CHINESE BOOST

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 89

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 50 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 89 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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Words

暗地里 暗地裡
àndìli secretly / inwardly / on the sly

他暗地里帮了我很多忙。
Tā àndìli bāngle wǒ hěn duō máng.
He helped me a lot behind the scenes.

木偶
mù'ǒu puppet

他像木偶一样，只会听别人的话。
Tā xiàng mù'ǒu yíyàng, zhǐ huì tīng biéren de huà.
He's like a puppet, only doing what others tell him.

破例
pòlì to make an exception

我不能破例。
Wǒ bùnéng pòlì.
I can't make an exception.

衰减 衰減
shuāijiǎn to weaken / to attenuate

信号穿过厚墙以后会衰减很多。
Xìnhào chuānguò hòu qiáng yǐhòu huì shuāijiǎn hěn duō.
The signal attenuates a lot after passing through a thick wall.

奖赏 獎賞
jiǎngshǎng reward / prize / award

这是对你努力的奖赏。
Zhè shì duì nǐ nǔlì de jiǎngshǎng.
This is a reward for your hard work.

巅峰 巔峰
diānfēng summit / apex / pinnacle (of one's career etc) / peak (of a civilization etc)

她的事业正处在巅峰。
Tā de shìyè zhèng chǔzài diānfēng.
Her career is at its peak right now.

悦耳 悅耳
yuè'ěr sweet-sounding / beautiful (of sound)

他的声音很悦耳。
Tā de shēngyīn hěn yuè'ěr.
He has a pleasant voice.

树梢 樹梢
shùshāo the tip of a tree / treetop

小鸟站在树梢上唱歌。
Xiǎoniǎo zhàn zài shùshāo shàng chànggē.
A little bird is standing on the treetop singing.

根深蒂固
gēnshēndìgù deep-rooted (problem etc)

这种观念在当地根深蒂固。
Zhèzhǒng guānniàn zài dāngdì gēnshēndìgù.
This way of thinking is deeply rooted in the local area.

歹徒
dǎitú evildoer / malefactor / gangster / hoodlum

歹徒拿着刀冲进了商店。
Dǎitú názhe dāo chōngjìnle shāngdiàn.
The criminal rushed into the shop with a knife.

沸沸扬扬 沸沸揚揚
fèifèiyángyáng bubbling and gurgling / hubbubing / abuzz

谣言在村里传得沸沸扬扬。
Yáoyán zài cūnlǐ chuán de fèifèi-yángyáng.
The village is abuzz with rumours.

相约 相約
xiāngyuē to agree (on a meeting place, date etc) / to reach agreement / to make an appointment

老同学相约明年在北京见面。
Lǎo tóngxué xiāngyuē míngnián zài Běijīng jiànmiàn.
The old classmates arranged to meet in Beijing next year.

赞许 讚許
zànxǔ to praise / to laud

老师点头表示赞许。
Lǎoshī diǎntóu biǎoshì zànxǔ.
The teacher nodded to show her approval.

举重 舉重
jǔzhòng to lift weights / weight-lifting (sports)

举重是他最擅长的运动。
Jǔzhòng shì tā zuì shàncháng de yùndòng.
Weight-lifting is the sport he is best at.

伤残 傷殘
shāngcán disabled / maimed / crippled / damaged

战争让许多士兵终身伤残。
Zhànzhēng ràng xǔduō shìbīng zhōngshēn shāngcán.
The war left many soldiers maimed for life.

拘束
jūshù to restrict / to restrain / constrained / awkward / ill at ease / uncomfortable / reticent

> 别用规矩拘束孩子。
> Bié yòng guīju jūshù háizi.
> Don't restrict the child with rules.

流逝
liúshì to pass / to elapse

> 时间慢慢流逝，天已经黑了。
> Shíjiān mànmàn liúshì, tiān yǐjīng hēile.
> Time slowly passed, and it had already gotten dark.

羞耻 羞恥
xiūchǐ shame

> 他为他的失败感到羞耻。
> Tā wèi tā de shībài gǎndào xiūchǐ.
> He is ashamed of his failure.

脉络 脈絡
màiluò arteries and veins / network of blood vessels / vascular system (of a plant or animal) / fabric (i.e. underlying structure, as in "social fabric") / overall context

> 看历史要先弄清脉络。
> Kàn lìshǐ yào xiān nòngqīng màiluò.
> To study history, you first need to understand the overall context.

转悠 轉悠
zhuànyou to roll / to wander around / to appear repeatedly

> 爷爷在公园里转悠。
> Yéye zài gōngyuán lǐ zhuànyou.
> Grandpa is strolling around in the park.

遮盖 遮蓋
zhēgài to hide / to cover (one's tracks)

> 厚厚的云层遮盖了整个山顶。
> Hòuhòu de yúncéng zhēgàile zhěnggè shāndǐng.
> A thick layer of cloud hid the whole mountaintop.

屹立
yìlì to tower / to stand straight (of person's bearing)

> 一座古塔屹立在山顶。
> Yí zuò Gǔtǎ yìlì zài shāndǐng.
> An ancient pagoda towers on the mountaintop.

幸存 倖存
xìngcún to survive (a disaster)

> 他的公司没有从危机中幸存。
> Tā de gōngsī méiyǒu cóng wēijī zhōng xìngcún.
> His company didn't survive the crisis.

深奥 深奧
shēn'ào profound / abstruse / recondite / profoundly

> 他爱读深奥的古书。
> Tā ài dú shēn'ào de gǔshū.
> He loves reading recondite ancient books.

游船 遊船
yóuchuán pleasure boat / cruise ship

> 我们坐游船游览了整个湖。
> Wǒmen zuò yóuchuán yóulǎnle zhěnggè hú.
> We toured the whole lake on a pleasure boat.

爪子
zhuǎzi claw

> 小猫的爪子很锋利。
> Xiǎomāo de zhuǎzi hěn fēnglì.
> The kitten's claws are very sharp.

疗养 療養
liáoyǎng to get well / to heal / to recuperate / to convalesce / convalescence / to nurse

> 她生病后在山里疗养半年。
> Tā shēngbìng hòu zài shān lǐ liáoyǎng bànnián.
> After falling ill, she convalesced in the mountains for half a year.

砍伐
kǎnfá to hew / to cut down

> 这片树林被砍伐了。
> Zhè piàn shùlín bèi kǎnfále.
> This woodland has been cut down.

连贯 連貫
liánguàn to link up (disparate elements) / coherent (narrative, argument etc)

> 你的发言不太连贯，我没听懂。
> Nǐ de fāyán bú tài liánguàn, wǒ méi tīngdǒng.
> Your speech wasn't very coherent, and I didn't understand it.

顺畅 順暢
shùnchàng smooth and unhindered / fluent

> 路上很顺畅，我们早到了。
> Lùshang hěn shùnchàng, wǒmen zǎo dàole.
> The road was clear all the way, so we arrived early.

黏
nián to adhere / to stick on / to glue / sticky / glutinous

> 我的手上黏了一些胶水。
> Wǒ de shǒushàng nián le yìxiē jiāoshuǐ.
> I've got some glue stuck on my hands.

便携式 便攜式
biànxiéshì portable

> 出差时，便携式电脑很方便。
> Chūchāi shí, biànxiéshì diànnǎo hěn fāngbiàn.
> On business trips, a portable computer is very convenient.

切忌
qièjì to avoid as taboo / to avoid by all means

> 吃饭时切忌把筷子插在饭里。
> Chīfàn shí qièjì bǎ kuàizi chā zài fàn lǐ.
> At meals, it is taboo to stick your chopsticks upright in your rice.

急于求成 急於求成
jíyúqiúchéng anxious for quick results (idiom) / to demand instant success / impatient for result / impetuous

> 减肥急于求成，对身体不好。
> Jiǎnféi jíyúqiúchéng, duì shēntǐ bù hǎo.
> Demanding instant results when losing weight is bad for your health.

柿子
shìzi persimmon / tomato

> 没熟的柿子吃起来很苦涩。
> Méi shú de shìzi chī qǐlai hěn kǔsè.
> Unripe persimmons taste bitter and astringent.

残缺 殘缺
cánquē badly damaged / shattered

> 妈妈有一张残缺的脸。
> Māma yǒu yì zhāng cánquē de liǎn.
> Mama had a crippled face.

琐碎 瑣碎
suǒsuì trifling / trivial / tedious / inconsequential

> 别为琐碎的小事生气。
> Bié wèi suǒsuì de xiǎoshì shēngqì.
> Don't get angry over trivial little things.

虚幻 虛幻
xūhuàn imaginary / illusory

> 梦里的世界很美，却太虚幻了。
> Mèng lǐ de shìjiè hěn měi, què tài xūhuàn le.
> The world in the dream is beautiful, but too illusory.

豁达 豁達
huòdá optimistic / sanguine / generous / magnanimous / open-minded

> 我奶奶性格豁达，从不发愁。
> Wǒ nǎinai xìnggé huòdá, cóngbù fāchóu.
> My grandmother is optimistic by nature and never worries.

通畅 通暢
tōngchàng unobstructed / clear / coherent / fluent

> 这篇文章写得很通畅。
> Zhè piān wénzhāng xiě de hěn tōngchàng.
> This essay is written very fluently.

随处可见 隨處可見
suíchùkějiàn can be seen everywhere

> 街上的咖啡店随处可见。
> Jiēshang de kāfēidiàn suíchùkějiàn.
> Coffee shops can be seen everywhere on the street.

五花八门 五花八門
wǔhuābāmén myriad / all kinds of / all sorts of

> 超市里的零食五花八门。
> Chāoshì lǐ de língshí wǔhuābāmén.
> The snacks in the supermarket come in all kinds.

包容
bāoróng to pardon / to forgive / to show tolerance / to contain / to hold / inclusive

> 夫妻之间需要互相包容。
> Fūqī zhījiān xūyào hùxiāng bāoróng.
> Husband and wife need to be tolerant of each other.

存货 存貨
cúnhuò stock / inventory (of material)

> 这款手机还有存货吗？
> Zhè kuǎn shǒujī háiyǒu cúnhuò ma?
> Is this phone still in stock?

家用
jiāyòng home-use / domestic / family expenses / housekeeping money

> 你家用哪种清洁剂洗碗？
> Nǐ jiāyòng nǎ zhǒng qīngjiéjì xǐwǎn?
> What kind of detergent do you use to wash dishes at your place?

愁眉苦脸 愁眉苦臉
chóuméikǔliǎn to look anxious (idiom) / to look miserable

> 你为什么愁眉苦脸地看着账单？
> Nǐ wèishénme chóuméikǔliǎn de kànzhe zhàngdān?
> Why are you looking so worried as you stare at the bill?

挑拨 挑撥
tiǎobō to incite disharmony / to instigate

> 她总爱挑拨同事的关系。
> Tā zǒng ài tiǎobō tóngshì de guānxi.
> She always likes to sow discord among her colleagues.

显眼 顯眼
xiǎnyǎn conspicuous / eye-catching / glamorous

> 红色的招牌很显眼。
> Hóngsè de zhāopai hěn xiǎnyǎn.
> The red sign is very eye-catching.

火腿
huǒtuǐ ham

> 冰箱里还有一块火腿吗？
> Bīngxiāng lǐ háiyǒu yíkuài huǒtuǐ ma?
> Is there still a piece of ham in the fridge?

聘任
pìnrèn to appoint (to a position) / appointed

> 董事会聘任他当总经理。
> Dǒngshìhuì pìnrèn tā dāng zǒngjīnglǐ.
> The board appointed him as general manager.