CHINESE BOOST

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 29

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 29 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

妥协 妥協
tuǒxié to compromise / to reach terms / a compromise

> 我们试着和他们妥协。
> Wǒmen shìzhe hé tāmen tuǒxié.
> We tried to compromise with them.

宝库 寶庫
bǎokù treasure-house / treasury / treasure-trove (often fig., book of treasured wisdom)

> 国家的宝库里放着很多金子。
> Guójiā de bǎokù lǐ fàngzhe hěn duō jīnzi.
> The country's treasury holds a great deal of gold.

转型 轉型
zhuǎnxíng to undergo fundamental change / to transition / to transform / to update (to a new model of product)

> 传统商店为什么要转型?
> Chuántǒng shāngdiàn wèishénme yào zhuǎnxíng?
> Why do traditional shops need to change their business model?

陈述 陳述
chénshù to state / to declare

> 我想撤回我之前的陈述。
> Wǒ xiǎng chèhuí wǒ zhīqián de chénshù.
> I would like to retract my previous statement.

一味
yīwèi persistently / stubbornly / blindly

> 你不能一味地怪别人。
> Nǐ bùnéng yíwèi de guài biéren.
> You can't just keep blaming others blindly.

体质 體質
tǐzhì constitution / underlying physical condition / physical makeup / (of an organization, society etc) structural soundness

> 我体质不好，一变天就感冒。
> Wǒ tǐzhì bù hǎo, yí biàntiān jiù gǎnmào.
> I have a weak constitution and catch a cold whenever the weather changes.

保守
bǎoshǒu to keep / conservative / to guard

> 我们很保守。
> Wǒmen hěn bǎoshǒu.
> We're conservative.

历程 歷程
lìchéng course / process

> 学好一门语言是一个漫长的历程。
> Xuéhǎo yìmén yǔyán shì yí gè màncháng de lìchéng.
> Learning a language well is a long process.

脱身 脫身
tuōshēn to get away / to escape (from obligations) / to free oneself / to disengage

> 她想找个机会脱身。
> Tā xiǎng zhǎo gè jīhuì tuōshēn.
> She wants to find a chance to disengage.

荣获 榮獲
rónghuò be honored with

> 他荣获了全国冠军。
> Tā rónghuò le quánguó guànjūn.
> He was honored with the national championship title.

豹
bào leopard / panther

> 豹跑得很快，比狮子还快。
> Bào pǎo de hěn kuài, bǐ shīzi hái kuài.
> A leopard runs very fast, even faster than a lion.

长期以来 長期以來
chángqīyǐlái for a long time

> 长期以来，这个村子都缺水。
> Chángqīyǐlái, zhège cūnzi dōu quēshuǐ.
> For a long time, this village has been short of water.

提拔
tíbá to promote to a higher job / to select for promotion

> 谁会被提拔当经理呢?
> Shéi huì bèi tíbá dāng jīnglǐ ne?
> Who will be picked for promotion to manager?

山寨
shānzhài fortified hill village / mountain stronghold (esp. of bandits) / knockoff (goods) / counterfeit / imitation

> 他买到了山寨手机，很后悔。
> Tā mǎi dàole shānzhài shǒujī, hěn hòuhuǐ.
> He bought a counterfeit phone and regrets it a lot.

闪烁 閃爍
shǎnshuò to glisten / to glitter / to twinkle / to flicker / to be evasive / to equivocate

> 无数星星在天上闪烁。
> Wúshù xīngxing zài tiānshàng shǎnshuò.
> Countless stars were twinkling in the sky.

问世 問世
wènshì to be published / to come out

> 新手机一问世，就卖得很好。
> Xīn shǒujī yí wènshì, jiù mài de hěn hǎo.
> As soon as the new phone came out, it sold very well.

无穷 無窮
wúqióng endless / boundless / inexhaustible

> 夜空中有无穷的星星。
> Yèkōng zhōng yǒu wúqióng de xīngxing.
> There are boundless stars in the night sky.

呻吟
shēnyín to moan / to groan

> 他疼得在床上不停地呻吟。
> Tā téng de zài chuáng shàng bùtíng de shēnyín.
> He was in so much pain that he kept groaning in bed.

喜悦 喜悅
xǐyuè happy / joyous

> 她的眼睛闪烁着喜悦的光芒。
> Tā de yǎnjing shǎnshuòzhe xǐyuè de guāngmáng.
> Her eyes were shining with joy.

断裂 斷裂
duànliè fracture / rupture / to break apart

> 他骑车摔倒后，腿骨断裂了。
> Tā qíchē shuāidǎo hòu, tuǐ gǔ duànlièle.
> After he fell off his bike, his leg bone was fractured.

显赫 顯赫
xiǎnhè illustrious / celebrated

> 他出生在一个显赫的家庭。
> Tā chūshēng zài yí gè xiǎnhè de jiātíng.
> He was born into an illustrious family.

风气 風氣
fēngqì general mood / atmosphere / common practice

> 这里有早起锻炼的风气。
> Zhèlǐ yǒu zǎoqǐ duànliàn de fēngqì.
> It is common practice here to exercise early in the morning.

驱动 驅動
qūdòng to drive / to propel / drive (vehicle wheel) / drive mechanism (tape or disk) / device driver (computing software)

> 打印机需要先安装驱动。
> Dǎyìnjī xūyào xiān ānzhuāng qūdòng.
> The printer needs a driver installed first.

性情
xìngqíng nature / temperament

> 他的性情古怪。
> Tā de xìngqíng gǔguài.
> He's a strange character.

举措 舉措
jǔcuò move / act / measure

> 政府出台了新的举措。
> Zhèngfǔ chūtáile xīn de jǔcuò.
> The government has introduced new measures.

事宜
shìyí matters / arrangements

> 他处理该事宜。
> Tā chǔlǐ gāi shìyí.
> He acted on the matter.

桩 樁
zhuāng stump / stake / pile / classifier for events, cases, transactions, affairs etc
chōng to strike / to ram

> 他把一根桩钉进地里。
> Tā bǎ yìgēn zhuāng dìng jìn dìlǐ.
> He drove a stake into the ground.

交叉
jiāochā to cross / to intersect / to overlap

> 她双手交叉放在胸前。
> Tā shuāngshǒu jiāochā fàng zài xiōngqián.
> She held her hands crossed in front of her chest.

效力
xiàolì effectiveness / positive effect / to serve (in some capacity)

> 这种药的效力很强。
> Zhèzhǒng yào de xiàolì hěn qiáng.
> This medicine is very potent.

私营 私營
sīyíng privately-owned / private

> 他父亲开了一家私营工厂。
> Tā fùqīn kāile yìjiā sīyíng gōngchǎng.
> His father opened a privately-owned factory.

声势 聲勢
shēngshì fame and power / prestige / influence / impetus / momentum

> 他们想先造点声势。
> Tāmen xiǎng xiān zào diǎn shēngshì.
> They want to build up some momentum first.

亲手 親手
qīnshǒu with one's own hands / personally

> 他为我亲手所杀。
> Tā wèi wǒ qīnshǒu suǒ shā.
> He was killed by my hand.

以至于 以至於
yǐzhìyú down to / up to / to the extent that...

> 土豆太热，以至于烫到了我的嘴。
> Tǔdòu tài rè, yǐzhìyú tàng dàole wǒ de zuǐ.
> The potato was so hot that it burned my mouth.

动弹 動彈
dòngtan to budge

> 别动弹，让医生看看你的腿！
> Bié dòngtan, ràng yīshēng kànkan nǐ de tuǐ!
> Don't move, let the doctor look at your leg!

地毯
dìtǎn carpet / rug

> 他卖旧地毯。
> Tā mài jiù dìtǎn.
> He sells old carpets.

声称 聲稱
shēngchēng to claim / to state / to proclaim / to assert

> 她声称自己没罪。
> Tā shēngchēng zìjǐ méi zuì.
> She declared that she was not guilty.

感慨
gǎnkǎi to sigh with sorrow, regret etc / rueful / deeply moved

> 时间过得真快，她不禁感慨。
> Shíjiān guò de zhēn kuài, tā bùjīn gǎnkǎi.
> Time flies, and she couldn't help sighing ruefully.

歼灭 殲滅
jiānmiè to wipe out / to crush / to annihilate

> 军队歼灭了入侵的敌人。
> Jūnduì jiānmièle rùqīn de dírén.
> The army annihilated the invading enemy.

除去
chúqù to eliminate / to remove / except for / apart from

> 除去周日，我每天都要上班。
> Chúqù zhōurì, wǒ měitiān dōu yào shàngbān.
> Except for Sundays, I have to work every day.

相近
xiāngjìn close / similar to

> 两个学校的位置很相近。
> Liǎng gè xuéxiào de wèizhi hěn xiāngjìn.
> The two schools are located very close to each other.

丛林 叢林
cónglín jungle / thicket / forest / Buddhist monastery

> 那是丛林狼吗？
> Nà shì cónglín láng ma?
> Is that a coyote?

器械
qìxiè apparatus / instrument / equipment / weapon

> 健身房里的器械都很新。
> Jiànshēnfáng lǐ de qìxiè dōu hěn xīn.
> The equipment in the gym is all very new.

境外
jìngwài outside (a country's) borders

> 他常去境外出差，很少在家。
> Tā cháng qù jìngwài chūchāi, hěn shǎo zàijiā.
> He often travels abroad on business and is rarely at home.

来历 來歷
láilì history / antecedents / origin

> 你知道这个词的来历吗？
> Nǐ zhīdào zhège cí de láilì ma?
> Do you know the origin of this word?

恶化 惡化
èhuà to worsen

> 经济情况恶化。
> Jīngjì qíngkuàng èhuà.
> The economic situation grew worse.

严谨 嚴謹
yánjǐn rigorous / strict / careful / well organized / meticulous

> 他的工作态度十分严谨。
> Tā de gōngzuò tàidu shífēn yánjǐn.
> His attitude toward work is extremely careful.

帐篷 帳篷
zhàngpeng tent

> 我们搭了帐篷。
> Wǒmen dāle zhàngpeng.
> We erected our tent.

歌剧 歌劇
gējù Western opera

> 他讨厌歌剧。
> Tā tǎoyàn gējù.
> He hates opera.

门槛 門檻
ménkǎn doorstep / sill / threshold / fig. knack or trick (esp. scheme to get sth cheaper)

> 参赛门槛非常高。
> Cānsài ménkǎn fēicháng gāo.
> The contest has very strict eligibility requirements.

公顷 公頃
gōngqǐng hectare

> 一公顷等于一万平方米。
> Yì gōngqǐng děngyú yí wàn píngfāngmǐ.
> One hectare equals ten thousand square meters.