 突擊

tūjī sudden and violent attack / assault / fig. rushed job / concentrated effort to finish a job quickly

> 考试前才突击，很容易忘。
> Kǎoshì qián cái tūjī, hěn róngyì wàng.
> If you only cram right before the exam, you forget easily.

逆

nì to rebel / contrary / backwards / opposite / to go against / to oppose / to betray / to meet / to welcome / to receive

> 他逆着人群往出口走。
> Tā nìzhe rénqún wǎng chūkǒu zǒu.
> He walked toward the exit against the crowd.

湿润 濕潤

shīrùn moist

> 下过雨以后，空气变得很湿润。
> Xià guò yǔ yǐhòu, kōngqì biànde hěn shīrùn.
> After the rain, the air became very moist.

前线 前線

qiánxiàn front line / military front / workface / cutting edge

> 士兵们已经到达前线了。
> Shìbīngmen yǐjīng dàodá qiánxiàn le.
> The soldiers have already reached the front.

舱 艙

cāng cabin / the hold of a ship or airplane

> 货物都装进了舱里。
> Huòwù dōu zhuāng jìnle cāng lǐ.
> The cargo has all been loaded into the hold.

反击 反擊

fǎnjī to strike back / to beat back / to counterattack

> 没有发动反击。
> Méiyǒu fādòng fǎnjī.
> No counterattack was launched.

盛产 盛產

shèngchǎn to produce in abundance / to be rich in

> 该国盛产石油。
> Gāi guó shèngchǎn shíyóu.
> That country abounds in oil.

航行

hángxíng to sail / to fly / to navigate

> 小船沿着河道慢慢航行。
> Xiǎochuán yánzhe hédào mànmàn hángxíng.
> The small boat sailed slowly along the river.

剥削 剝削

bōxuē to exploit / exploitation

> 老板不应该剥削工人。
> Lǎobǎn bù yīnggāi bōxuē gōngrén.
> Bosses should not exploit their workers.

罢工 罷工

bàgōng a strike / to go on strike

> 我们在罢工。
> Wǒmen zài bàgōng.
> We are on strike.

陷

xiàn to fall (to the enemy) / to frame (false charge) / defect / to capture (a city in battle) / to cave in / to sink / trap / to get stuck / pitfall

> 这辆车陷在泥里了。
> Zhè liàng chē xiàn zài ní lǐ le.
> The car got stuck in the mud.

搂 摟

lǒu to hold in one's arms / to hug / to embrace
lōu to grab (money) / to draw towards oneself / to gather / to gather up (one's gown, sleeves etc) / to extort / to pull back with the finger / to squeeze (a trigger)
lóu to pull / to drag along

> 她怀里搂着一只小猫。
> Tā huáilǐ lǒuzhe yìzhī xiǎomāo.
> She holds a kitten in her arms.

章程

zhāngchéng rules / regulations / constitution / statute / articles of association (of company) / articles of incorporation / charter (of a corporation) / by-laws

> 组织的章程需要修改了。
> Zǔzhī de zhāngchéng xūyào xiūgǎile.
> The organization's constitution needs to be amended.

出台 出臺

chūtái to officially launch (a policy, program etc) / to appear on stage / to appear publicly / to leave with a client

> 市里最近出台了新的停车规定。
> Shìlǐ zuìjìn chūtáile xīn de tíngchē guīdìng.
> The city recently rolled out new parking rules.

古怪

gǔguài strange / weird / eccentric / bizarre

> 我知道人们认为我古怪。
> Wǒ zhīdào rénmen rènwéi wǒ gǔguài.
> I know people think I'm odd.

资助 資助

zīzhù to subsidize / to provide financial aid / subsidy

> 她拒绝了我的资助。
> Tā jùjuéle wǒ de zīzhù.
> She turned down the subsidy that I offered.

空前

kōngqián unprecedented

> 演出获得了空前的成功。
> Yǎnchū huòdéle kōngqián de chénggōng.
> The show was an unprecedented success.

乃至

nǎizhì and even / to go so far as to

> 他会说英语，乃至日语。
> Tā huì shuō Yīngyǔ, nǎizhì Rìyǔ.
> He can speak English, and even Japanese.

疯 瘋

fēng insane / mad / wild

> 你们都疯了。
> Nǐmen dōu fēngle.
> You're all crazy.

罢免 罷免

bàmiǎn to remove sb from their post / to dismiss

> 董事会罢免了总经理。
> Dǒngshìhuì bàmiǎnle zǒngjīnglǐ.
> The board of directors dismissed the general manager.

兑 兌

duì to exchange / to cash / to blend / to add (liquid) / one of the Eight Trigrams /☱卦[ba1 gua4], symbolizing swamp / ☱ / surname Dui
ruì sharp / pointed

> 便利店出兑。
> Biànlìdiàn chū duì.
> The convenience store ran out of business.

焦

jiāo anxious / coke / joule (abbr. for 焦耳[jiao1 er3]) / worried / surname Jiao / scorched / burnt / charred

> 锅底的饭已经焦了。
> Guōdǐ de fàn yǐjīng jiāole.
> The rice at the bottom of the pot is already charred.

尊严 尊嚴

zūnyán dignity / sanctity / honor / majesty

> 请以尊严对待我。
> Qǐng yǐ zūnyán duìdài wǒ.
> Treat me with dignity.

通车 通車

tōngchē to open to traffic (e.g. new bridge, rail line etc) / to have a transportation service / to commute

> 高铁明年春天就通车了。
> Gāotiě míngnián chūntiān jiù tōngchē le.
> The high-speed rail line will open next spring.

应付 應付

yìngfu to deal with / to cope

> 她无法应付压力。
> Tā wúfǎ yìngfu yālì.
> She is unable to cope with stress.

药材 藥材

yàocái medicinal ingredient

> 药材要放在干燥的地方。
> Yàocái yào fàng zài gānzào de dìfang.
> Medicinal herbs should be kept in a dry place.

戳

chuō stamp / seal / to stab / to jab / to poke / to sprain / to blunt / to fuck (vulgar) / to stand / to stand (sth) upright

> 她在他的背上戳了一下。
> Tā zài tā de bèi shàng chuōle yíxià.
> She stabbed him in the back.

耐

nài to bear / to endure / to withstand

> 你再耐着性子等一等。
> Nǐ zài nài zhe xìngzi děngyìděng.
> Please be patient and wait a little longer.

偏偏
piānpiān (indicating that sth turns out just the opposite of what one would wish) unfortunately / as it happened / (indicating that sth is the opposite of what would be normal or reasonable) stubbornly / contrarily / against reason / (indicating that sb or a group is singled out) precisely / only / of all people

> 我刚出门，偏偏下起了大雨。
> Wǒ gāng chūmén, piānpiān xià qǐle dàyǔ.
> I had just stepped outside when, of all times, it started pouring.

劫
jié to rob / calamity / to plunder / to seize by force / to coerce

> 那家银行昨天被人劫了。
> Nà jiā yínháng zuótiān bèi rén jiéle.
> That bank was robbed yesterday.

不准
bùzhǔn not to allow / to forbid / to prohibit / inaccurate / not correct

> 不准在外面哭。
> Bùzhǔn zài wàimiàn kū.
> No crying outside.

作物
zuòwù crop

> 我们种植各种的作物。
> Wǒmen zhòngzhí gèzhǒng de zuòwù.
> We grow a variety of crops.

呼吁 呼籲
hūyù to call on (sb to do sth) / to appeal (to) / an appeal

> 市民向政府呼吁增加公园。
> Shìmín xiàng zhèngfǔ hūyù zēngjiā gōngyuán.
> Residents appealed to the government to build more parks.

珍稀
zhēnxī rare / precious and uncommon

> 熊猫是我国的珍稀动物。
> Xióngmāo shì wǒguó de zhēnxī dòngwù.
> The panda is a precious and rare animal of our country.

侵犯
qīnfàn to infringe on / to encroach on / to violate / to assault

> 不要侵犯她的隐私。
> Búyào qīnfàn tā de yǐnsī.
> Don't intrude on her privacy.

后勤 後勤
hòuqín logistics

> 这次活动的后勤工作由他负责。
> Zhècì huódòng de hòuqín gōngzuò yóu tā fùzé.
> He is in charge of the logistics for this event.

安定
āndìng stable / calm / settled / to stabilize / Valium / diazepam

> 他们在乡村安定了下来。
> Tāmen zài xiāngcūn āndìngle xiàlai.
> They settled in the country.

垮
kuǎ to collapse (lit. or fig.)

> 生意不好，小店垮了。
> Shēngyi bù hǎo, xiǎodiàn kuǎle.
> Business was bad, and the little shop went under.

发作 發作
fāzuò to flare up / to break out

> 她忍了很久，终于发作了。
> Tā rěnle hěn jiǔ, zhōngyú fāzuòle.
> She held back for a long time, then finally lost her temper.

大片
dàpiàn wide expanse / large area / vast stretch / extending widely / blockbuster movie

> 山坡上开着大片的油菜花。
> Shānpō shàng kāizhe dàpiàn de yóucàihuā.
> Large areas of rapeseed flowers are in bloom on the hillside.

有意
yǒuyì to intend / intentionally / interested in

> 有意者可自行报名。
> Yǒuyìzhě kě zìxíng bàomíng.
> Those who are interested may sign up voluntarily.

板块 板塊
bǎnkuài slab / tectonic plate / sector (of the stock market or of industry) / bloc

> 你为什么看好这个板块?
> Nǐ wèishénme kànhǎo zhège bǎnkuài?
> Why are you optimistic about this sector?

回归 回歸
huíguī to return to / to retreat / regression (statistics)

> 他终于回归了平静的生活。
> Tā zhōngyú huíguīle píngjìng de shēnghuó.
> He finally returned to a peaceful life.

真理
zhēnlǐ truth

> 真理子擅长说英语。
> Zhēnlǐ zǐ shàncháng shuō Yīngyǔ.
> Mariko speaks English well.

邀
yāo to invite / to seek / to intercept / to request / to solicit

> 我邀了他一起晚餐。
> Wǒ yāole tā yìqǐ wǎncān.
> I invited him to dinner.

天堂
tiāntáng paradise / heaven

> 我要怎么上天堂?
> Wǒ yào zěnme shàng tiāntáng?
> How can I get to heaven?