HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 33

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 48 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 33 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

保密
bǎomì to keep sth confidential / to maintain secrecy

> 你应该保密的。
> Nǐ yīnggāi bǎomì de.
> You should have kept it secret.

尽头 盡頭
jìntóu end / extremity / limit

> 他觉得隧道好像没有尽头。
> Tā juéde suìdào hǎoxiàng méiyǒu jìntóu.
> He felt as if the tunnel had no end.

带头 帶頭
dàitóu to take the lead / to be the first / to set an example

> 谁愿意带头发言?
> Shéi yuànyì dàitóu fāyán?
> Who is willing to be the first to speak?

短暂 短暫
duǎnzàn of short duration / brief / momentary

> 人生十分短暂。
> Rénshēng shífēn duǎnzàn.
> Life is very short.

事务所 事務所
shìwùsuǒ business office / firm

> 你知道附近有会计事务所吗?
> Nǐ zhīdào fùjìn yǒu kuàijì shìwùsuǒ ma?
> Do you know if there's an accounting firm nearby?

开办 開辦
kāibàn to open / to start (a business etc) / to set up

> 新超市下个月就要开办了。
> Xīn chāoshì xiàgeyuè jiùyào kāibànle.
> The new supermarket is going to open next month.

坠 墜
zhuì to fall / to drop / to weigh down

> 书包太重，坠得肩膀疼。
> Shūbāo tài zhòng, zhuì de jiānbǎng téng.
> The schoolbag is so heavy that it weighs on my shoulders and hurts.

忍耐
rěnnài to endure / to put up with / to exercise patience

> 忍耐是有限度的。
> Rěnnài shì yǒu xiàndù de.
> Patience has its limits.

慌忙
huāngmáng in a great rush / in a flurry

> 雨一下，大家慌忙收衣服。
> Yǔ yíxià, dàjiā huāngmáng shōu yīfu.
> As soon as the rain started, everyone rushed to bring in the laundry.

掠夺 掠奪
lüèduó to plunder / to rob

> 强盗掠夺了路过的商人。
> Qiángdào lüèduóle lùguò de shāngrén.
> The bandits robbed the merchants passing by.

搏斗 搏鬥
bódòu to wrestle / to fight / to struggle

> 两只狗在院子里搏斗。
> Liǎng zhī gǒu zài yuànzi lǐ bódòu.
> Two dogs are fighting in the yard.

无可奈何 無可奈何
wúkěnàihé have no way out / have no alternative / abbr. to 無奈|无奈[wu2 nai4]

> 下雨了，我们也无可奈何。
> Xiàyǔle, wǒmen yě wúkěnàihé.
> It's raining, and there's nothing we can do about it.

刑法
xíngfǎ criminal law

> 哥哥在大学学刑法。
> Gēge zài dàxué xué xíngfǎ.
> My older brother studies criminal law at university.

女婿
nǚxu daughter's husband / son-in-law

> 你家女婿在哪儿工作?
> Nǐ jiā nǚxu zài nǎr gōngzuò?
> Where does your son-in-law work?

油画 油畫
yóuhuà oil painting

> 他喜欢画油画。
> Tā xǐhuan huà yóuhuà.
> He enjoys painting oil paintings.

迄今
qìjīn so far / to date / until now

> 迄今，他一直没有回信。
> Qìjīn, tā yìzhí méiyǒu huíxìn.
> So far, he still hasn't written back.

重用
zhòngyòng to put in an important position

> 新领导重用了几个老同事。
> Xīn lǐngdǎo zhòngyòngle jǐ ge lǎo tóngshì.
> The new leader promoted several old colleagues to important positions.

咽喉
yānhóu throat

> 喝口热水，润一润咽喉吧。
> Hē kǒu rèshuǐ, rùn yí rùn yānhóu ba.
> Have some hot water to soothe your throat.

四通八达 四通八達
sìtōngbādá roads open in all directions (idiom) / accessible from all sides

> 我家附近的路四通八达。
> Wǒ jiā fùjìn de lù sìtōng-bādá.
> The roads near my home lead everywhere.

诸位 諸位
zhūwèi everyone / Ladies and Gentlemen / Sirs

> 诸位请坐，会议马上开始。
> Zhūwèi qǐng zuò, huìyì mǎshàng kāishǐ.
> Everyone, please take a seat. The meeting is about to begin.

黎明
límíng dawn / daybreak

> 黎明时我们必须起床。
> Límíng shí wǒmen bìxū qǐchuáng.
> We must get up at dawn.

察觉 察覺
chájué to sense / to perceive / to become aware of / to detect

> 变化太小，察觉不出来。
> Biànhuà tài xiǎo, chájué bù chūlái.
> The change is too small to be observed.

呼唤 呼喚
hūhuàn to call out (a name etc) / to shout

> 你听见有人呼唤你吗？
> Nǐ tīngjiàn yǒurén hūhuàn nǐ ma?
> Did you hear someone calling you?

隐瞒 隱瞞
yǐnmán to conceal / to hide (a taboo subject) / to cover up the truth

> 我对你毫无隐瞒。
> Wǒ duì nǐ háowú yǐnmán.
> I have no secrets from you.

动荡 動蕩
dòngdàng unrest (social or political) / turmoil / upheaval / commotion

> 他在动荡的年代长大。
> Tā zài dòngdàng de niándài zhǎngdà.
> He grew up in a time of turmoil.

当晚 當晚
dàngwǎn the same evening
dāngwǎn on that evening

> 下雪了，当晚没人出门。
> Xiàxuěle, dàngwǎn méi rén chūmén.
> It snowed, and nobody went out that evening.

粪 糞
fèn dung / manure / to sweep away / to clear out filth / to manure / to fertilize

陈列 陳列
chénliè to display / to exhibit

> 货架上陈列着各种水果。
> Huòjià shàng chénliè zhe gèzhǒng shuǐguǒ.
> All kinds of fruit are displayed on the shelves.

压抑 壓抑
yāyì to constrain or repress emotions / oppressive / stifling / depressing / repression

> 没有窗户的房间很压抑。
> Méiyǒu chuānghu de fángjiān hěn yāyì.
> A room without windows feels stifling.

啃
kěn to gnaw / to nibble / to bite

> 老鼠把桌子腿啃坏了。
> Lǎoshǔ bǎ zhuōzi tuǐ kěn huàile.
> The mice gnawed the table leg to pieces.

显示器 顯示器
xiǎnshìqì display device / monitor

> 我想买一台新的显示器。
> Wǒ xiǎng mǎi yì tái xīn de xiǎnshìqì.
> I want to buy a new monitor.

望远镜 望遠鏡
wàngyuǎnjìng telescope / binoculars

> 用望远镜能看见星星。
> Yòng wàngyuǎnjìng néng kànjiàn xīngxing.
> You can see the stars using a telescope.

会晤 會晤
huìwù to meet (formally) / formal meeting

> 双方同意下个月再次会晤。
> Shuāngfāngtóngyì xiàgeyuè zàicì huìwù.
> Both sides agreed to meet again next month.

胸膛
xiōngtáng chest

> 他挺起胸膛，大步走上了台。
> Tā tǐngqǐ xiōngtáng, dàbù zǒu shàng le tái.
> He puffed out his chest and strode onto the stage.

雇
gù to employ / to hire / to rent

> 我们雇了他。
> Wǒmen gù le tā.
> We hired him.

不知不觉 不知不覺

bùzhībùjué unconsciously / unwittingly

> 不知不觉，天已经黑了。
> Bùzhī-bùjué, tiān yǐjīng hēile.
> Without noticing it, it had already gotten dark.

双重 雙重

shuāngchóng double

> 这次考试有双重意义。
> Zhècì kǎoshì yǒu shuāngchóng yìyì.
> This exam has a double significance.

无偿 無償

wúcháng free / no charge / at no cost

> 他无偿帮邻居修了水管。
> Tā wúcháng bāng línjū xiūle shuǐguǎn.
> He fixed his neighbor's water pipe free of charge.

流水

liúshuǐ running water / turnover

> 你听，窗外有流水的声音。
> Nǐ tīng, chuāng wài yǒu liúshuǐ de shēngyīn.
> Listen, there's the sound of running water outside the window.

债 債

zhài debt

> 他浑身是债。
> Tā húnshēn shì zhài.
> He is up to his ears in debt.

凹

āo concave / depressed / sunken / indented / female (connector etc)
wā (used in names)

> 这个盘子中间有点凹。
> Zhège pánzi zhōngjiān yǒudiǎn āo.
> The middle of this plate is a bit concave.

振兴 振興

zhènxīng to revive / to revitalize / to invigorate / to re-energize

> 我们要振兴家乡的经济。
> Wǒmen yào zhènxīng jiāxiāng de jīngjì.
> We want to revitalize our hometown's economy.

敷

fū enough / to apply (powder, ointment etc) / to spread / to lay out / sufficient (to cover)

> 她睡前在脸上敷面膜。
> Tā shuì qián zài liǎnshàng fū miànmó.
> She puts a face mask on before going to bed.

添加剂 添加劑

tiānjiājì additive / food additive

> 汽油里加了一种添加剂。
> Qìyóu lǐjiā le yìzhǒng tiānjiājì.
> An additive has been added to the gasoline.

莫名其妙

mòmíngqímiào baffling / bizarre / without rhyme or reason / inexplicable

> 他莫名其妙地发起火来。
> Tā mòmíngqímiào de fā qǐhuǒ lái.
> He flew into a rage for no reason at all.

发抖 發抖

fādǒu to tremble / to shake / to shiver

> 你还在发抖。
> Nǐ hái zài fādǒu.
> You're still shivering.

坚实 堅實

jiānshí firm and substantial / solid

> 你要先打下坚实的基础。
> Nǐ yào xiān dǎxià jiānshí de jīchǔ.
> You should first build a solid foundation.

引人注目

yǐnrénzhùmù to attract attention / eye-catching / conspicuous

不当 不當

bùdàng unsuitable / improper / inappropriate

> 操作不当可致机器损坏。
> Cāozuò búdàng kě zhì jīqì sǔnhuài.
> Improper operation can cause the machine to be damaged.

乐队 樂隊

yuèduì band / pop group

> 我的学校里有个乐队。
> Wǒ de xuéxiào lǐ yǒu gè yuèduì.
> My school has a band.