CHINESE BOOST

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 9

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 48 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 9 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

Chinese Boost. Licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International Licence.

Words

担 擔

dān to take responsibility / to undertake / to carry / to shoulder
dàn carrying pole and its load / picul (100 catties, 50 kg) / two buckets full / classifier for loads carried on a shoulder pole
dǎn to dust / to brush off / variant of 掸[dan3]
jiē to raise high / to aim high

> 她愿意担这个任务。
> Tā yuànyì dān zhège rènwu.
> She is willing to undertake this task.

法制

fǎzhì legal system and institutions / made in France

> 你了解我们国家的法制吗?
> Nǐ liǎojiě wǒmen guójiā de fǎzhì ma?
> Do you know about our country's legal system?

一头 一頭

yītóu one head / a head full of sth / one end (of a stick) / one side / headlong / directly / rapidly / simultaneously

> 她有一头红发。
> Tā yǒu yìtóu hóng fā.
> She has red hair.

法庭

fǎtíng court of law

> 法庭里的气氛很庄严。
> Fǎtíng lǐ de qìfēn hěn zhuāngyán.
> The atmosphere in the courtroom is very solemn.

山脉 山脈

shānmài mountain range

> 山脉那边的天气不一样。
> Shānmài nàbian de tiānqì bù yíyàng.
> The weather on the other side of the mountain range is different.

支配

zhīpèi to control / to dominate / to allocate

> 别让情绪支配你的行动。
> Bié ràng qíngxù zhīpèi nǐ de xíngdòng.
> Don't let your emotions control your actions.

信仰

xìnyǎng to believe in (a religion) / firm belief / conviction

> 我们信仰佛教。
> Wǒmen xìnyǎng Fójiào.
> We believe in Buddhism.

稳 穩

wěn settled / steady / stable

慌

huāng to get panicky / to lose one's head / (after 得[de2]) unbearably / terribly

> 事实上，她撒慌了。
> Shìshíshàng, tā sā huāngle.
> In fact she lied.

前辈 前輩

qiánbèi senior / older generation / precursor

> 我们应该尊敬前辈。
> Wǒmen yīnggāi zūnjìng qiánbèi.
> We should respect the older generation.

无比 無比

wúbǐ incomparable / matchless

> 这里的风景美丽无比!
> Zhèlǐ de fēngjǐng měilì wúbǐ!
> The scenery here is matchlessly beautiful!

经费 經費

jīngfèi funds / expenditure

> 研究经费还没批下来。
> Yánjiū jīngfèi hái méi pī xiàlai.
> The research funds haven't been approved yet.

轰 轟

hōng rumble / boom / to shoo away / explosion / bang / to attack / to expel

> 天空突然轰的一声响。
> Tiānkōng tūrán hōng de yì shēngxiǎng.
> Suddenly the sky let out a boom.

沿岸

yán'àn coastal area / littoral or riparian

> 河流沿岸的村子风景很美。
> Héliú yán'àn de cūnzi fēngjǐng hěn měi.
> The villages along the river have beautiful scenery.

情报 情報
qíngbào information / intelligence

> 我们得到了一份有趣的情报。
> Wǒmen dédàole yífèn yǒuqù de qíngbào.
> We got an interesting piece of information.

外贸 外貿
wàimào foreign trade

> 我父亲经营外贸多年。
> Wǒ fùqīn jīngyíng wàimào duōnián.
> My father has been engaged in foreign trade for many years.

利害
lìhài pros and cons / advantages and disadvantages / gains and losses

> 先想想这件事的利害。
> Xiān xiǎngxiǎng zhè jiàn shì de lìhài.
> First think about the pros and cons of this matter.

哄
hǒng to deceive / to coax / to amuse (a child)
hōng roar of laughter (onom.) / hubbub / to roar (as a crowd)
hòng disturbance / tumult / uproar / commotion

> 爸爸拿玩具哄弟弟玩。
> Bàba ná wánjù hǒng dìdi wán.
> Dad uses a toy to keep my little brother amused.

纤维 纖維
xiānwéi fiber

> 多吃含纤维的蔬菜对身体好。
> Duō chī hán xiānwéi de shūcài duì shēntǐ hǎo.
> Eating more vegetables rich in fiber is good for your health.

何必
hébì there is no need / why should

> 就几步路，何必打车呢?
> Jiù jǐ bù lù, hébì dǎchē ne?
> It's only a few steps, so there's no need to take a taxi.

火箭
huǒjiàn rocket

> 他们发射火箭。
> Tāmen fāshè huǒjiàn.
> They launched a rocket.

葬
zàng to bury (the dead) / to inter

> 他死后被葬在山脚下。
> Tā sǐ hòu bèi zàng zài shān jiǎoxià.
> After he died, he was buried at the foot of the mountain.

器官
qìguān organ / apparatus

> 他决定捐出自己的器官。
> Tā juédìng juān chū zìjǐ de qìguān.
> He decided to donate his organs.

悬 懸
xuán to hang or suspend / unresolved / public announcement / to worry / baseless / without foundation

工匠
gōngjiàng artisan / smith

> 好的工匠为自己的作品感到骄傲。
> Hǎo de gōngjiàng wèi zìjǐ de zuòpǐn gǎndào jiāo'ào.
> A good craftsman takes pride in his work.

市场经济 市場經濟
shìchǎngjīngjì market economy

> 市场经济是什么意思?
> Shìchǎngjīngjì shì shénme yìsi?
> What does market economy mean?

管辖 管轄
guǎnxiá to administer / to have jurisdiction (over)

> 这座岛由哪个部门管辖?
> Zhè zuò dǎo yóu nǎge bùmén guǎnxiá?
> Which department administers this island?

扩建 擴建
kuòjiàn to extend (a building, an airport runway etc)

> 市政府打算扩建这座机场。
> Shìzhèngfǔ dǎsuàn kuòjiàn zhè zuò jīchǎng.
> The city government plans to extend this airport.

光芒
guāngmáng rays of light / brilliant rays / radiance

> 我在这个世界散发着自己的光芒。
> Wǒ zài zhège shìjiè sànfàzhe zìjǐ de guāngmáng.
> I shine light in the world.

封锁 封鎖
fēngsuǒ to blockade / to seal off / to lock down

> 军队封锁了海上的通道。
> Jūnduì fēngsuǒ le hǎishàng de tōngdào.
> The army blockaded the sea passage.

舆论 輿論
yúlùn public opinion

> 计划受到舆论的压力而被取消了。
> Jìhuà shòudào yúlùn de yālì ér bèi qǔxiāole.
> The plan was given up under the pressure of public opinion.

缓 緩
huǎn slow / to postpone / unhurried / relaxed / to defer / sluggish / gradual / not tense / to stall / to stave off / to revive / to recuperate

> 他躺了一会儿才缓过来。
> Tā tǎngle yíhuìr cái huǎn guòlái.
> He lay down for a while before he came around.

勒
lēi to strap tightly / to bind
lè to rein in / to compel / to force / to carve / to engrave / lux (abbr. for 勒克斯[le4 ke4 si1]) / bridle / halter / headstall / to command / to lead (an army etc)

> 腰带太紧，勒得我难受。
> Yāodài tài jǐn, lēi de wǒ nánshòu.
> The belt is so tight that it's uncomfortable.

宣言
xuānyán declaration / manifesto

> 大会通过了一份宣言。
> Dàhuì tōngguò le yífèn xuānyán.
> The assembly adopted a declaration.

踏
tà to step on / to press a pedal / to tread / to investigate on the spot / to stamp
tā see 踏實|踏实[ta1 shi5]

> 他踏着雪走进了村子。
> Tā tàzhe xuě zǒujìnle cūnzi.
> He trod through the snow into the village.

鹿
lù deer

> 他射了鹿一箭。
> Tā shèle lù yí jiàn.
> He shot an arrow at the deer.

边界 邊界
biānjiè boundary / border

> 我很讨厌没有边界感的人。
> Wǒ hěn tǎoyàn méiyǒu biānjiè gǎn de rén.
> I don't like people who have no sense of boundaries.

阵地 陣地
zhèndì position / front

> 天亮以后，他们离开了阵地。
> Tiānliàng yǐhòu, tāmen líkāile zhèndì.
> After daybreak, they left their position.

奠定
diàndìng to establish / to fix / to settle

> 这场胜利为成功奠定了基础。
> Zhè chǎng shènglì wèi chénggōng diàndìngle jīchǔ.
> This victory laid the foundation for success.

递增 遞增
dìzēng to increase by degrees / in increasing order / incremental / progressive

> 水费按用量递增收费。
> Shuǐfèi àn yòngliàng dìzēng shōufèi.
> Water is charged at progressively higher rates as usage rises.

演变 演變
yǎnbiàn to develop / to evolve

> 一件小事演变成了大问题。
> Yí jiàn xiǎoshì yǎnbiàn chéng le dà wèntí.
> A small matter developed into a big problem.

船舶
chuánbó shipping / boats

> 码头上停满了各种船舶。
> Mǎtou shàng tíng mǎnle gèzhǒng chuánbó.
> The dock was full of all kinds of boats.

生理
shēnglǐ physiology

> 饿了渴了都是生理需求。
> Èle kěle dōu shì shēnglǐ xūqiú.
> Being hungry or thirsty are both physiological needs.

出土
chūtǔ to dig up / to appear in an excavation / unearthed / to come up out of the ground

> 老墓里出土了很多宝贝。
> Lǎo mù lǐ chūtǔle hěn duō bǎobèi.
> Many treasures were unearthed from the old tomb.

上游
shàngyóu upper reaches (of a river) / upper level / upper echelon / upstream

> 河的上游很美。
> Hé de shàngyóu hěn měi.
> The upper reaches of the river are very beautiful.

基于 基於
jīyú because of / on the basis of / in view of / on account of

> 这个故事是基于真实事件写的。
> Zhège gùshi shì jīyú zhēnshí shìjiàn xiě de.
> This story is based on actual events.

麻
má to feel numb / sesame / hemp or flax fiber for textile materials / hemp (variant of 麻[ma2]) / generic name for hemp, flax etc / rough or coarse / pocked / pitted / to have pins and needles or tingling / surname Ma

> 我的右手麻了。
> Wǒ de yòushǒu má le.
> My right hand is numb.

尿
niào to urinate / urine
suī urine / to urinate (colloquial)

> 刚才孩子撒了一泡尿。
> Gāngcái háizi sāle yí pào niào.
> The child just did a wee a moment ago.

筋
jīn muscle / tendon / sth resembling tendons or veins (e.g. fiber in a vegetable) / veins visible under the skin

> 他打球时扭伤了脚上的筋。
> Tā dǎqiú shí niǔshāngle jiǎo shàng de jīn.
> He sprained a tendon in his foot while playing ball.

测定 測定
cèdìng to determine (by measuring or surveying)

> 工人正在测定河水的深度。
> Gōngrén zhèngzài cèdìng héshuǐ de shēndù.
> The workers are measuring the depth of the river.