CHINESE BOOST

# HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 94

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 47 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 94 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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## Words

### 切记 切記
qièjì remember at all costs

过马路时切记看红绿灯。
Guò mǎlù shí qièjì kàn hónglǜdēng.
When crossing the road, always remember to watch the traffic lights.

### 大同小异 大同小異
dàtóngxiǎoyì virtually the same / differing only on small points

这两家餐厅的菜大同小异。
Zhè liǎng jiā cāntīng de cài dàtóngxiǎoyì.
The dishes at these two restaurants are virtually the same.

### 插曲
chāqǔ music played during a movie, play etc / incidental music / music played in a theatrical interlude / incident / episode

这部电影的插曲非常好听。
Zhè bù diànyǐng de chāqǔ fēicháng hǎotīng.
The song played in this movie is really beautiful.

### 效仿 傚仿
xiàofǎng to emulate / to follow the example of

### 晚霞
wǎnxiá sunset glow / sunset clouds / afterglow

晚霞慢慢退去，天黑了。
Wǎnxiá mànmàn tuìqù, tiānhēi le.
The afterglow slowly faded, and it got dark.

### 淳朴 淳樸
chúnpǔ simple and honest / unsophisticated / guileless

山里的生活很淳朴。
Shān lǐ de shēnghuó hěn chúnpǔ.
Life in the mountains is very unsophisticated.

### 省略
shěnglüè to leave out / an omission

我省略了什么？
Wǒ shěnglüè le shénme?
What did I omit?

### 诽谤 誹謗
fěibàng to slander / to libel

但这是诽谤！
Dàn zhè shì fěibàng!
But this is libel!

### 重合
chónghé to match up / to coincide

这两个图形完全重合。
Zhè liǎng gè túxíng wánquán chónghé.
These two shapes match up perfectly.

### 不肖
bùxiào unlike one's parents / degenerate / unworthy

他败光家产，被骂不肖。
Tā bàiguāng jiāchǎn, bèi mà búxiào.
He squandered the family fortune and was called a disgrace.

### 回味
huíwèi to call to mind and ponder over / aftertaste

我还在回味老师的话。
Wǒ hái zài huíwèi lǎoshī de huà.
I'm still pondering what the teacher said.

### 墨水
mòshuǐ ink

别用红墨水写。
Bié yòng hóng mòshuǐ xiě.
Don't write in red ink.

### 工整
gōngzhěng fine work / carefully and neatly done

这副对联对得很工整。
Zhè fù duìlián duì de hěn gōngzhěng.
The two lines of this couplet match each other very neatly.

### 浮力
fúlì buoyancy

游泳圈能增加浮力。
Yóuyǒngquān néng zēngjiā fúlì.
A swim ring can increase buoyancy.

### 胜出 勝出
shèngchū to come out on top / to win (in an election, contest etc) / success / victory

决赛中，他靠耐力胜出。
Juésài zhōng, tā kào nàilì shèngchū.
In the final, he came out on top thanks to his stamina.

## 袖手旁观 袖手旁觀

xiùshǒupángguān to watch with folded arms (idiom) / to look on without lifting a finger

> 出问题时，经理没有袖手旁观。
> Chū wèntí shí, jīnglǐ méiyǒu xiùshǒupángguān.
> When the problem came up, the manager didn't stand idly by.

## 见多识广 見多識廣

jiànduōshíguǎng experienced and knowledgeable

> 她出国多年，真是见多识广啊！
> Tā chūguó duōnián, zhēnshi jiànduōshíguǎng a!
> She's been abroad for years, and she's really seen a lot of the world!

## 寥寥无几 寥寥無幾

liáoliáowújǐ very few

> 到场的观众寥寥无几。
> Dàochǎng de guānzhòng liáoliáowújǐ.
> The audience that showed up was tiny.

## 开庭 開庭

kāitíng to begin a (judicial) court session

> 这起民事案件下周开庭。
> Zhè qǐ mínshì ànjiàn xiàzhōu kāitíng.
> This civil case goes to court next week.

## 拜托 拜託

bàituō please! / to request sb to do sth

> 拜托了，把灯打开！
> Bàituō le, bǎ dēng dǎkāi!
> Please, turn on the light!

## 杨树 楊樹

yángshù poplar tree / various trees of genus Populus

> 路两边种满了高高的杨树。
> Lù liǎngbian zhǒng mǎnle gāo gāo de yángshù.
> Tall poplar trees are planted all along both sides of the road.

## 深入人心

shēnrùrénxīn to enter deeply into people's hearts / to have a real impact on the people (idiom)

> 环保的观念已经深入人心。
> Huánbǎo de guānniàn yǐjīng shēnrùrénxīn.
> The idea of protecting the environment has taken deep root among people.

## 生硬

shēngyìng rigid / stiff / lacking naturalness or smoothness / awkward / forced

> 演员的动作显得很生硬。
> Yǎnyuán de dòngzuò xiǎnde hěn shēngyìng.
> The actor's movements look very stiff.

## 碰巧

pèngqiǎo by chance / by coincidence / to happen to

> 他碰巧发现了宝藏。
> Tā pèngqiǎo fāxiànle bǎozàng.
> It happened that he found the treasure.

## 秉承

bǐngchéng to take orders / to receive commands / to carry on (a tradition)

> 他秉承父亲的原则做人。
> Tā bǐngchéng fùqīn de yuánzé zuòrén.
> He lives by the principles his father handed down.

## 纯朴 純樸

chúnpǔ simple and unaffected / honest and unsophisticated

## 抑郁症 抑鬱症

yìyùzhèng clinical depression

> 她吃了半年药，抑郁症好多了。
> Tā chīle bànnián yào, yìyùzhèng hǎo duō le.
> After taking medicine for half a year, her depression is much better.

## 橱窗 櫥窗

chúchuāng display window

> 她站在橱窗前看了很久。
> Tā zhàn zài chúchuāng qián kànle hěn jiǔ.
> She stood in front of the display window looking for a long time.

## 返还 返還

fǎnhuán restitution / return of something to its original owner / remittance

> 房东会在你搬走后返还押金。
> Fángdōng huì zài nǐ bānzǒu hòu fǎnhuán yājīn.
> The landlord will return your deposit after you move out.

## 专辑 專輯

zhuānjí album / record (music) / special collection of printed or broadcast material

> 杂志推出了一期摄影专辑。
> Zázhì tuīchūle yìqī shèyǐng zhuānjí.
> The magazine released a special photography issue.

## 交响乐 交響樂

jiāoxiǎngyuè symphony

> 他从小就喜欢听交响乐。
> Tā cóngxiǎo jiù xǐhuan tīng jiāoxiǎngyuè.
> He has loved listening to symphonies since he was little.

## 包庇

bāobì to shield / to harbor / to cover up

> 他因包庇罪犯被抓了。
> Tā yīn bāobì zuìfàn bèi zhuāle.
> He was arrested for harboring a criminal.

## 同伙

tónghuǒ colleague / co-conspirator / accomplice

> 他否认自己有同伙。
> Tā fǒurèn zìjǐ yǒu tónghuǒ.
> He denied having any accomplice.

## 徒劳 徒勞

túláo futile

> 从来就没有徒劳的爱情。
> Cónglái jiù méiyǒu túláo de àiqíng.
> Love is never wasted.

## 探求
tànqiú to seek / to pursue / to investigate

> 他四处探求解决办法。
> Tā sìchù tànqiú jiějuébànfǎ.
> He sought a solution everywhere he could.

## 新潮
xīncháo modern / fashionable

> 我奶奶的想法很新潮。
> Wǒ nǎinai de xiǎngfǎ hěn xīncháo.
> My grandmother's way of thinking is very modern.

## 日新月异 日新月異
rìxīnyuèyì daily renewal, monthly change (idiom) / every day sees new developments / rapid progress

> 科技发展日新月异。
> Kējì fāzhǎn rìxīnyuèyì.
> Technology is developing at a rapid pace.

## 申办 申辦
shēnbàn to apply for / to bid for

## 痴迷
chīmí infatuated / obsessed

> 他痴迷于音乐。
> Tā chīmí yú yīnyuè.
> He is mad about music.

## 阴历 陰曆
yīnlì lunar calendar

> 中国按阴历过新年。
> Zhōngguó àn yīnlì guò xīnnián.
> In China, they celebrate New Year by the lunar calendar.

## 飙升 飆升
biāoshēng to rise rapidly / to soar

> 为什么最近的水果价格会飙升?
> Wèishénme zuìjìn de shuǐguǒ jiàgé huì biāoshēng?
> Why have fruit prices soared recently?

## 东张西望 東張西望
dōngzhāngxīwàng to look in all directions (idiom) / to glance around

> 考试的时候不要东张西望。
> Kǎoshì de shíhou búyào dōngzhāngxīwàng.
> Don't glance around during the exam.

## 刹那 剎那
chànà an instant (Sanskrit: ksana) / split second / the twinkling of an eye

> 刹那间，天空亮了起来。
> Chànà jiān, tiānkōng liàngle qǐlai.
> In an instant, the sky lit up.

## 卑微
bēiwēi lowly / humble

> 他出身卑微，却一直很努力。
> Tā chūshēn bēiwēi, què yìzhí hěn nǔlì.
> He came from a lowly background, but always worked hard.

## 接手
jiēshǒu to take over (duties etc) / catcher (baseball etc)

> 他接手了他父亲的公司。
> Tā jiēshǒule tā fùqīn de gōngsī.
> He has taken over his father's business.

## 梦寐以求 夢寐以求
mèngmèiyǐqiú to yearn for sth even in one's dreams (idiom) / to deeply long for / to covet

> 你梦寐以求的机会来了!
> Nǐ mèngmèiyǐqiú de jīhuì láile!
> The chance you have so deeply longed for is here!

## 继母 繼母
jìmǔ stepmother

> 你和你的继母关系好吗?
> Nǐ hé nǐ de jìmǔ guānxi hǎo ma?
> Do you get along well with your stepmother?

## 耐人寻味 耐人尋味
nàirénxúnwèi thought-provoking / to provide food for thought

> 那幅画的名字很耐人寻味。
> Nà fú huà de míngzi hěn nàirénxúnwèi.
> The title of that painting is very thought-provoking.

## 跌幅
diēfú decline (in value) / extent of a drop

> 房价跌幅比去年小。
> Fángjià diēfú bǐ qùnián xiǎo.
> The drop in housing prices is smaller than last year's.

## 马桶 馬桶
mǎtǒng chamber pot / wooden pan used as toilet / toilet bowl

> 你在通马桶。
> Nǐ zài tōng mǎtǒng.
> You were unclogging toilets.