CHINESE BOOST

# HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 40

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 40 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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## Words

### 毒品
dúpǐn drugs / narcotics

> 对毒品说不。
> Duì dúpǐn shuō bù.
> Say no to drugs.

### 耸 聳
sǒng towering / to shrug / to excite / to raise up / high / lofty

> 小狗耸起耳朵听声音。
> Xiǎogǒu sǒng qǐ ěrduo tīng shēngyīn.
> The puppy perked up its ears to listen for the sound.

### 表述
biǎoshù to express / to articulate / to formulate

> 他不太会表述自己的想法。
> Tā bú tài huì biǎoshù zìjǐ de xiǎngfǎ.
> He is not very good at expressing his thoughts.

### 凸
tū to stick out / protruding / convex / male (connector etc)

> 人生不是凸的。
> Rénshēng bú shì tū de.
> Life is not convex.

### 整数 整數
zhěngshù whole number / integer (math.) / round figure

> 负三也是整数吗?
> Fù sān yě shì zhěngshù ma?
> Is negative three an integer too?

### 早日
zǎorì soon / at an early date / the early days / the past

> 希望早日再见到你。
> Xīwàng zǎorì zài jiàndào nǐ.
> I look forward to seeing you again very soon.

### 糊
hú blurry / unclear / muddled / paste / mush / thick gruel / to paste / to glue / scorched / burnt
hū to smear / to daub / to cover (a surface with sth sticky or paste-like)
hù paste / cream

> 你肯定脑子糊掉了。
> Nǐ kěndìng nǎozi hú diào le.
> You must be mentally exhausted.

### 颗粒 顆粒
kēlì kernel / granule / granulated (sugar, chemical product)

> 颗粒药要用热水冲开。
> Kēlì yào yào yòng rèshuǐ chōng kāi.
> Granule medicine should be dissolved in hot water.

### 别墅 別墅
biéshù villa

> 这栋别墅的主人是谁?
> Zhè dòng biéshù de zhǔrén shì shéi?
> Who owns this villa?

### 一经 一經
yījīng as soon as / once (an action has been completed)

> 一经试用，你就会喜欢它。
> Yìjīng shìyòng, nǐ jiù huì xǐhuan tā.
> Once you try it out, you'll like it.

### 烈士
lièshì martyr / man of ambition / person bent on great achievements

> 爷爷常给我讲烈士的故事。
> Yéye cháng gěi wǒ jiǎng lièshì de gùshi.
> Grandpa often tells me stories about martyrs.

### 亲身 親身
qīnshēn personally / oneself / first-hand

> 你亲身试过才知道好不好。
> Nǐ qīnshēn shìguo cái zhīdào hǎobùhǎo.
> You only know if it's good after trying it yourself.

### 发源地 發源地
fāyuándì place of origin / birthplace / source

> 那座山是三条河的发源地。
> Nà zuò shān shì sāntiáo hé de fāyuándì.
> That mountain is the source of three rivers.

### 繁衍
fányǎn to multiply / to reproduce / to increase gradually in number or quantity

> 兔子繁衍得特别快。
> Tùzi fányǎn de tèbié kuài.
> Rabbits multiply very quickly.

### 不由自主
bùyóuzìzhǔ can't help but / involuntarily

> 孩子不由自主地哭了起来。
> Háizi bùyóu-zìzhǔ de kūle qǐlai.
> The child began to cry involuntarily.

## 天生
tiānshēng nature / disposition / innate / natural

> 他天生热爱冒险。
> Tā tiānshēng rè'ài màoxiǎn.
> He has an innate love of adventure.

## 网民 網民
wǎngmín netizen / Internet user / online community member

> 网民应该保护自己的信息。
> Wǎngmín yīnggāi bǎohù zìjǐ de xìnxī.
> Internet users should protect their own information.

## 资讯 資訊
zīxùn information

> 请给我们更多资讯。
> Qǐng gěi wǒmen gèng duō zīxùn.
> Please send us more information.

## 亲热 親熱
qīnrè affectionate / intimate / warmhearted / to show affection for / to get intimate with sb

> 她亲热地拉着我的手。
> Tā qīnrè de lāzhe wǒ de shǒu.
> She took my hand affectionately.

## 大肆
dàsì wantonly / without restraint (of enemy or malefactor) / unbridled

> 有些人过节时大肆浪费食物。
> Yǒuxiē rén guòjié shí dàsì làngfèi shíwù.
> Some people waste food without restraint during the holidays.

## 抽屉 抽屜
chōuti drawer

> 抽屉里面有什么?
> Chōuti lǐmiàn yǒu shénme?
> What's in the drawer?

## 资深 資深
zīshēn senior / highly experienced / veteran

> 你认识资深的记者吗?
> Nǐ rènshi zīshēn de jìzhě ma?
> Do you know any veteran journalists?

## 慈善
císhàn benevolent / charitable

> 这不是慈善行为。
> Zhè bú shì císhàn xíngwéi.
> This isn't a charity.

## 精密
jīngmì accuracy / exact / precise / refined

> 这台仪器非常精密，请小心使用。
> Zhè tái yíqì fēicháng jīngmì, qǐng xiǎoxīn shǐyòng.
> This instrument is extremely precise, so please handle it carefully.

## 茫茫
mángmáng boundless / vast and obscure

> 茫茫大海上看不见一条船。
> Mángmáng dà hǎishàng kànbújiàn yìtiáo chuán.
> On the boundless sea, not a single boat could be seen.

## 衔接 銜接
xiánjiē to link up / to connect / to join

> 前后两段衔接得不太好。
> Qiánhòu liǎng duàn xiánjiē de bútàihǎo.
> The two paragraphs don't link up very well.

## 奔驰 奔馳
bēnchí to run quickly / to speed / to gallop / Mercedes-Benz, German car maker

> 一匹白马在草原上奔驰。
> Yìpǐ báimǎ zài cǎoyuán shàng bēnchí.
> A white horse galloped across the grassland.

## 摘要
zhāiyào summary / abstract

> 先读一下报告的摘要吧。
> Xiān dú yíxià bàogào de zhāiyào ba.
> Let's read the summary of the report first.

## 营救 營救
yíngjiù to rescue

> 船沉了，谁来营救我们?
> Chuán chénle, shéi lái yíngjiù wǒmen?
> The boat has sunk, so who will come to rescue us?

## 哽咽
gěngyè to choke with emotion / to choke with sobs

> 听到这个消息，他哽咽了。
> Tīngdào zhège xiāoxi, tā gěngyèle.
> Hearing the news, he choked up.

## 自发 自發
zìfā spontaneous

> 居民自发组织了清扫活动。
> Jūmín zìfā zǔzhīle qīngsǎo huódòng.
> The residents spontaneously organized a clean-up.

## 随身 隨身
suíshēn to (carry) on one's person / to (take) with one

> 你最好随身带把伞。
> Nǐ zuìhǎo suíshēn dài bǎ sǎn.
> You had better take an umbrella with you.

## 真空
zhēnkōng vacuum / vacuum / to not wear underwear

> 月球表面几乎是真空。
> Yuèqiú biǎomiàn jīhū shì zhēnkōng.
> The surface of the moon is almost a vacuum.

## 昏迷
hūnmí to lose consciousness / to be in a coma / stupor / coma / stunned / disoriented

> 病人已经昏迷三天了。
> Bìngrén yǐjīng hūnmí sāntiān le.
> The patient has been in a coma for three days.

## 被告
bèigào the defendant / the accused

> 被告的律师站了起来。
> Bèigào de lǜshī zhànle qǐlai.
> The defendant's lawyer stood up.

## 参照 參照
cānzhào to consult a reference / to refer to (another document)

> 他参照字典改了作文。
> Tā cānzhào zìdiǎn gǎile zuòwén.
> He revised his essay by consulting a dictionary.

## 失踪 失蹤
shīzōng to be missing / to disappear / unaccounted for

> 坦克失踪了。
> Tǎnkè shīzōngle.
> The tank vanished.

## 拎
līn to lift up / to carry in one's hand

> 你拎得动这么重的行李吗?
> Nǐ līn de dòng zhème zhòng de xíngli ma?
> Can you manage to carry such heavy luggage?

## 沿线 沿線
yánxiàn along the line (e.g. railway) / the region near the line

> 铁路沿线种了很多树。
> Tiělù yánxiàn zhǒng le hěn duō shù.
> Many trees have been planted along the railway.

## 用意
yòngyì intention / purpose

> 他送这份礼物有什么用意?
> Tā sòng zhè fèn lǐwù yǒu shénme yòngyì?
> What is his purpose in giving this gift?

## 天鹅 天鵝
tiān'é swan

> 这只天鹅是黑色的。
> Zhè zhī tiān'é shì hēisè de.
> This swan is black.

## 悲痛
bēitòng grieved / sorrowful

> 语言不能减轻她的悲痛。
> Yǔyán bùnéng jiǎnqīng tā de bēitòng.
> No words can relieve her deep sorrow.

## 揽 攬
lǎn to monopolize / to seize / to take into one's arms / to embrace / to fasten (with a rope etc) / to take on (responsibility etc) / to canvass

> 她总是把责任往自己身上揽。
> Tā zǒngshì bǎ zérèn wǎng zìjǐ shēnshang lǎn.
> She's always blaming herself.

## 耽搁 耽擱
dānge to delay / to hold up / to tarry / to stay / to put off

> 堵车耽搁了我半个小时。
> Dǔchē dāngele wǒ bànge xiǎoshí.
> The traffic jam held me up for half an hour.

## 不平
bùpíng uneven / injustice / unfairness / wrong / grievance / indignant / dissatisfied

> 这条路不平，开车要慢点。
> Zhè tiáo lù bùpíng, kāichē yào màn diǎn.
> This road is uneven, so drive slowly.

## 注释 注釋
zhùshì to annotate / to add a comment / explanatory note / annotation

> 看不懂的话，可以看看注释。
> Kànbùdǒng dehuà, kěyǐ kànkan zhùshì.
> If you don't understand, you can read the annotations.

## 捶
chuí to beat (with a stick or one's fist) / to thump / to pound

> 他气得捶了一下桌子。
> Tā qì de chuíle yíxià zhuōzi.
> He was so angry that he pounded the table.

## 收敛 收斂
shōuliǎn to dwindle / to vanish / to make vanish / to exercise restraint / to curb (one's mirth, arrogance etc) / to astringe / to converge

> 他脸上的笑容慢慢收敛了。
> Tā liǎnshàng de xiàoróng mànmàn shōuliǎnle.
> The smile on his face slowly faded away.

## 松树 松樹
sōngshù pine / pine tree

> 我喜欢松树林。
> Wǒ xǐhuan sōngshù lín.
> I love pine woods.

## 构建 構建
gòujiàn to construct (sth abstract)

> 构建良好的关系需要时间。
> Gòujiàn liánghǎo de guānxi xūyào shíjiān.
> Building a good relationship takes time.