CHINESE BOOST

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 41

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 41 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

紧迫 緊迫
jǐnpò pressing / urgent

> 交货的时间非常紧迫。
> Jiāohuò de shíjiān fēicháng jǐnpò.
> The delivery deadline is extremely pressing.

亲近 親近
qīnjìn (of people or relationships) close / intimate / to draw close to / to engage with / to become familiar with (nature, places, ideas, art etc)

> 我们像家人一样亲近。
> Wǒmen xiàng jiārén yíyàng qīnjìn.
> We are close like family.

宁愿 寧願
nìngyuàn would rather ... (than ...)

> 我宁愿分开。
> Wǒ nìngyuàn fēnkāi.
> I would rather be apart.

回应 回應
huíyìng to respond / response

> 反思并回应。
> Fǎnsī bìng huíyìng.
> Reflect and respond.

口音
kǒuyin accent / voice
kǒuyīn oral speech sounds

> 我有什么口音?
> Wǒ yǒu shénme kǒuyin?
> What accent have I got?

居于 居於
jūyú to occupy (a position)

> 哪个队居于第一名?
> Nǎge duì jūyú dìyīmíng?
> Which team is in first place?

照料
zhàoliào to tend / to take care of sb

> 她忙着照料孩子。
> Tā mángzhe zhàoliào háizi.
> She is busy with the care of her children.

惨重 慘重
cǎnzhòng disastrous

> 战争中双方伤亡都很惨重。
> Zhànzhēng zhōng shuāngfāng shāngwáng dōu hěn cǎnzhòng.
> Both sides suffered heavy casualties in the war.

削减 削減
xuējiǎn to cut down / to reduce / to lower

> 公司决定削减今年的开支。
> Gōngsī juédìng xuējiǎn jīnnián de kāizhī.
> The company decided to cut down this year's spending.

封面
fēngmiàn cover (of a publication)

> 这本杂志的封面很好看。
> Zhè běn zázhì de fēngmiàn hěn hǎokàn.
> The cover of this magazine looks great.

美学 美學
měixué aesthetics

> 她从小就对美学感兴趣。
> Tā cóngxiǎo jiù duì měixué gǎnxìngqù.
> She has been interested in aesthetics since she was little.

间谍 間諜
jiàndié spy

> 人们怀疑他是间谍。
> Rénmen huáiyí tā shì jiàndié.
> He was under suspicion of being a spy.

函
hán letter / envelope / case

> 这封函是谁写的?
> Zhè fēng hán shì shéi xiě de?
> Who wrote this letter?

哭泣
kūqì to weep

> 她开始哭泣。
> Tā kāishǐ kūqì.
> She began crying.

愚蠢
yúchǔn silly / stupid

> 愚蠢是智慧的缺乏。
> Yúchǔn shì zhìhuì de quēfá.
> Stupidity is a lack of intelligence.

留意
liúyì to be mindful / to pay attention to / to take note of

> 我会留意的。
> Wǒ huì liúyì de.
> I'll see to it.

税务 稅務
shuìwù taxation services / state revenue service

> 你应该去税务部门问一问。
> Nǐ yīnggāi qù shuìwù bùmén wèn yí wèn.
> You should go ask the tax authorities.

落成
luòchéng to complete a construction project

> 新图书馆明年春天就要落成了。
> Xīn túshūguǎn míngnián chūntiān jiùyào luòchéngle.
> The new library will be completed next spring.

调剂 調劑
tiáojì to adjust / to redistribute (resources etc) / (of an activity) to provide variety in one's daily life / to serve as a change of pace / to fill a prescription

> 养几盆花调剂一下心情。
> Yǎng jǐ pénhuā tiáojì yíxià xīnqíng.
> Keeping a few pots of flowers gives your mood a change of pace.

积蓄 積蓄
jīxù to save / to put aside / savings

> 他每个月都积蓄一点钱。
> Tā měige yuè dōu jīxù yìdiǎn qián.
> He saves a little money every month.

上任
shàngrèn to take office / previous (incumbent) / predecessor

> 新校长下个月就要上任了。
> Xīn xiàozhǎng xiàgeyuè jiùyào shàngrènle.
> The new principal will take office next month.

滥用 濫用
lànyòng to misuse / to abuse

> 他滥用了公司的钱。
> Tā lànyòngle gōngsī de qián.
> He misused the company's money.

聘
pìn to employ / to appoint / to betroth / to visit another state as an envoy on a diplomatic mission / (of a woman) to get married / to be marrried off

> 医院想聘几位护士。
> Yīyuàn xiǎng pìn jǐ wèi hùshi.
> The hospital wants to hire a few nurses.

解脱 解脫
jiětuō to untie / to free / to absolve of / to get free of / to extirpate oneself / to free oneself of worldly worries

> 明天我就解脱了。
> Míngtiān wǒ jiù jiětuōle.
> Tomorrow I will be set free.

逮
dǎi to catch / to seize / to capture
dài to arrest / to catch (in compounds only) / to reach
dì elegant and at ease / composed

> 猫逮住了一只老鼠。
> Māo dǎi zhùle yìzhī lǎoshǔ.
> The cat caught a mouse.

新式
xīnshì new style / latest type

> 他家买了一台新式洗衣机。
> Tā jiā mǎile yì tái xīnshì xǐyījī.
> His family bought a new-style washing machine.

无形 無形
wúxíng incorporeal / virtual / formless / invisible (assets) / intangible

> 空气是无形的。
> Kōngqì shì wúxíng de.
> Air is invisible.

民营 民營
mínyíng privately run (i.e. by a company, not the state)

> 我姐姐在一家民营医院工作。
> Wǒ jiějie zài yìjiā mínyíng yīyuàn gōngzuò.
> My older sister works at a privately run hospital.

监控 監控
jiānkòng to monitor

> 商店门口有摄像头在监控。
> Shāngdiàn ménkǒu yǒu shèxiàngtóu zài jiānkòng.
> There is a camera monitoring the entrance of the shop.

翘 翹
qiào to stick up / to rise on one end / to tilt
qiáo to raise / outstanding / to warp / to become uneven after drying

> 他翘着腿坐在沙发上。
> Tā qiàozhe tuǐ zuò zài shāfā shàng.
> He sat on the sofa with his leg raised and crossed.

非凡
fēifán out of the ordinary / unusually (good, talented etc)

> 他的智慧非凡。
> Tā de zhìhuì fēifán.
> He is remarkable for his wisdom.

讨好 討好
tǎohǎo to get the desired outcome / to win favor by fawning on sb / to curry favor with / a fruitful outcome to reward one's labor

> 那人很会讨好老板。
> Nà rén hěn huì tǎohǎo lǎobǎn.
> That man knows how to get on the president's good side.

香料
xiāngliào spice / flavoring / condiment / perfume

> 我喜欢香料。
> Wǒ xǐhuan xiāngliào.
> I like spices.

剃
tì to shave
他决定把头发全部剃掉。
Tā juédìng bǎ tóufa quánbù tì diào.
He decided to shave off all his hair.

帆
fān sail / sailboat
远处的帆慢慢消失了。
Yuǎnchù de fān mànmàn xiāoshī le.
The sail in the distance slowly disappeared.

年薪
niánxīn annual salary
你现在的年薪是多少?
Nǐ xiànzài de niánxīn shì duōshǎo?
What is your annual salary now?

擅自
shànzì without permission
他擅自把车借给了别人。
Tā shànzì bǎ chē jiègěile biéren.
He lent the car to someone else without permission.

轻微 輕微
qīngwēi slight / light / trivial / to a small extent
他只受了轻微的伤。
Tā zhǐ shòule qīngwēi de shāng.
He only suffered a slight injury.

住处 住處
zhùchù residence / dwelling
你现在的住处离公司远吗?
Nǐ xiànzài de zhùchù lí gōngsī yuǎn ma?
Is your current residence far from the company?

困惑
kùnhuò bewildered / perplexed / confused / perplexity / difficult problem
我真的很困惑。
Wǒ zhēnde hěn kùnhuò.
I was really confused.

埋怨
mányuàn to complain / to grumble (about) / to reproach / to blame
别再埋怨了。
Bié zài mányuànle.
Stop whining.

无能 無能
wúnéng incompetence / inability / incapable / powerless
老公性无能，我该怎么办?
Lǎogōng xìng wúnéng, wǒ gāi zěnmebàn?
What should I do if my husband is impotent?

抗拒
kàngjù to resist / to defy / to oppose
他抗拒命令，被批评了。
Tā kàngjù mìnglìng, bèi pīpíngle.
He defied the order and was criticized.

溶解
róngjiě to dissolve
盐放进热水里很快就溶解了。
Yán fàngjìn rèshuǐ lǐ hěn kuài jiù róngjiěle.
Salt dissolves quickly when you put it in hot water.

背叛
bèipàn to betray
谁背叛我们?
Shéi bèipàn wǒmen?
Who betrayed us?

降临 降臨
jiànglín to descend / to arrive / to come
不幸降临到他的头上。
Búxìng jiànglín dào tā de tóushàng.
A misfortune befell him.

举报 舉報
jǔbào to report (malefactors to the police) / to denounce
员工举报老板乱收钱。
Yuángōng jǔbào lǎobǎn luàn shōu qián.
An employee denounced the boss for charging money improperly.

正直
zhèngzhí upright / upstanding / honest
他很正直，大家都敬他。
Tā hěn zhèngzhí, dàjiā dōu jìng tā.
He is very upright, and everyone respects him.

沮丧 沮喪
jǔsàng dispirited / dejected / dismayed
我经常觉得沮丧。
Wǒ jīngcháng juéde jǔsàng.
I feel depressed often.

揣
chuǎi to figure / to guess / to estimate / to surmise
chuāi to put into (one's pockets, clothes)
chuài used in 囊揣[nang1 chuai4] / used in 掙揣|挣揣[zheng4 chuai4]
tuán gathered / massed together
zhuī to strike / to beat
弟弟把糖揣进了口袋。
Dìdi bǎ táng chuǎi jìnle kǒudài.
My younger brother tucked the candy into his pocket.