CHINESE BOOST

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 98

50 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 49 of them with an example sentence.
Every word here links to its entry on the site.

HSK 7-9 Chinese vocabulary list, part 98 on the web
The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet
A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

Chinese Boost. Licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International Licence.

Words

吉他
jítā guitar

> 他会弹吉他。
> Tā huì tán jítā.
> He is able to play the guitar.

摇摇欲坠 摇摇欲墜
yáoyáoyùzhuì tottering / on the verge of collapse

> 那间老房子的围墙摇摇欲坠。
> Nà jiān lǎo fángzi de wéiqiáng yáoyáoyùzhuì.
> The wall around that old house is tottering.

片段
piànduàn fragment (of speech etc) / extract (from book etc) / episode (of story etc)

> 我只记得一些零碎的片段。
> Wǒ zhǐ jìde yìxiē língsuì de piànduàn.
> I only remember a few scattered fragments.

猩猩
xīngxing orangutan / dialect speaker whose speech is corrupted by Standard Mandarin

> 猩猩正在树上吃香蕉。
> Xīngxing zhèngzài shù shàng chī xiāngjiāo.
> The orangutan is eating a banana in the tree.

看护 看護
kānhù to nurse / to look after / to watch over / hospital nurse

> 医院新来了一位看护。
> Yīyuàn xīn láile yí wèi kānhù.
> The hospital has a new nurse.

美满 美滿
měimǎn happy / blissful

> 祝你们婚姻美满!
> Zhù nǐmen hūnyīn měimǎn!
> I wish you a happy marriage!

谋害 謀害
móuhài to conspire to murder / to plot against sb's life

> 他怀疑邻居想谋害他。
> Tā huáiyí línjū xiǎng móuhài tā.
> He suspects his neighbor wants to take his life.

身不由己
shēnbùyóujǐ (of one's circumstances) beyond one's control / unable to do anything about it / (of one's actions) not subject to conscious control (i.e. done in spite of oneself)

> 打工的人常常身不由己。
> Dǎgōng de rén chángcháng shēnbùyóujǐ.
> Working people often have little control over their own lives.

送别 送別
sòngbié to see sb off / to bid farewell (to sb)

> 站台上有很多人在送别。
> Zhàntái shàng yǒu hěn duō rén zài sòngbié.
> Many people on the platform are saying goodbye to those leaving.

一塌糊涂 一塌糊塗
yītāhútu muddled and completely collapsing (idiom) / in an awful condition / complete shambles / a total mess

> 全都一塌糊涂。
> Quándōu yìtāhútu.
> Everything was a mess.

博大精深
bódàjīngshēn wide-ranging and profound

> 你觉得中医博大精深吗?
> Nǐ juéde zhōngyī bódàjīngshēn ma?
> Do you think traditional Chinese medicine is wide-ranging and profound?

堤坝 堤壩
dībà dam / dike

> 堤坝抵挡住了洪水。
> Dībà dǐdǎng zhùle hóngshuǐ.
> The dam held back the flood.

心安理得
xīn'ānlǐdé to have a clear conscience / to have no qualms about sth

> 他白吃白喝，却心安理得。
> Tā báichībáihē, què xīn'ānlǐdé.
> He freeloads on food and drink, yet feels no qualms about it.

执照 執照
zhízhào license / permit

> 开饭馆要先办营业执照。
> Kāi fànguǎn yào xiān bàn yíngyè zhízhào.
> To open a restaurant, you first have to get a business license.

报废 報廢
bàofèi to scrap / to dispose of (sth worn-out or damaged)

> 工厂里有一批机器要报废。
> Gōngchǎng lǐ yǒu yì pī jīqì yào bàofèi.
> The factory has a batch of machines to be scrapped.

拍板
pāibǎn wooden clappers (percussion instrument) / to beat time with clappers (for a singer) / board or gavel / to slap the board to signal a sale / to bring down the gavel / to make a decision / to have the final say

> 他手里的拍板声很清脆。
> Tā shǒulǐ de pāibǎn shēng hěn qīngcuì.
> The sound of the wooden clappers in his hands is crisp and clear.

搁浅 擱淺
gēqiǎn to run aground / to become stranded / to run into difficulties and come to a standstill / to stall

> 退潮后，渔船搁浅了。
> Tuìcháo hòu, yúchuán gēqiǎnle.
> After the tide went out, the fishing boat ran aground.

改日
gǎirì another day / some other day

> 改日我请你们去吃饭。
> Gǎirì wǒ qǐng nǐmen qù chīfàn.
> Another day, I'll take you all out for a meal.

无边无际 無邊無際
wúbiānwújì boundless / limitless

> 我望着无边无际的雪地。
> Wǒ wàngzhe wúbiānwújì de xuědì.
> I gazed at the boundless snowfield.

爆竹
bàozhú firecracker

> 爷爷在院子里点了一串爆竹。
> Yéye zài yuànzi lǐ diǎn le yí chuàn bàozhú.
> Grandpa lit a string of firecrackers in the yard.

见外 見外
jiànwài to treat sb with the formal courtesy accorded to a host or a guest

> 一家人，别这么见外。
> Yìjiārén, bié zhème jiànwài.
> We're family, so don't stand on ceremony.

重中之重
zhòngzhōngzhīzhòng of the utmost importance / of highest priority

> 当前的重中之重是什么？
> Dāngqián de zhòngzhōngzhīzhòng shì shénme?
> What is the highest priority right now?

驳回 駁回
bóhuí to reject / to turn down / to overrule

> 他的计划被驳回了。
> Tā de jìhuà bèi bóhuíle.
> His plan was discarded.

俯首
fǔshǒu to bend one's head

> 她俯首认真地写字。
> Tā fǔshǒu rènzhēndexiě zì.
> She bent her head and wrote carefully.

引人入胜 引人入勝
yǐnrénrùshèng to enchant / fascinating

> 这本小说的故事很引人入胜。
> Zhè běn xiǎoshuō de gùshi hěn yǐnrénrùshèng.
> The story of this novel is fascinating.

无可厚非 無可厚非
wúkěhòufēi not deserving severe criticism / pardonable / understandable despite flaws

无忧无虑 無憂無慮
wúyōuwúlǜ carefree / without worries

> 谁不想过无忧无虑的日子？
> Shéi bùxiǎngguo wúyōuwúlǜ de rìzi?
> Who doesn't want to live a carefree life?

标点 標點
biāodiǎn punctuation / a punctuation mark / to punctuate

> 句末要用什么标点？
> Jù mò yào yòng shénme biāodiǎn?
> What punctuation mark should go at the end of the sentence?

痴心
chīxīn infatuation

> 别痴心幻想了。
> Bié chīxīn huànxiǎng le.
> Stop dreaming.

盛夏
shèngxià midsummer / the height of summer

> 盛夏用空调要注意什么？
> Shèngxià yòng kōngtiáo yào zhùyì shénme?
> What should you watch out for when using air conditioning in the height of summer?

票房
piàofáng box office

> 新片的票房怎么样？
> Xīn piàn de piàofáng zěnmeyàng?
> How is the new film doing at the box office?

离奇 離奇
líqí odd / bizarre

> 他讲了一个离奇的梦。
> Tā jiǎngle yí gè líqí de mèng.
> He told us about an odd dream.

藏匿
cángnì to cover up / to conceal / to go into hiding

> 警察在他家里找到了藏匿的钱。
> Jǐngchá zài tā jiālǐ zhǎodàole cángnì de qián.
> The police found the concealed money in his home.

许愿 許願
xǔyuàn to make a wish / to make a vow / to promise a reward

> 生日时，她闭上眼睛许愿。
> Shēngrì shí, tā bì shang yǎnjing xǔyuàn.
> On her birthday, she closed her eyes and made a wish.

双赢 雙贏
shuāngyíng profitable to both sides / a win-win situation

> 双赢的合作才能长久。
> Shuāngyíng de hézuò cái néng chángjiǔ.
> Only a cooperation that benefits both sides can last.

同感
tónggǎn same feeling / similar impression / common feeling

> 你说的我深有同感。
> Nǐ shuō de wǒ shēn yǒu tónggǎn.
> I feel exactly the same about what you said.

失礼 失禮
shīlǐ to act discourteously / forgive me (for my impropriety)

> 我不想失礼。
> Wǒ bùxiǎng shīlǐ.
> I don't mean to be rude.

岂有此理 豈有此理
qǐyǒucǐlǐ how can this be so? (idiom) / preposterous / ridiculous / absurd

> 他迟到还怪我，岂有此理！
> Tā chídào hái guài wǒ, qǐyǒucǐlǐ!
> He's late and still blames me. That's ridiculous!

打搅 打攪
dǎjiǎo to disturb / to trouble / to bother

> 对不起，打搅一下。
> Duìbùqǐ, dǎjiǎo yíxià.
> Sorry, may I disturb you for a moment?

标致 標致
biāozhi beautiful / pretty
biāozhì Peugeot (automobile brand)

> 那个小姑娘长得真标致！
> Nàge xiǎogūniáng zhǎng de zhēn biāozhi!
> That little girl is really pretty!

涉猎 涉獵
shèliè to skim (through a book) / to read cursorily / to dip into

> 他只是匆匆涉猎了一下这本书。
> Tā zhǐshì cōngcōng shèlièle yíxià zhè běn shū.
> He only read this book cursorily.

第一手
dìyīshǒu first-hand

> 写报告要用第一手数据。
> Xiě bàogào yào yòng dìyīshǒu shùjù.
> You should use first-hand data when writing a report.

谜底 謎底
mídǐ answer to a riddle

> 谜底写在这张纸的背面。
> Mídǐ xiě zài zhè zhāng zhǐ de bèimiàn.
> The answer to the riddle is written on the back of this paper.

通通
tōngtōng all / entire / complete

> 他通通都吃了。
> Tā tōngtōng dōu chīle.
> He ate all of it.

遛
liù to walk (an animal) / to stroll
liú used in 逗遛[dou4 liu2]

> 你可以骑上我的摩托车去遛一圈。
> Nǐ kěyǐ qí shàng wǒ de mótuōchē qù liù yì quān.
> You can have a ride on my motorcycle.

错位 錯位
cuòwèi to be wrongly positioned / to be dislocated / to be misplaced / to be in malposition / erroneous / eccentric

> 书架上的书全都错位了。
> Shūjià shàng de shū quándōu cuòwèi le.
> All the books on the shelf are out of place.

助威
zhùwēi to cheer for / to encourage / to boost the morale of

> 鼓声为我们的队伍助威！
> Gǔshēng wèi wǒmen de duìwǔ zhùwēi!
> The sound of drums boosts our team's morale!

发扬光大 發揚光大
fāyángguāngdà to develop and promote / to carry forward / to bring to great height of development

> 他想把小店发扬光大。
> Tā xiǎng bǎ xiǎodiàn fāyángguāngdà.
> He wants to build his little shop into something great.

埋没 埋沒
máimò to engulf / to bury / to overlook / to stifle / to neglect / to fall into oblivion

> 一场大雪把山脚下的小路埋没了。
> Yìcháng dàxuě bǎ shān jiǎoxià de xiǎolù máimòle.
> A heavy snowfall buried the small path at the foot of the mountain.

括号 括號
kuòhào parentheses / brackets

> 你忘了关上后面的括号。
> Nǐ wàngle guānshàng hòumian de kuòhào.
> You forgot to close the parenthesis at the end.