CHINESE BOOST

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 6

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 47 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 6 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
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Words

征
zhēng characteristic sign (used as proof) / expedition / to levy (taxes) / to recruit / to go on long campaign / to draft (troops) / symptom / to invite / evidence / journey / trip / to attack / phenomenon

> 公司在网上征人，要求不高。
> Gōngsī zài wǎngshàng zhēng rén, yāoqiú bù gāo.
> The company is recruiting online, and the requirements aren't high.

拔
bá to select / to stand out (above level) / to surpass / to draw out by suction / to seize / to pull up / to pull out / to pick

> 医生把我的牙拔了。
> Yīshēng bǎ wǒ de yá bále.
> The doctor pulled out my tooth.

自主
zìzhǔ to act independently / to be autonomous / to be in control of one's own affairs

> 孩子大了，要学会自主。
> Háizi dàle, yào xuéhuì zìzhǔ.
> The kids are grown up now, so they need to learn to be independent.

丝毫 絲毫
sīháo the slightest amount or degree / a bit

> 他丝毫没有放弃的意思。
> Tā sīháo méiyǒu fàngqì de yìsi.
> He has no intention whatsoever of giving up.

地带 地帶
dìdài zone

> 沙漠地带很少下雨。
> Shāmò dìdài hěn shǎo xiàyǔ.
> It rarely rains in desert zones.

抵触 抵觸
dǐchù to conflict / to contradict

> 这两条规定互相抵触。
> Zhè liǎng tiáo guīdìng hùxiāng dǐchù.
> These two rules conflict with each other.

进程 進程
jìnchéng course of events / process / process (a running instance of a program)

> 改革进程为什么放慢了？
> Gǎigé jìnchéng wèishénme fàngmànle?
> Why has the process of reform slowed down?

热带 熱帶
rèdài the tropics / tropical

> 香蕉主要生长在热带。
> Xiāngjiāo zhǔyào shēngzhǎng zài rèdài.
> Bananas mainly grow in the tropics.

领袖 領袖
lǐngxiù leader

> 他们把他奉为领袖。
> Tāmen bǎ tā fèng wéi lǐngxiù.
> They looked up to him as their leader.

表决 表決
biǎojué to decide by vote / to vote

> 小区的新规定还没有经过表决。
> Xiǎoqū de xīn guīdìng hái méiyǒu jīngguò biǎojué.
> The neighborhood's new rule has not yet been put to a vote.

无不 無不
wúbù none lacking / none missing / everything is there / everyone without exception

> 看过的人无不称赞它。
> Kànguo de rén wúbù chēngzàn tā.
> Everyone who has seen it praises it.

检察 檢察
jiǎnchá to inspect / to prosecute / to investigate

颁布 頒布
bānbù to issue / to proclaim / to enact (laws, decrees etc)

> 这部法律是去年颁布的。
> Zhè bù fǎlǜ shì qùnián bānbù de.
> This law was enacted last year.

司法
sīfǎ judicial / justice

> 司法部门正在调查这件事。
> Sīfǎ bùmén zhèngzài diàochá zhè jiàn shì.
> The judicial authorities are investigating this matter.

司令
sīlìng commanding officer

> 他爷爷年轻时当过司令。
> Tā yéye niánqīng shí dāng guò sīlìng.
> His grandfather was a commander when he was young.

煎
jiān to pan fry / to sauté

> 我去用锅煎一个蛋。
> Wǒ qù yòng guō jiān yí gè dàn.
> I am going to fry an egg in a pan.

吻
wěn kiss / to kiss / mouth

> 你欠我一个吻。
> Nǐ qiàn wǒ yí gè wěn.
> You owe me a kiss.

丘陵
qiūlíng hills

> 我老家在南方，那里多是丘陵。
> Wǒ lǎojiā zài nánfāng, nàli duō shì qiūlíng.
> My hometown is in the south, and it's mostly hills there.

临床 臨床
línchuáng clinical

> 他有丰富的临床经验。
> Tā yǒu fēngfù de línchuáng jīngyàn.
> He has a wealth of clinical experience.

政党 政黨
zhèngdǎng political party

> 几个政党组成联盟，共同执政。
> Jǐ ge zhèngdǎng zǔchéng liánméng, gòngtóng zhízhèng.
> Several parties formed a coalition and governed together.

任职 任職
rènzhí to hold a post / to take office

> 你父亲以前在哪里任职?
> Nǐ fùqīn yǐqián zài nǎlǐ rènzhí?
> Where did your father hold his post before?

指标 指標
zhǐbiāo target / quota / index / indicator / sign / signpost / pointer

> 检查的各项指标都正常。
> Jiǎnchá de gè xiàng zhǐbiāo dōu zhèngcháng.
> All the indicators in the checkup were normal.

董事会 董事會
dǒngshìhuì board of directors

> 昨天的董事会会议非常成功。
> Zuótiān de dǒngshìhuì huìyì fēicháng chénggōng.
> Yesterday's board meeting was a big success.

抵
dǐ to resist / to withstand / to arrive at / to reach / to balance / to offset / to make up for / to compensate for / to mortgage / to press against / to support / to prop up / to be equal to / to match / to clap (one's hands) lightly (expressing delight)
zhǐ to strike / to clap

> 他把房子抵给了银行。
> Tā bǎ fángzi dǐ gěi le yínháng.
> He mortgaged his house to the bank.

辐射 輻射
fúshè to radiate / radiation

相继 相繼
xiāngjì in succession / following closely

> 几位老同事相继退休了。
> Jǐ wèi lǎo tóngshì xiāngjì tuìxiūle.
> Several of the older colleagues retired one after another.

变革 變革
biàngé to transform / to change

> 新技术正在变革人们的生活。
> Xīn jìshù zhèngzài biàngé rénmen de shēnghuó.
> New technology is transforming people's lives.

局部
júbù part / local

> 先放大看看画的局部吧。
> Xiān fàngdà kànkan huà de júbù ba.
> Let's zoom in and look at one part of the painting first.

积 積
jī to amass / to accumulate / to store up / product (the result of multiplication) / constipation / indigestion

> 三乘以四，积是十二。
> Sān chéngyǐ sì, jī shì shí'èr.
> Three times four gives a product of twelve.

所属 所屬
suǒshǔ one's affiliation (i.e. the organization one is affiliated with) / subordinate (i.e. those subordinate to oneself) / belonging to / affiliated / under one's command

> 请写下你所属的部门。
> Qǐng xiěxià nǐ suǒshǔ de bùmén.
> Please write down the department you belong to.

予以
yǔyǐ to give / to impose / to apply

> 交警对酒驾司机予以罚款。
> Jiāojǐng duì jiǔjià sījī yǔyǐ fákuǎn.
> The traffic police fined the drunk driver.

当真 當真
dàngzhēn to take seriously / serious / No joking, really!

> 我开玩笑的，别当真。
> Wǒ kāiwánxiào de, bié dàngzhēn.
> I'm only joking; don't take me seriously.

灵魂 靈魂
línghún soul / spirit

> 眼睛是灵魂之窗。
> Yǎnjing shì línghún zhī chuāng.
> The eye is the window of the soul.

扩张 擴張

kuòzhāng expansion / dilation / to expand (e.g. one's power or influence) / to broaden

> 吃了药，血管会慢慢扩张。
> Chīle yào, xuèguǎn huì mànmàn kuòzhāng.
> After taking the medicine, the blood vessels will gradually dilate.

分裂

fēnliè to split up / to divide / to break up / fission / schism

主义 主義

zhǔyì -ism / ideology

> 书里讲了很多种主义。
> Shū lǐ jiǎngle hěn duōzhǒng zhǔyì.
> The book talks about many different isms.

呵

hē laughter (usu. reduplicated) / to expel breath / to scold / interjection of surprise
ā interjection expressing surprise or admiration
kē used in 呵叻[Ke1 le4], Khorat (Nakhon Ratchasima), a place in Thailand
á interjection expressing a question or request to repeat: eh? / what?
ǎ interjection expressing surprise or doubt: eh? / what?
à interjection expressing assent: oh / yes / all right / interjection expressing sudden realisation: oh / I see / interjection expressing admiration or amazement: oh / ah

> 呵，这个孩子都长这么高了！
> Ā, zhège háizi dōu cháng zhème gāole!
> Wow, this child has grown so tall already!

品德

pǐndé moral character

> 招人时，公司也看品德吗？
> Zhāo rén shí, gōngsī yě kàn pǐndé ma?
> When hiring, does the company also look at moral character?

探

tàn to explore / to visit / to scout / to search out / to stretch forward

> 你先去前面探探路，好吗？
> Nǐ xiān qù qiánmiàn tàn tànlù, hǎo ma?
> Can you go ahead and scout the road first?

共和国 共和國

gònghéguó republic

> 哪些国家是共和国？
> Nǎxiē guójiā shì gònghéguó?
> Which countries are republics?

腐败 腐敗

fǔbài corruption / to corrupt / to rot / rotten

> 肉放久了就会腐败。
> Ròu fàng jiǔle jiù huì fǔbài.
> Meat will rot if it is left out too long.

垂

chuí to hang (down) / to bestow / to condescend (honorific) / hand down / to approach / droop / dangle / bend down / bequeath / nearly / almost

> 花缺水，叶子都垂下来了。
> Huā quēshuǐ, yèzi dōu chuí xiàlai le.
> The flower lacks water, and its leaves are all drooping.

赐 賜

cì to confer / to bestow / to grant / gift / favor

> 皇帝的赐，他不敢不收。
> Huángdì de cì, tā bùgǎn bù shōu.
> He dared not refuse the emperor's gift.

斩 斬

zhǎn to behead (as form of capital punishment) / to chop

> 古代犯了大罪的人会被斩。
> Gǔdài fànle dà zuì de rén huì bèi zhǎn.
> In ancient times, people who committed serious crimes were beheaded.

外资 外資

wàizī foreign investment / foreign capital

> 外资公司的工资比较高。
> Wàizī gōngsī de gōngzī bǐjiào gāo.
> Foreign-funded companies pay relatively high salaries.

依法

yīfǎ legal (proceedings) / according to law

> 公司必须依法交税。
> Gōngsī bìxū yīfǎ jiāoshuì.
> Companies must pay taxes according to the law.

何况 何況

hékuàng let alone / to say nothing of / besides / what's more

> 大人都搬不动，何况是孩子。
> Dàren dōu bān bú dòng, hékuàng shì háizi.
> Even adults can't move it, let alone a child.

领土 領土

lǐngtǔ territory

> 军队占领了整片领土。
> Jūnduì zhànlǐngle zhěng piàn lǐngtǔ.
> The armed forces occupied the entire territory.

继 繼

jì to continue / to follow after / to succeed / afterwards / to inherit / to go on with / then

> 继哥哥之后，妹妹也当了兵。
> Jì gēge zhīhòu, mèimei yě dāng le bīng.
> After her older brother, the younger sister joined the army too.

布局 佈局

bùjú arrangement / composition / layout / opening (chess jargon)

> 这间房子的布局很合理。
> Zhè jiān fángzi de bùjú hěn hélǐ.
> The layout of this house is very sensible.