

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list

1,051 words with pinyin, 繁體 and meanings, 220 of them with an example sentence. Every word here links to its entry on the site.

A B C D E F G H J K L M N O P Q R S T W X Y Z

HSK 5 Chinese vocabulary list on the web

The same words as a CSV, for Anki or a spreadsheet

A free account, which keeps 简体 or 繁體, pinyin or 注音 and the rest of how you read Chinese on every device

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A

安慰

ānwèi to comfort / to console

岸

àn bank / shore / beach / coast

按摩

ànmó massage / to massage

岸上

ànshàng ashore / on the riverbank

B

拔

bá to pull up / to pull out / to draw out by suction / to select / to pick / to stand out (above level) / to surpass / to seize

白酒

báijiǔ baijiu, a spirit usually distilled from sorghum / white wine (abbr. for 白葡萄酒[bai2 pu2 tao5 jiu3])

你喝过白酒没有？

Nǐ hēguo báijiǔ méiyǒu?

Have you had baijiu before?

拜访 拜訪

bàifǎng to pay a visit / to call on

版

bǎn a register / block of printing / edition / version / page

我听过这首歌的法语版。

Wǒ tīngguo zhè shǒu gē de Fǎyǔ bǎn.

I heard the song sung in French.

扮演

bànyǎn to play the role of / to act

棒

bàng stick / club / cudgel / smart / capable / strong / wonderful / classifier for legs of a relay race

太棒了！

Tài bàng le!

Fantastic!

包围 包圍

bāowéi to surround / to encircle / to hem in

包装 包裝

bāozhuāng to wrap / to package (goods etc) / packaging / packing materials / to present attractively / to craft an image / to package (sb or sth)

保卫 保衛

bǎowèi to defend / to safeguard

保养 保養

bǎoyǎng to take good care of (or conserve) one's health / to keep in good repair / to maintain / maintenance

报答 報答

bàodá to repay / to requite

报警 報警

bàojǐng to sound an alarm / to report sth to the police

抱怨

bàoyuàn to complain / to grumble / to harbor a complaint / to feel dissatisfied

他除了抱怨以外，什么也没做。

Tā chúle bàoyuàn yǐwài, shénme yě méi zuò.

He did nothing but complain.

背包

bēibāo knapsack / rucksack / infantry pack / field pack / blanket roll

悲剧 悲劇

bēijù tragedy

悲伤 悲傷

bēishāng sad / sorrowful

北极 北極

běijí the North Pole / the north magnetic pole

辈 輩

bèi lifetime / generation / group of people / class / classifier for generations / classifier for people

被动 被動

bèidòng passive

本人

běnrén I / me / myself / oneself / yourself / himself / herself / the person concerned

鼻子

bízi nose

彼此

bǐcǐ each other / one another

那两个人一遇到彼此就开始吵架。

Nà liǎng gè rén yí yù dào bǐcǐ jiù kāishǐ chǎojià.

Those two people start arguing whenever they meet.

比方

bǐfāng analogy / illustrative example / for instance

比重

bǐzhòng proportion / specific gravity

必

bì certainly / must / will / necessarily

有起必有落。

Yǒu qǐ bì yǒu luò.

What goes up must come down.

毕竟 畢竟

bìjìng after all / all in all / when all is said and done / in the final analysis

你毕竟是对的。

Nǐ bìjìng shì duì de.

After all, you're right.

闭幕 閉幕

bì mù the curtain falls / lower the curtain / to come to an end (of a meeting)

闭幕式 閉幕式

bì mù shì closing ceremony

必需

bì xū to need / to require / essential / indispensable

编辑 編輯

biānjí to edit / to compile / editor / compiler

你不想做编辑？

Nǐ bùxiǎng zuò biānjí?

You don't want to be an editor?

边境 邊境

biānjìng frontier / border

变动 變動

biàndòng to change / to fluctuate / change / fluctuation

便利

biànlì convenient / easy / to facilitate

便条 便條

biàntiáo note

便于 便於

biànyú easy to / convenient for

宾馆 賓館

bīnguǎn guesthouse / lodge / hotel

饼 餅

bǐng round flat cake / cookie / cake / pastry

饼干 餅乾

bǐnggān biscuit / cracker / cookie

病毒

bìngdú virus

玻璃

bōli glass / male homosexual

博客

bókè a blog / a blogger

博览会 博覽會

bó lǎn huì an exposition / an international fair

薄弱

bóruò weak / frail

博士

bóshì doctor (as an academic degree) / person specialized in a skill or trade / court academician

我正在在波士顿读博士。

Wǒ zhèngzài zài Bōshìdùn dú bóshì.

I'm in Boston going for my Ph.D. right now.

博物馆 博物館

bówùguǎn museum

博物馆在哪里？

Bówùguǎn zài nǎlǐ?

Where is the museum?

补偿 補償

bǔcháng to compensate / to make up

补贴 補貼

bǔtiē to subsidize / subsidy / allowance / to supplement (one's salary etc) / benefit

不曾

bùcéng hasn't yet / hasn't ever

不得了

bù dé liǎo desperately serious / disastrous / extremely / exceedingly

不敢当 不敢當

bù gǎn dāng lit. I dare not (accept the honor) / fig. I don't deserve your praise / you flatter me

不顾 不顧

bùgù in spite of / regardless of

不利

bùlì unfavorable / disadvantageous / harmful / detrimental

对于健康来说，喝酒是十分不利的。

Duìyú jiànkāng lái shuō, hējiǔ shì shífēn búlì de.

As far as health is concerned, alcohol is highly detrimental.

不良

bùliáng bad / harmful / unhealthy / (of a device, connection, material etc) defective / faulty

不免

bùmiǎn inevitably

不耐烦 不耐煩

bùnài fán impatient / to lose patience

不能不

bùnéngbù have to / cannot but

不时 不時

bùshí from time to time / now and then / occasionally / frequently

我们谁都会不时碰上些小麻烦。

Wǒmen shéi dōu huì bùshí pèngshàng xiēxiǎo máfan.
We all encounter a few problems.

不停

bùtíng incessant

部位

bùwèi part (esp. of the body, but also of a vegetable, e.g. the root, or a garment, e.g. the sleeve, etc)

不幸

bùxìng misfortune / adversity / unfortunate / sad / unfortunately

不许 不許

bùxǔ not to allow / must not / can't

不易

bùyì not easy to do sth / difficult / unchanging

不止

bùzhǐ incessantly / without end / more than / not limited to

不足

bùzú insufficient / lacking / deficiency / not enough / inadequate / not worth / cannot / should not

C

猜

cāi to guess

我猜你不会做。

Wǒ cāi nǐ búhuì zuò.

I bet you won't do that.

猜测 猜測

cāicè to guess / to conjecture / to surmise

裁判

cáipàn to judge / to adjudicate / verdict / judgement / to referee / umpire / referee / judge

采购 採購

cǎigòu to procure (for an enterprise etc) / to purchase

彩票

cǎipiào lottery ticket

餐馆 餐館

cānguǎn restaurant

餐厅 餐廳

cāntīng dining hall / dining room / restaurant

餐饮 餐飲

cānyǐn food and beverage / catering / repast

草原

cǎoyuán grassland / prairie

树不会长在草原上。

Shù búhuì zhǎng zài cǎoyuán shàng.

Trees do not grow on prairies.

册 冊

cè book / booklet / classifier for books

层次 層次

céngcì layer / level / gradation / arrangement of ideas / standing

叉

chā fork / pitchfork / prong / pick / cross / intersect / "X"

chǎ to diverge / to open (as legs)

chá to cross / be stuck

插

chā to insert / stick in / pierce / to take part in / to interfere / to interpose

我插不上话。

Wǒ chā bú shàng huà.

I can't get a word in.

差别 差別

chābié difference / distinction / disparity

两者之间有显著的差别。

Liǎngzhě zhījiān yǒu xiǎnzhù de chābié.

There are noticeable differences between the two.

差距

chājù disparity / gap

我们的投资数额有好几倍的差距。

Wǒmen de tóuzī shù'é yǒu hǎo jǐbèi de chājù.

The amount we invest differs by several times.* (If anyone can think how to phrase this nicely in English, please share it in the comments!)

叉子

chāzi fork

查询 查詢

cháxún to check / to inquire / to consult (a document etc) / inquiry / query

拆

chāi to tear open / to tear down / to tear apart / to open

拆除

chāichú to tear down / to demolish / to dismantle / to remove

产业 產業

chǎnyè industry / estate / property / industrial

钢铁是重点产业。

Gāngtiě shì zhòngdiǎn chǎnyè.

Steel is a key industry.

嚐

cháng to taste / to experience (variant of 尝|尝[chang2])

尝 嘗

cháng to taste / to try (food) / to experience / ever / once

肠 腸

cháng intestines

长度 長度

chángdù length

尝试 嘗試

chángshì to try (to see what it's like or whether one can do it)

长寿 長壽

chángshòu longevity / long-lived

祝您健康长寿。

Zhù nín jiànkāng chángshòu.

I wish you health and a long life.

场面 場面

chǎngmiàn scene / spectacle / occasion / situation

厂长 廠長

chǎngzhǎng factory director

倡导 倡導

chàngdǎo to advocate / to initiate / to propose / to be a proponent of (an idea or school of thought)

超越

chāoyuè to surpass / to exceed / to transcend

车主 車主

chēzhǔ vehicle owner

称号 稱號

chēnghào name / term of address / title

乘

chéng to ride / to mount / to make use of / to avail oneself of / to take advantage of / to multiply (math.) / Buddhist sect or creed / surname Cheng

shèng four horse military chariot / four / generic term for history books

五乘二等于十。

Wǔ chéng èr děngyú shí.

Five times two equals ten.

承办 承辦

chéngbàn to undertake / to accept a contract

成本

chéngběn (manufacturing, production etc) costs

怎么降低成本呢？

Zěnmē jiàngdī chéngběn ne?

How do you keep costs down?

乘车 乘車

chéngchē to ride (in a car or carriage) / to drive / to motor

成交

chéngjiāo to complete a contract / to reach a deal

乘客

chéngkè passenger

成效

chéngxiào effect / result

成语 成語

chéngyǔ Chinese set expression, typically of 4 characters, often alluding to a story or historical quotation / idiom / proverb / saying / adage

乘坐

chéngzuò to take (a ship, plane etc) / to ride (in a train or other vehicle)

吃力

chīlì to entail strenuous effort / to toil at a task / strenuous / laborious / strain

迟 遲

chí late / delayed / slow / surname Chi

池子

chízi pond / bathhouse pool / dance floor of a ballroom / stalls (front rows in a theater)

冲动 衝動

chōngdòng to have an urge / to be impetuous / impulse / urge

冲突 衝突

chōngtū conflict / to conflict / clash of opposing forces / collision (of interests) / contention

我没跟他们发生冲突。

Wǒ méi gēn tāmen fāshēng chōngtū.

I didn't confront them.

充足

chōngzú adequate / sufficient / abundant

愁

chóu to worry about

丑

chǒu clown / 2nd earthly branch: 1-3 a.m., 12th solar month (6th January to 3rd February), year of the Ox / ancient Chinese compass point: 30° / shameful / ugly / disgraceful / surname Chou

臭

chòu stench / smelly / to smell (bad) / repulsive / loathsome / terrible / bad / severely / ruthlessly / dud (ammunition)

xiù sense of smell / smell bad

这只狗可臭了！

Zhè zhǐ gǒu kě chòule!

This dog stinks!

出版

chūbǎn to publish

你们的书什么时候会出版呢？

Nǐmen de shū shénme shíhou huì chūbǎn ne?

When is your book coming out?

出差

chūchāi to go on an official or business trip

出汗

chūhàn to perspire / to sweat

初期

chūqī initial stage / beginning period

出于 出於

chūyú due to / to stem from

厨房 廚房

chúfáng kitchen

除非

chúfēi only if (... , or otherwise, ...) / only when / only in the case that / unless

除夕

chúxī lunar New Year's Eve

处罚 處罰

chǔfá to penalize / to punish

处分 處分

chǔfēn to discipline sb / to punish / disciplinary action / to deal with (a matter)

处在 處在

chǔzài to be situated at / to find oneself at

传达 傳達

chuándá to pass on / to convey / to relay / to transmit / transmission

传递 傳遞

chuándì to transmit / to pass on to sb else / transitive

传真 傳真

chuánzhēn to fax / a fax / to portray vividly in painting

窗帘 窗簾

chuānglián window curtains

闯 闖

chuǎng to rush / to charge / to dash / to break through / to temper oneself (through battling hardships)

创立 創立

chuànglì to establish / to set up / to found

辞职 辭職

cízhí to resign

此后 此後

cǐhòu after this / afterwards / hereafter

此刻

cǐkè this moment / now / at present

此时 此時

cǐshí now / this moment

聪明 聰明

cōngmíng intelligent / clever / bright / acute (of sight and hearing)

从而 從而

cóngér thus / thereby

从中 從中

cóngzhōng from among them / from it

脆

cuì brittle / fragile / crisp / crunchy / clear and loud voice / neat

存款

cúnkǔǎn to deposit money (in a bank etc) / bank savings / bank deposit

寸

cùn a unit of length / inch / thumb

D

答

dá to answer / to reply / to respond

dā bound form having the same meaning as the free word 答 [da2], used in 答應|答应[da1 ying5], 答理[da1 li5] etc

我不知道该怎么答他。

Wǒ bù zhīdào gāi zěnme dá tā.

I didn't know how to answer his question.

达成 達成

dáchéng to reach (an agreement) / to accomplish

答覆

dáfù to answer / to reply / Reply to: (in email header)

打扮

dǎban to decorate / to dress / to make up / to adorn / manner of dressing / style of dress

打包

dǎbāo to wrap / to pack / to put leftovers in a doggy bag for take-out / to package (i.e. create an archive file)

打击 打擊

dǎjī to hit / to strike / to attack / to crack down on sth / blow / shock / percussion (music)

他没想打击她的。

Tā méi xiǎng dǎjī tā de.

He didn't mean to disappoint her.

打架

dǎjià to fight / to scuffle / to come to blows

打扰 打擾

dǎrǎo to disturb / to bother / to trouble

别打扰我。

Bié dǎrǎo wǒ.

Don't disturb me.

大胆 大膽

dǎdǎn brazen / audacious / outrageous / bold / daring / fearless

大都

dàdū for the most part / on the whole / metropolitan / Dadu, capital of China during the Yuan Dynasty (1280-1368), modern day Beijing

dàdōu for the most part / on the whole

大纲 大綱

dàgāng synopsis / outline / program / leading principles

大奖赛 大獎賽

dàjiǎngsài grand prix

大脑 大腦

dàonǎo brain / cerebrum

大事

dàshì major event / major political event (war or change of regime) / major social event (wedding or funeral) / in a big way

我们能做点大事。

Wǒmen néng zuò diǎn dàshì.

We could do something big.

大厅 大廳

dàtīng hall / concourse / public lounge / (hotel) lobby

大象

dàxiàng elephant

大熊猫 大熊貓

dàxióngmāo giant panda (Ailuropoda melanoleuca)

大于 大於

dàyú greater than / bigger than / more than

大致

dàzhì more or less / roughly / approximately

呆

dāi foolish / stupid / expressionless / blank / foolish / stupid (variant of 呆[dail]) / expressionless / blank (variant of 呆[dail])

我呆了一会儿。

Wǒ dāile yíhuìr.

I stayed for a while.

待

dài to wait / to treat / to deal with / to need / going to (do sth) / about to / intending to

dāi to stay / to remain

我想待一夜。

Wǒ xiǎng dài yí yè.

I'd like to stay for one night.

代价 代價

dàijià price / cost / consideration (in share dealing)

贷款 貸款

dàikuǎn a loan / to provide a loan (e.g. bank) / to raise a loan (from e.g. a bank)

我不需要贷款了。

Wǒ bù xūyào dàikuǎn le.

I do not need a loan anymore.

代理

dàilǐ to act on behalf of sb in a responsible position / to act as an agent or proxy / surrogate / proxy

带有 帶有

dàiyǒu to have as a feature or characteristic / to have an element of (confidence, sweetness, malevolence etc) / to carry (a pathogen, connotation etc)

单一 單一

dānyī single / only / sole

胆 膽

dǎn gall bladder / courage / guts / gall / inner container (e.g. bladder of a football, inner container of a thermos)

胆小 膽小

dǎnxiǎo cowardice / timid

蛋糕

dàngāo cake

把蛋糕切成八块。

Bǎ dàngāo qiēchéng bā kuài.

Cut the cake into eight pieces.

当场 當場

dāngchǎng at the scene / on the spot

当代 當代

dāngdài the present age / the contemporary era

当年 當年

dāngnián in those days / back then / in those years / to be in the prime of life

dàngnián that very same year

当前 當前

dāngqián the present time / to be faced with

当选 當選

dāngxuǎn to be elected / to be selected

谁将当选主席呢？

Shéi jiāng dāngxuǎn zhǔxí ne?

Who will be elected chairman?

挡 擋

dǎng to resist / to obstruct / to hinder / to keep off / to block (a blow) / to get in the way of / cover / gear (e.g. in a car's transmission)

dàng to arrange / to put in order

这个老人挡了她的路。

Zhège lǎorén dǎng le tā de lù.

The old man got in her way.

道德

dàodé virtue / morality / ethics

到来 到來

dàolái to arrive / arrival / advent

她还没有到来。

Tā hái méiyǒu dàolái.

She hasn't come yet.

倒是

dàoshì contrary to what one might expect / actually / contrariwise / why don't you

得了

déle all right! / that's enough!

déliǎo (emphatically, in rhetorical questions) possible

得以

déyǐ able to / so that sb can / enabling / in order to / finally in a position to / with sth in view

等候

děnghòu to wait / to wait for

等级 等級

děngjí grade / rank / status

低于 低於

dīyú to be lower than

递 遞

dì to hand over / to pass on / to deliver / progressively / in the proper order

地带 地帶

dìdài zone

递给 遞給

dìgěi to hand it (i.e. the aforementioned item) to (sb)

她把酒递给他。

Tā bǎjiǔ dìgěi tā.

She handed him the drink.

地形

dìxíng topography / terrain / landform

地震

dìzhèn earthquake

我感觉到地震了。

Wǒ gǎnjué dào dìzhèn le.

I felt the earth shake.

典礼 典禮

diǎnlǐ ceremony / celebration

点燃 點燃

diǎnrán to ignite / to set on fire / aflame

电池 電池

diànchí battery / electric cell

电饭锅 電飯鍋

diànfànguō electric rice cooker

电子版 電子版

diànzǐbǎn electronic edition / digital version

调动 調動

diàodòng to transfer / to maneuver (troops etc) / movement of personnel / to mobilize / to bring into play

丢 丟

diū to lose / to put aside / to throw

她害怕丢钱。

Tā hàipà diū qián.

She's afraid of losing money.

冻 凍

dòng to freeze / to feel very cold / aspic or jelly

洞

dòng cave / hole / zero (unambiguous spoken form when spelling out numbers)

这洞有多深啊？

Zhè dòng yǒu duō shēn a?

How deep is the hole?

动机 動機

dòngjī motive / motivation

动手 動手

dòngshǒu to set about (a task) / to raise a hand to hit sb / to touch / to handle (typically used in cautioning sb *not* to touch sth)

自己动手真好。

Zìjǐ dòngshǒu zhēn hǎo.

It's good to do it yourself.

动态 動態

dòngtài movement / motion / development / trend / dynamic (science)

动员 動員

dòngyuán to mobilize / mobilization

豆制品 豆製品

dòuzhìpǐn legume-based product / soybean product

毒

dú poison / to poison / poisonous / malicious / cruel / fierce / narcotics

这条鱼没有毒。

Zhè tiáo yú méiyǒu dú.

This fish is free from poison.

堆

duī to pile up / to heap up / a mass / pile / heap / stack / large amount

对立 對立

duìlì to oppose / to set sth against / to be antagonistic to / antithetical / relative opposite / opposing / diametrical

对应 對應

duìyìng to correspond (to) / to be equivalent to / to be a counterpart to

吨 噸

dūn ton (loanword)

朵

duǒ flower / earlobe / fig. item on both sides / classifier for flowers, clouds etc

躲

duǒ to hide / to dodge / to avoid

你躲在树后。

Nǐ duǒ zài shù hòu.

You hid behind the tree.

E

儿女 兒女

érnǚ children / sons and daughters / a young man and a young woman (in love)

耳朵

ěrduo ear / handle (on a cup)

二维码 二維碼

èrwéimǎ 2D barcode / matrix code / QR code

F

发布 發布

fābù to release / to issue / to announce / to distribute

这则报告在最近发布了。

Zhè zé bàogào zài zuìjìn fābùle.

The report has been recently published.

发觉 發覺

fājué to become aware / to detect / to realize / to perceive

发射 發射

fāshè to shoot (a projectile) / to fire (a rocket) / to launch / to emit (a particle) / to discharge / emanation / emission

俄罗斯去年发射了一个卫星。

Éluósī qùnián fāshèle yí gè wèixīng.

A satellite was launched in Russia last year.

发行 發行

fāxíng to publish / to issue / to release / to distribute

罚 罰

fá to punish / to penalize / to fine

罚款 罰款

fákǎn to fine / penalty / fine (monetary)

法规 法規

fǎguī legislation / statute

法制

fǎzhì legal system and institutions / made in France

繁荣 繁榮

fánróng prosperous / booming

返回

fǎnhuí to return to / to come (or go) back

一个小时候，她返回了。

Yí gè xiǎoshí hòu, tā fǎnhuile.

She came back an hour later.

防治

fángzhì to prevent and cure / prevention and cure

放大

fàngdà to enlarge / to magnify

放弃 放棄

fàngqì to renounce / to abandon / to give up

不要放弃英语。

Búyào fàngqì Yīngyǔ.

Don't give up English.

分成

fēnchéng to divide (into) / to split a bonus / to break into / tenths / percentage allotment

分解

fēnjiě to resolve / to decompose / to break down

分类 分類

fēnlèi to classify

请将这些照片加以分类。

Qǐng jiāng zhèxiē zhàopiàn jiāyǐ fēnlèi.

Please classify these photos.

分离 分離

fēnlí to separate

分析

fēnxī to analyze / analysis

我们已经将它做了分析。

Wǒmen yǐjīng jiāng tā zuòle fēnxī.

We've had it analyzed.

分享

fēnxiǎng to share (esp. sth enjoyable, useful or beneficial)

我想跟你分享。

Wǒ xiǎng gēn nǐ fēnxiǎng.

I want to share it with you.

疯 瘋

fēng insane / mad / wild

风度 風度

fēngdù elegance (for men) / elegant demeanor / grace / poise

风光 風光

fēngguāng scene / view / sight / landscape / to be well-regarded / to be well-off / grand (dialect) / impressive (dialect)

疯狂 瘋狂

fēngkuáng crazy / frenzied / wild

丰收 豐收

fēngshōu to reap a bumper harvest

幅

fú width / roll / classifier for textiles or pictures

请看这幅图。

Qǐng kàn zhè fú tú.

Look at this picture.

扶

fú to support with the hand / to help sb up / to support oneself by holding onto something / to help

服从 服從

fúcóng to obey (an order) / to comply / to defer

幅度

fúdù width / extent / range / scope

福利

fúli benefit (provided by an employer or organization) / welfare

辅助 輔助

fǔzhù to assist / to aid / supplementary / auxiliary

附件

fùjiàn appendix (in a document) / enclosure (accompanying a document) / attachment / accessory (for a car, computer etc) / adnexa

负责人 負責人

fùzérén person in charge

G

改革

gǎigé reform / to reform

我反对政治改革。

Wǒ fǎnduì zhèngzhì gǎigé.

I am against political reform.

干脆 乾脆

gāncuì candid / direct and to the point / simply / just / might as well

干扰 干擾

gānrǎo to disturb / to interfere / perturbation / interference (physics)

干预 干預

gānyù to meddle / to intervene / intervention

感想

gǎnxiǎng impressions / reflections / thoughts

钢笔 鋼筆

gāngbǐ fountain pen

他是用钢笔写的信。

Tā shì yòng gāngbǐ xiě de xìn.

He wrote the letter with a fountain pen.

钢琴 鋼琴

gāngqín piano

既然你已经开始学钢琴了，那还是把它学会吧。

Jìrán nǐ yǐjīng kāishǐ xué gāngqín le, nà hái shì bǎ tā xuéhuì ba.

Since you've already started learning to play the piano, then you should \[see it through and\] learn it well.

高大

gāodà tall / lofty / towering

高度

gāodù height / altitude / elevation / high degree / highly

这是一个高度发展的文明。

Zhè shì yí gè gāodù fāzhǎn de wénmíng.

This is a highly developed civilisation.

高跟鞋

gāogēnxié high-heeled shoes

高温 高溫

gāowēn high temperature

高于 高於

gāoyú greater than / to exceed

高原

gāoyuán plateau

搞

gǎo to do / to make / to go in for / to set up / to get hold of / to take care of

给我搞点水！

Gěi wǒ gǎo diǎn shuǐ!

Give me some water!

搞好

gǎohǎo to do well at / to do a good job

歌曲

gēqǔ song

隔壁

gébi next door / neighbor

跟前

gēnqián the front (of) / front / sb's presence / just before (a date)

gēnqian at one's side / living with one

跟随 跟隨

gēnsuí to follow

更换 更換

gēnghuàn to replace (a worn-out tire etc) / to change (one's address etc)

更新

gēngxīn to replace the old with new / to renew / to renovate / to upgrade / to update / to regenerate

我等待更新。

Wǒ děngdài gēngxīn.

I await updates.

公告

gōnggào post / announcement

公认 公認

gōngrèn publicly known (to be) / accepted (as)

公式

gōngshì formula

工艺 工藝

gōngyì arts and crafts / industrial arts

公正

gōngzhèng just / fair / equitable

工作日

gōngzuòrì workday / working day / weekday

共计 共計

gòngjì to sum up to / to total

共享

gòngxiǎng to share / to enjoy together

沟 溝

gōu ditch / gutter / groove / gully / ravine

沟通 溝通

gōutōng to join / to connect / to link up / to communicate

英语是沟通的工具。

Yīngyǔ shì gōutōng de gōngjù.

English is a communication tool.

估计 估計

gūjì to estimate / to assess / to calculate / to reckon / to think (that ...)

损失是无法估计的。

Sǔnshī shì wúfǎ gūjì de.

The losses are incalculable.

鼓

gǔ drum / to drum / to strike / to rouse / to bulge / to swell

我会打一点儿鼓。

Wǒ huì dǎ yìdiǎnr gǔ.

I can play a bit of the drums.

古老

gǔlǎo ancient / old / age-old

希腊是个古老的国家。

Xīlà shì gè gǔlǎo de guójiā.

Greece is an old country.

鼓励 鼓勵

gǔlì to encourage

没有人鼓励他。

Méiyǒu rén gǔlì tā.

Nobody encouraged him.

鼓掌

gǔzhǎng to applaud / to clap

顾问 顧問

gùwèn adviser / consultant

关怀 關懷

guānhuái care / solicitude / to show care for / concerned about / attentive to

关键 關鍵

guānjiàn crucial point / crux / key / crucial / pivotal

这是一个关键点。

Zhè shì yí gè guānjiàn diǎn.

This is a crucial point.

冠军 冠軍

guànjūn champion

我和他竞争冠军。

Wǒ hé tā jìngzhēng guànjūn.

I competed with him for the championship.

光荣 光榮

guāngróng honor and glory / glorious

光线 光線

guāngxìàn light ray / light / illumination / lighting (for a photograph)

广

guǎng wide / numerous / to spread / surname Guang

yǎn "house on a cliff" radical in Chinese characters (Kangxi radical 53), occurring in 店, 序, 底 etc

广泛 廣泛

guǎngfàn wide / broad / extensive / widespread

规划 規劃

guīhuà to draw up a plan / to map out a program / a plan / a program

鬼

guǐ disembodied spirit / ghost / devil / person with a certain vice or addiction etc / sly / crafty / resourceful (variant of 詭|诡[guǐ3]) / one of the 28 constellations of ancient Chinese astronomy

你在搞什么鬼。

Nǐ zài gǎo shénme guǐ.

What the devil are you doing?

柜子 櫃子

guizi cupboard / cabinet

滚 滾

gǔn to boil / to roll / to take a hike / Get lost!

给我滚出去!

Gěi wǒ gǔn chūqù!

Get out of here!

锅 鍋

guō pot / pan / wok / cauldron / pot-shaped thing

吃着碗里，看着锅里。

Chīzhe wǎn lǐ, kànzhe guō lǐ.

Eating from his bowl, he can't move his eyes off the pot.

国籍 國籍

guójí nationality

国民 國民

guómín nationals / citizens / people of a nation

总统在电视上对国民讲话。

Zǒngtǒng zài diànshì shàng duì guómín jiǎnghuà.

The President spoke to the nation on TV.

过度 過度

guòdù excessive / over- / excess / going too far / extravagant / intemperate / overdue

过敏 過敏

guòmǐn allergic / hypersensitive / oversensitive / prone to overreact

过于 過於

guòyú excessively / too

H

害

hài to do harm to / to cause trouble to / harm / evil / calamity

数千人受此疾病所害。

Shù qiān rén shòu cǐ jíbìng suǒ hài.

Several thousand people became victims of this disease.

汗

hàn perspiration / sweat / to be speechless (out of helplessness, embarrassment etc) (Internet slang used as an interjection)

我正流着汗。

Wǒ zhèng liú zhe hàn.

I'm dripping with sweat.

好运 好運

hǎoyùn good luck

号召 號召

hàozhào to call / to appeal

盒

hé small box / case

这个产品很受欢迎 - 我们已经卖了一盒半了!

Zhège chǎnpǐn hěn shòuhuānyíng - wǒmen yǐjīng mǎile yì hé bàn le!

This product is very popular - we've already sold a box and a half!

合并 合併

hébing to merge / to annex

合成

héchéng to compose / to constitute / compound / synthesis / mixture / synthetic

盒饭 盒飯

héfàn meal in a partitioned box

盒子

hézi box / case / hezi - a savory turnover-like pie in northern Chinese and Mongolian cuisines

这个盒子太大了。

Zhège hézi tài dàle.

This box is too big.

贺卡 賀卡

hèkǎ greeting card / congratulation card

恨

hèn to hate / to regret

她非常恨他。

Tā fēicháng hèn tā.

She hated him so much.

猴

hóu monkey

后悔 後悔

hòuhuǐ to regret / to feel remorse

胡子 鬍子

húzi beard / mustache or whiskers / facial hair / bandit

虎

hǔ tiger

滑

huá to slip / to slide / slippery / smooth / sly / slippery / not to be trusted / surname Hua

华语 華語

huáyǔ Chinese language

划分 劃分

huàfēn to divide up / to partition / to differentiate

画面 畫面

huàmiàn scene / tableau / picture / image / screen (displayed by a computer) / frame / field of view

化石

huàshí fossil

环节 環節

huánjié segment (of the body of a worm, centipede etc) / a part of an integrated whole: aspect (of a project), element (of a policy), sector (of the economy), stage (of a process) etc

慌

huāng to get panicky / to lose one's head / (after 得[de2]) unbearably / terribly

慌忙

huāngmáng in a great rush / in a flurry

恢复 恢復

huīfù to reinstate / to resume / to restore / to recover / to regain / to rehabilitate

爸爸恢复了健康。

Bàba huīfùle jiànkāng.

Father recovered his health.

灰色

huīsè gray / ash gray / grizzly / pessimistic / gloomy / dispirited / ambiguous

回报 回報

huìbào return / reciprocation / payback / retaliation / to report back / to reciprocate

回避 迴避

huíbi to shun / to avoid (sb) / to skirt / to evade (an issue) / to step back / to withdraw / to recuse (a judge etc)

回顾 回顧

huígù to look back / to review

回收

huíshōu to recycle / to reclaim / to retrieve / to recover / to recall (a defective product)

回头 回頭

huítóu to turn round / to turn one's head / later / by and by

回信

huíxìn to reply / to write back / letter written in reply

回忆 回憶

huíyì to recall / memories

汇款 匯款

huìkuǎn to remit money / remittance

会谈 會談

huìtán talks / discussions

活力

huóli energy / vitality / vigor / vital force

活泼 活潑

huópo lively / vivacious / brisk / active / reactive

火柴

huǒchái match (for lighting fire)

火腿

huǒtuǐ ham

火灾 火災

huǒzāi serious fire (in a city or a forest etc)

或是

huòshì or / either one or the other

J

基地

jīdì base (of operations, industrial, military, research etc) / al-Qaeda

基金

jījīn fund

机器人 機器人

jīqìrén robot / android

肌肉

jīròu muscle / flesh

机制

jīzhì mechanism / machine-processed / machine-made

即使

jìshǐ even if / even though

即使她爱我，我也不爱她。

Jìshǐ tā ài wǒ, wǒ yě bú ài tā.

I don't love her, not even if she loves me.

集团 集團

jítuán group / bloc / corporation / conglomerate

挤 擠

jǐ to crowd in / to cram in / to force others aside / to press / to squeeze / to find (time in one's busy schedule)

继承 繼承

jìchéng to inherit / to succeed to (the throne etc) / to carry on (a tradition etc)

他必须继承父亲的事业。

Tā bìxū jìchéng fùqīn de shìyè.

He must succeed to his father's business.

技能

jìnéng technical ability / skill

记忆 記憶

jìyì to remember / to recall / memory

夹 夾

jiā to press from either side / to place in between / to sandwich / to carry sth under armpit / wedged between / between / to intersperse / to mix / to mingle / clip / folder
jiá double-layered (quilt) / lined (garment)

我的手被门夹到了。

Wǒ de shǒu bèi mén jiā dào le.

I caught my finger in the door.

加热 加熱

jiārè to heat

加上

jiāshàng plus / to put in / to add / to add on / to add into / in addition / on top of that

加速

jiāsù to accelerate / to speed up / to expedite

加以

jiāyǐ to apply / to carry out / to take action to (do sth) (used before a disyllabic verb, indicating that the action is directed at sth previously mentioned, e.g. 加以说明|加以说明[jia1 yi3 shuo1 ming2]) / to apply (restrictions etc) / to give (support, consideration etc) / moreover / in addition

请将这些照片加以分类。

Qǐng jiāng zhèxiē zhàopiàn jiāyǐ fēnlèi.

Please classify these photos.

甲

jiǎ first of the ten Heavenly Stems 十天干[shí tiān gān] / (used for an unspecified person or thing) / first (in a list, as a party to a contract etc) / letter "A" or roman "I" in list "A, B, C", or "I, II, III" etc / armor plating / shell or carapace / nail / bladed leather or metal armor (old) / ranking system used in the Imperial examinations (old) / civil administration unit in the baojia 保甲[bao3 jia3] system (old) / ancient Chinese compass point: 75°

手甲的生长速度比脚甲快四倍。

Shǒu jiǎ de shēngzhǎng sùdù bǐ jiǎo jiǎ kuài sì bèi.

Fingernails grow nearly four times faster than toenails.

价

jià price / value / valence

jié particle used between an adverb and a verb or adjective / particle used after a negative adverb such as 不[bu4] or 别[bie2] without any other following element

jiè messenger / servant

这价儿我不卖。

Zhè jià ér wǒ bú mài.

I can't sell at this price.

驾驶 駕駛

jiàshǐ to drive (vehicle) / to pilot (ship, airplane etc) / driver / pilot / captain

驾照 駕照

jiàzhào driver's license (abbr. for 駕駛執照|驾驶执照[jia4 shi3 zhi2 zhao4])

肩

jiān shoulder / to shoulder (responsibilities etc)

坚定 堅定

jiāndìng firm / steady / staunch / resolute

艰苦 艱苦

jiānkǔ difficult / hard / arduous

艰难 艱難

jiānnán difficult / arduous / hard

剪

jiǎn scissors or similar tool / to cut as with scissors / to wipe out / to exterminate / to edit (video, audio etc) / surname Jian

剪刀

jiǎndāo scissors

减轻 減輕

jiǎnqīng to lighten / to ease / to alleviate

检验 檢驗

jiǎnyàn to inspect / to examine / to test

科学家的工作就是对理论加以检验。

Kēxuéjiā de gōngzuò jiùshì duì lǐlùn jiǎyǐ jiǎnyàn.

The work of a scientist is to put ideas to the test.

剪子

jiǎnzi clippers / scissors / shears

键 鍵

jiàn key (on a piano or computer keyboard) / button (on a mouse or other device) / chemical bond / linchpin

间接 間接

jiànjiē indirect

键盘 鍵盤

jiànpan keyboard

健全

jiànquán robust / sound

建造

jiànzào to construct / to build

桥在建造中。

Qiáo zài jiànzào zhōng.

The bridge is under construction.

建筑 建築

jiànzhù to construct / building

他设计了新建筑。

Tā shèjìle xīn jiànzhù.

He designed the new building.

将 將

jiāng will / shall / to use / to take / to checkmate / just a short while ago / (introduces object of main verb, used in the same way as 把[bā3])

jiàng a general / to command / to lead / general (on the black side, equivalent to a king in Western chess)

qiāng to desire / to invite / to request

她将会工作。

Tā jiāng huì gōngzuò.

She will work.

将要 將要

jiāngyào will / shall / to be going to

奖励 獎勵

jiǎnglì to reward / reward (as encouragement)

交代

jiāodài to transfer (duties to sb else) / to give instructions / to tell (sb to do sth) / to explain / to give an account / to brief / to confess / to account for oneself / to come to a bad end

胶带 膠帶

jiāodài adhesive tape / magnetic tape

郊区 郊區

jiāoqū suburban district / outskirts / suburbs / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Tongling City 銅陵市|铜陵市[Tong2 ling2 Shi4], Anhui / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Jiamusi City 佳木斯市[Jia1 mu4 si1 Shi4], Heilongjiang / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Yangquan City 陽泉市|阳泉市[Yang2 quan2 Shi4], Shanxi / Jiao District or Jiaoqu, a district of Changzhi City 長治市|长治市[Chang2 zhi4 Shi4], Shanxi

胶水 膠水

jiāoshuǐ glue

脚步 腳步

jiǎobù footstep / step

接触 接觸

jiēchù to touch / to contact / access / in touch with

日本有必要和西方各国接触。

Rìběn yǒu bìyào hé xīfāng gèguó jiēchù.

Japan needed contact with the Western countries.

接连 接連

jiēlián on end / in a row / in succession

解除

jiěchú to remove / to sack / to get rid of / to relieve (sb of their duties) / to free / to lift (an embargo) / to rescind (an agreement)

解放

jiěfàng to liberate / to emancipate / liberation / refers to the Communists' victory over the Nationalists in 1949

届 屆

jiè to arrive at (place or time) / period / to become due / classifier for events, meetings, elections, sporting fixtures, years (of graduation)

戒

jiè to guard against / to exhort / to admonish or warn / to give up or stop doing sth / Buddhist monastic discipline / ring (for a finger)

今日

jīnrì today

尽管 儘管

jǐnguǎn despite / although / even though / in spite of / unhesitatingly / do not hesitate (to ask, complain etc) / without hesitating

你可以尽管放心。

Nǐ kěyǐ jǐnguǎn fàngxīn.

You can depend on it.

紧紧 緊緊

jǐnjǐn closely / tightly

尽可能 儘可能

jǐnkěnéng as far as possible / to the best of one's ability

进化 進化

jìnhuà to evolve (biologically, technologically etc) / evolution

近来 近來

jìnlái recently / lately

经费 經費

jīngfèi funds / expenditure

警告

jǐnggào to warn / to admonish

景象

jǐngxiàng scene / sight (to behold)

竞赛 競賽

jìngsài to compete / to race / contest / competition / match / race

竞争 競爭

jìngzhēng to compete / competition

我和他竞争冠军。

Wǒ hé tā jìngzhēng guànjūn.

I competed with him for the championship.

酒鬼

jiǔguǐ drunkard

救灾 救災

jiùzāi to relieve disaster / to help disaster victims

居然

jūrán unexpectedly / to one's surprise / go so far as to

我没想到今天居然会哭的。

Wǒ méixiǎngdào jīntiān jūrán huì kū de.

I never expected I would end up crying today.

局面

júmiàn aspect / phase / situation

局长 局長

júzhǎng bureau chief

举动 舉動

jǔdòng act / action / activity / move / movement

剧本 劇本

jùběn script / screenplay / scenario / libretto

拒绝 拒絕

jùjué to refuse / to decline / to reject

他们拒绝了。

Tāmen jùjuéle.

They refused.

俱乐部 俱樂部

jùlèbù club (the organization or its premises)

决不 決不

juébù not at all / simply (can) not

绝望 絕望

juéwàng to despair / to give up all hope / desperate / desperation

军人 軍人

jūnrén serviceman / soldier / military personnel

军人所失去的自由太多了。

Jūnrén suǒ shīqù de zìyóu tài duō le.

The freedom that soldiers give up is too great.

K

开幕 開幕

kāimù to open (a conference) / to inaugurate

开幕式 開幕式

kāimùshì opening ceremony

看成

kànchéng to regard as

看出

kànchū to make out / to see

看待

kàndài to look upon / to regard

考核

kǎohé to examine / to check up on / to assess / to review / appraisal / review / evaluation

烤肉

kǎoròu to barbecue meat / to roast meat / barbecued meat / roast meat

烤鸭 烤鴨

kǎoyā roast duck

靠近

kàojin to be close to / to approach / to draw near

颗 顆

kē classifier for small spheres, pearls, corn grains, teeth, hearts, satellites etc

咳

ké cough

hāi sound of sighing / (interjection expressing surprise, sorrow, regret, disappointment etc) oh / damn / wow

可

kě can / may / able to / -able / to approve / to permit / to suit / (particle used for emphasis) certainly / very / but / however

你可跑不掉。

Nǐ kě pǎo bú diào.

You can't escape.

可怜 可憐

kělián pitiful / pathetic / to have pity on

渴望

kěwàng to thirst for / to long for

可惜

kěxī it is a pity / what a pity / unfortunately

可惜这是真的。

Kěxī zhè shì zhēnde.

It is unfortunately true.

客户 客戶

kèhù client / customer

我是个客户。

Wǒ shì gè kèhù.

I'm a client.

客气 客氣

kèqi polite / courteous / formal / modest

课题 課題

kètí task / problem / issue

客厅 客廳

kètīng living room / sitting room

肯定

kěndìng to be certain / to be positive / assuredly / definitely / to give recognition / to affirm / affirmative (answer)

我不能肯定。

Wǒ bùnéng kěndìng.

I can't be positive.

空中

kōngzhōng in the sky / in the air

控制

kòngzhì to control

我控制住了。

Wǒ kòngzhì zhùle.

I've got things under control.

口号 口號

kǒuhào slogan / catchphrase

库 庫

kù warehouse / storehouse / library

快活

kuàihuo happy / cheerful

宽度 寬度

kuāndù width

狂

kuáng mad / wild / violent

亏 虧

kuī to lose (money) / to have a deficit / to be deficient / to treat unfairly / luckily / fortunately / thanks to / (used to introduce an ironic remark about sb who has fallen short of expectations)

困扰 困擾

kùnrǎo to perplex / to disturb / to cause complications

L

来信 來信

láixìn incoming letter / to send us a letter

烂 爛

làn soft / mushy / well-cooked and soft / to rot / to decompose / rotten / worn out / chaotic / messy / utterly / thoroughly / crappy / bad

朗读 朗讀

lǎngdú to read aloud

浪漫

làngmàn romantic

劳动 勞動

láodòng work / toil / physical labor

他不爱劳动。

Tā bú ài láodòng.

He is not one for hard work.

梨

lí pear

礼 禮

lǐ gift / rite / ceremony / propriety / etiquette / courtesy / surname Li

我不能收这份礼。

Wǒ bùnéng shōu zhè fèn lǐ.

I cannot accept this gift.

礼拜 禮拜

lǐbài to attend a religious service / week / Sunday

礼貌 禮貌

lǐmào courtesy / politeness / manners / courteous / polite

立

lì to stand / to set up / to establish / to lay down / to draw up / at once / immediately / surname Li

企者不立，跨者不行。

Qǐzhě bú lì, kuàzhě bùxíng.

The one who tip-toes does not stand; the one who strides widely does not walk.

立场 立場

lìchǎng position / standpoint

我十分理解你的立场。

Wǒ shífēn lǐjiě nǐ de lìchǎng.

I understand your position perfectly.

厉害 厲害

lìhai (used to describe sb or sth that makes a very strong impression, whether favorable or unfavorable) terrible / intense / severe / devastating / amazing / awesome / outstanding / stern / strict / harsh / shrewd / tough / fierce / striking / (of liquor or chili pepper) strong / virulent

我烧得很厉害。

Wǒ shāo de hěn lìhai.

I have a high fever.

利润 利潤

lìrùn profits

例外

lìwài exception / to be an exception

连接 連接

liánjiē to link / to join / to connect

联络 聯絡

liánluò to get in touch with / to contact / to stay in contact (with) / liaison / connection

联想 聯想

liánxiǎng to associate (cognitively) / to make an associative connection / mental association / word prediction and auto-complete functions of input method editing programs / Lenovo

脸盆 臉盆

liǎnpén washbowl / basin for washing hands and face

脸色 臉色

liǎnsè complexion / look

他看到我脸色变了。

Tā kàndào wǒ liǎnsè biànle.

He saw my expression change.

恋爱 戀愛

liànài love / in love / to have an affair

两岸 兩岸

liǎngàn bilateral / both shores / both sides / both coasts / Taiwan and mainland

邻居 鄰居

línjū neighbor

邻居买了新的车，我要过去看一下。

Línjū mǎile xīn de chē, wǒ yào guòqù kàn yíxià.

The neighbours have bought a new car - I'm going to go over and have a look.

铃 鈴

líng bell

铃声 鈴聲

língshēng ring / ringtone / bell stroke / tinnit

领带 領帶

lǐngdài necktie

令

lìng to order / to command / an order / warrant / writ / to cause / to make sth happen / virtuous / honorific title / season / government position (old) / type of short song or poem

lǐng classifier for a ream of paper

它令您快乐吗？

Tā lìng nín kuàilè ma?

Does it please you?

流动 流動

liúdòng to flow / to circulate / to move about / mobile / (of assets) liquid

流通

liútōng to circulate / to distribute / circulation / distribution

漏

lòu to leak / to divulge / to leave out by mistake / waterclock or hourglass (old)

漏洞

lòudòng leak / hole / gap / loophole

逻辑 邏輯

luójì logic

落实 落實

luòshí practical / workable / to implement / to carry out / to decide

M

码头 碼頭

mǎtóu wharf / dock / quay / pier

骂 罵

mà to scold / to abuse / to curse

妈妈骂马吗？

Māma mà mǎ ma?

Is Mother scolding the horse?

买卖 買賣

mǎimai purchase and sale / transaction / shop / store

mǎimài to buy and sell

政府必须对枪支的买卖加以限制。

Zhèngfǔ bìxū duì qiāngzhī de mǎimai jiǎyǐ xiànzhì.

The government must implement limits on the sale of firearms.

漫长 漫長

màncháng very long / endless

漫画 漫畫

mànhuà caricature / cartoon / Japanese manga

毛笔 毛筆

máobǐ writing brush

矛盾

máodùn contradiction / conflicting views / contradictory

冒

mào to emit / to give off / to send out (or up, forth) / to brave / to face / reckless / to falsely adopt (sb's identity etc) / to feign / to cover / surname Mao

我知道你冒了多大的风险。

Wǒ zhīdào nǐ mào le duō dà de fēngxiǎn.

I know what you've risked.

贸易 貿易

màoyì trade

这两个国家有强大的贸易关系。

Zhè liǎng gè guójiā yǒu qiángdà de màoyì guānxi.

The two nations have strong trade ties.

煤

méi coal

煤并不都是黑的。

Méi bìng bù yíding dū shì hēi de.

Coal is not always black.

煤气 煤氣

méiqì coal gas / gas (fuel)

烧煤气比烧煤划算。

Shāo méiqì bǐ shāoméi huásuàn.

Gas is more economical to use than coal.

门诊 門診

ménzhěn outpatient service

迷人

mírén fascinating / enchanting / charming / tempting

迷信

míxìn superstition / to have a superstitious belief (in sth)

面貌

miànmào face / features / appearance / look

面子

miànzi outer surface / the outside of sth / social prestige / face / powder

秒

miǎo second (unit of time) / arc second (angular measurement unit) / instantly

我失去了生命中的十五秒。

Wǒ shīqùle shēngmìng zhōng de shíwǔ miǎo.

I've lost 15 seconds of my life.

敏感

mǐngǎn sensitive / susceptible

明亮

míngliàng bright / shining / glittering / to become clear

明明

míngmíng obviously / plainly / undoubtedly / definitely

命令

mìnglìng order / command

他的话就是命令。

Tā de huà jiù shì mìnglìng.

His word is law.

摩擦

móca friction / rubbing / chafing / fig. disharmony / conflict

模范 模範

mófàn model / fine example

模仿

mófǎng to imitate / to copy / to emulate / to mimic / model

模糊

móhu vague / indistinct / fuzzy / to blur / to obscure / to confuse / to mix up

模式

móshì mode / pattern / model

摩托

mótuō motor / motorbike / motorcycle (abbr. for 摩托車|摩托車[mo2 tuol chel])

模样 模樣

múyàng look / style / appearance / approximation / about

目光

mùguāng gaze / (fig.) attention / expression in one's eyes / look / sight / vision

N

耐心

nàixīn to be patient / patience

我从他身上学到了耐心。

Wǒ cóng tā shēnshang xué dào le nàixīn.

I learned patience from him.

南北

nánběi north and south / north to south

南北战争持续了四年。

Nánběi zhànzhēng chíxù le sì nián.

America's Civil War lasted four years.

难得 難得

nándé seldom / rare / hard to come by

南极 南極

nánjí the South Pole / the south magnetic pole

男性

nánxìng the male sex / a male

女人喜欢男性的注意。

Nǚrén xǐhuan nánxìng de zhùyì.

Women like male attention.

难以 難以

nányǐ hard to (predict, imagine etc)

我难以解决这问题。

Wǒ nányǐ jiějué zhè wèntí.

It's difficult for me to solve this problem.

脑子 腦子

nǎozi brains / mind

内在 內在

nèizài inner / internal / intrinsic / innate

能量

néngliàng energy / capabilities

热是一种能量。

Rè shì yìzhǒng néngliàng.

Heat is a form of energy.

年度

niándù year (e.g. school year, fiscal year) / annual

年龄 年齡

niánlíng age

你的年龄是多少？

Nǐ de niánlíng shì duōshǎo?

How old are you?

年前

niánqián by the end of the year / at the end of the year / shortly before New Year

牛仔裤 牛仔褲

niúzáikù jeans

除了她以外，其他人都穿着牛仔裤。

Chúle tā yǐwài, qítā rén dōu chuānzhe niúzáikù.

Except for her, everyone was wearing jeans.

农产品 農產品

nóngchǎnpǐn agricultural produce

暖

nuǎn warm / to warm

女性

nǚxìng woman / the female sex

女性爱谈话。

Nǚxìng ài tánhuà.

Women like to talk.

O

偶尔 偶爾

ǒu'ěr occasionally / once in a while / sometimes

偶然

ǒurán incidentally / occasional / occasionally / by chance / randomly

我上个星期在聚会上偶然遇见了他。

Wǒ shànggē xīngqī zài jùhuì shàng ǒurán yùjiàn le tā.

I bumped into him at a party last week.

偶像

ǒuxiàng idol

P

拍摄 拍攝

pāishè to take (a picture) / to shoot (a film)

排除

páichú to eliminate / to remove / to exclude / to rule out

旁

páng one side / other / different / lateral component of a Chinese character (such as 𠂔[dao1], 𠂔[ren2] etc)

赔 賠

péi to compensate for loss / to indemnify / to suffer a financial loss

陪

péi to accompany / to keep sb company / to assist

没人陪他玩。

Méi rén péi tā wán.

He has no one to play with.

赔偿 賠償

péicháng to compensate

配备 配備

pèibèi to allocate / to provide / to outfit with

配套

pèitào to form a complete set / compatible / matching / complementary

喷 噴

pēn to spout / to spurt / to spray / to puff / to criticize scathingly (esp. online)

pèn strong / peak season (of a crop) / (classifier for the ordinal number of a crop, in the context of multiple harvests)

盆

pén basin / flower pot / unit of volume equal to 12 斗[dou3] and 8 升[sheng1], approx 128 liters

披

pī to drape over one's shoulders / to open / to unroll / to split open / to spread out

皮肤 皮膚

pífū skin

你的皮肤真好。

Nǐ de pífū zhēn hǎo.

You have nice skin.

脾气 脾氣

píqi character / temperament / disposition / bad temper

皮鞋

píxié leather shoes

匹

pǐ matching / comparable to / alone / single / one of a pair / classifier for horses, mules etc / classifier for cloth: bolt / horsepower

骗 騙

piàn to cheat / to swindle / to deceive / to get on (a horse etc) by swinging one leg over

骗子 騙子

piànzi swindler / a cheat

拼

pīn to piece together / to put together / to pool (resources etc) / to share / to risk all / to go all out / to spell (words)

频道 頻道

píndào frequency / channel

频繁 頻繁

pínán frequently / often

品

pǐn article / commodity / product / goods / grade / rank / kind / type / variety / character / disposition / nature / temperament / to taste sth / to sample / to criticize / to comment / to judge / to size up / fret (on a guitar or lute)

品种 品種

pǐnzhǒng breed / variety

凭 憑

píng to lean against / to rely on / on the basis of / no matter (how, what etc) / proof

你凭什么叫我走?

Nǐ píng shénme jiào wǒ zǒu?

Who are you to tell me to get out?

评估 評估

pínggū to evaluate / to assess / assessment / evaluation

评论 評論

pínglùn to comment on / to discuss / comment / commentary

平坦

píngtǎn level / even / smooth / flat

平原

píngyuán field / plain

泼 潑

pō to splash / to spill / rough and coarse / brutish

葡萄

pútáo grape

葡萄要先洗一洗再吃。

Pútáo yào xiān xǐ yì xǐ zài chī.

We should wash the grapes before we eat them.

葡萄酒

pútáojiǔ wine

Q

期望

qīwàng to have expectations / to earnestly hope / expectation / hope

其

qí his / her / its / their / that / such / it (refers to sth preceding it)

齐全 齊全

qíquán complete / comprehensive

起到

qǐdào (in an expression of the form 起到[qi3 dao4] + ... + 作用 [zuo4 yong4]) to have (a (motivating etc) effect) / to play (a (stabilizing etc) role)

启动 啟動

qǐdòng to start (a machine) / to set in motion / to launch (an operation) / to activate (a plan)

启发 啟發

qǐfā to enlighten / to explain (a text etc) / to stimulate (a mental attitude) / enlightenment / revelation / motivation

起码 起碼

qǐmǎ at the minimum / at the very least

启事 啟事

qǐshì announcement (written, on billboard, letter, newspaper or website) / to post information / a notice

气体 氣體

qìtǐ gas (i.e. gaseous substance)

气象 氣象

qìxiàng meteorological condition / weather / meteorology / atmosphere / ambience / scene

签

qiān to sign one's name / to write brief comments on a document / inscribed bamboo stick (variant of 籤|签[qian1]) / visa / inscribed bamboo stick (used in divination, gambling, drawing lots etc) / small wood sliver / label / tag

签订 簽訂

qiāndìng to agree to and sign (a treaty etc)

签名 簽名

qiānmíng to sign (one's name with a pen etc) / to autograph / signature

签约 簽約

qiānyuē to sign a contract or agreement

签证 簽證

qiānzhèng visa / to issue a visa

去美国要申请签证。
Qù Měiguó yào shēnqǐng qiānzhèng.
You need to apply for a visa to go to America.

签字 簽字

qiānzì to sign (one's name) / signature

前景

qiánjǐng foreground / vista / prospects / perspective

前提

qiántí premise / precondition / prerequisite

欠

qiàn to owe / to lack / to be deficient in / yawn / to raise slightly (a part of one's body)

枪 槍

qiāng gun / firearm / rifle / spear / thing with shape or function similar to a gun / to substitute for another person in a test / to knock / classifier for rifle shots / surname Qiang

她带着枪。
Tā dài zhe qiāng.
She's got a gun.

墙壁 牆壁

qiángbì wall

强度 強度

qiángdù strength / intensity

抢 搶

qiǎng to fight over / to rush / to scramble / to grab / to rob / to snatch

qiāng to knock against (esp. to knock one's head on the ground in grief or rage) / opposite in direction / contrary

他把信从我的手中抢了过去。
Tā bǎ xìn cóng wǒ de shǒu zhōng qiǎng le guòqù.
He wrenched the letter from my hand.

抢救 搶救

qiǎngjiù to rescue

强迫 強迫

qiǎngpò to compel / to force

敲

qiāo to hit / to strike / to tap / to rap / to knock / to rip sb off / to overcharge

敲门 敲門

qiāomén to knock on a door

悄悄

qiāoqiāo quiet / making little or no noise / surreptitious / stealthy / anxious / worried

瞧

qiáo to look at / to see / to see (a doctor) / to visit

瞧瞧你的双手。
Qiáo qiáo nǐ de shuāngshǒu.
Look at your hands.

琴

qín guqin 古琴[gu3 qin2] (a type of zither) / musical instrument in general

勤奋 勤奮

qínfèn hardworking / diligent

青

qīng green / blue / black / youth / young (of people) / short name for Qinghai 青海[Qing1 hai3]

清晨

qīngchén early morning

清理

qīnglǐ to clear up / to tidy up / to dispose of

情节 情節

qíngjié circumstances / plot / storyline

晴朗

qínglǎng sunny and cloudless

情形

qíngxíng circumstances / situation / state of affairs

区域 區域

qūyù area / region / district

最近这个区域的国际形势很紧张。

Zuìjìn zhège qūyù de guójì xíngshì hěn jǐnzhāng.

Recently, this area's international relations have become very tense.

泉

quán spring (small stream) / mouth of a spring / coin (archaic)

全都

quándōu all / without exception

全世界

quánshìjiè worldwide / entire world

全世界都知道。

Quánshìjiè dōu zhīdào.

The whole world knows that.

劝 勸

quàn to advise / to urge / to try to persuade / to exhort / to console / to soothe

我们试着劝了他。

Wǒmen shìzhe quànle tā.

We tried to persuade him.

缺乏

quēfá to lack / to be short of

他缺乏经验。

Tā quēfá jīngyàn.

He is lacking in experience.

确立 確立

quèlì to establish / to institute

群体 群體

qúntǐ community / colony

群众 群眾

qúnzhòng mass / multitude / the masses

R

染

rǎn to dye / to catch (a disease) / to acquire (bad habits etc) / to contaminate / to add color washes to a painting

绕 繞

rào to wind / to coil (thread) / to rotate around / to spiral / to move around / to go round (an obstacle) / to by-pass / to make a detour / to confuse / to perplex

地球绕着太阳转。

Dìqiú ràozhe tàiyang zhuǎn.

The Earth moves around the sun.

热量 熱量

rèliàng heat / quantity of heat / calorific value

米饭的热量是白菜的数倍。

Mǐfàn de rèliàng shì báicài de shù bèi.

Rice has several times more calories than cabbage.

热门 熱門

rènmén popular / hot / in vogue

人间 人間

rénjiān the human world / the earth

人力

rénlì manpower / labor power

人士

rénshì person / figure / public figure

人物

rénwù person / personage / figure (esp. sb of importance) / character (in a play, novel etc) / (genre of traditional Chinese painting) figure painting

我们视他为重要人物。

Wǒmen shì tā wéi zhòngyào rénwù.

We regard him as an important man.

忍

rěn to bear / to endure / to tolerate / to restrain oneself

忍不住

rěnbuzhù cannot help / unable to bear

她忍不住笑了。

Tā rěnbúzhù xiàole.

She cannot but laugh.

忍受

rěnhòu to bear / to endure

认 認

rèn to recognize / to know / to admit

我认我会留下。

Wǒ rèn wǒ huì liúxià.

I think I'll stay.

认定 認定

rèndìng to maintain (that sth is true) / to determine (a fact) / determination (of an amount) / of the firm opinion / to believe firmly / to set one's mind on / to identify with

扔

rēng to throw / to throw away

她把废纸扔进了垃圾桶。

Tā bǎ fěizhǐ rēng jìnle lājītǒng.

She threw the scrap paper into the bin.

仍旧 仍舊

réngjiù still (remaining) / to remain (the same) / yet

如此

rúcǐ like this / so / such

我希望如此。

Wǒ xīwàng rúcǐ.

I hope so.

如同

rútóng like / as

如下

rúxià as follows

入门 入門

rùmén entrance door / to enter a door / to learn the basics of a subject / introduction (to a subject) / (attributive) entry-level

软 軟

ruǎn soft / flexible

软件 軟件

ruǎnjiàn software

S

洒 灑

sǎ to sprinkle / to spray / to spill / to shed

散文

sǎnwén prose (as opposed to verse) / free-form literary prose, such as essays, sketches and reflections

杀 殺

shā to kill / to slay / to murder / to attack / to weaken / to reduce / to smart / extremely

他们要杀你。

Tāmen yào shā nǐ.

They'll kill you.

杀毒 殺毒

shādú to disinfect / to destroy a computer virus

沙漠

shāmò desert

傻

shǎ foolish

山区 山區

shānqū mountain area

扇

shàn fan / sliding, hinged or detachable flat part of sth / classifier for doors, windows etc

shān to fan / to slap sb on the face

把这扇门打开。

Bǎ zhè shàn mén dǎkāi.

Open this door.

扇子

shànzi fan

商标 商標

shāngbiāo trademark / logo

上级 上級

shàngjí higher authorities / superiors

上下

shàngxià the top and bottom of sth / the full vertical extent of sth / from top to bottom / to go up and down / before and after (as in 上下文[shang4 xia4 wen2] "context") / approximately / ... or so / the high and the low / seniors and juniors (as in 上下和睦[shang4 xia4 he2 mu4] "harmony between superiors and subordinates") / all members of a group (as in 舉國上下[ju3 guo2 shang4 xia4] "the entire nation") / relative superiority (as in 不相上下[bu4 xiang1 shang4 xia4] "evenly matched")

上涨 上漲

shàngzhǎng to rise / to go up

蛋的价格正在上涨。

Dàn de jiàgé zhèngzài shàngzhǎng.

The price of eggs is going up.

稍

shāo somewhat / a little

请在这稍等。

Qǐng zài zhè shāo děng.

Please wait here.

稍微

shāowēi a little bit

蛇

shé snake / serpent

蛇年开始了。

Shé nián kāishǐle.

The year of the snake has begun.

舍不得 捨不得

shěbude to hate to do sth / to hate to part with / to begrudge

舍得 捨得

shěde to be willing to part with sth

射

shè to shoot / to launch / to allude to / radio- (chemistry)

社

shè society / organization / agency / god of the land

射击 射擊

shèjī to shoot / to fire (a gun)

社区 社區

shèqū community / neighborhood

设想 設想

shèxiǎng to imagine / to assume / to envisage / tentative plan / to have consideration for

摄像 攝像

shèxiàng to videotape

摄像机 攝像機

shèxiàngjī video camera

摄影 攝影

shèyǐng to take a photograph / photography / to shoot (a movie)

摄影师 攝影師

shèyǐngshī photographer / cinematographer / cameraman

伸

shēn to stretch / to extend

深处 深處

shēnchù abyss / depths / deepest or most distant part

深度

shēndù depth / profundity / advanced stage of development

神

shén god / deity / supernatural / magical / mysterious / spirit / mind / energy / lively / expressive / look / expression / awesome / amazing / God

没有人看过神。

Méiyǒu rén kànguo shén.

Nobody has seen God.

神经 神經

shénjīng nerve / mental state / unhinged / nutjob

神奇

shénqí magical / mystical / miraculous

神情

shénqíng look / expression

声 聲

shēng sound / voice / tone / noise / reputation / classifier for sounds

生成

shēngchéng to generate / to produce / to form / to be formed / to come into being / to be born with / to be blessed with

升高

shēnggāo to raise / to ascend

剩

shèng to remain / to be left / to have as remainder

胜负 勝負

shèngfù victory or defeat / the outcome of a battle

剩下

shèngxià to remain / to be left over

几乎没剩下钱。

Jīhū méi shèngxià qián.

There was scarcely any money left.

师傅 師傅

shīfu master / qualified worker / respectful form of address for older men

诗歌 詩歌

shīgē poem

失误 失誤

shīwù lapse / mistake / to make a mistake / fault / service fault (in volleyball, tennis etc)

拾

shí to pick up / to collate or arrange / ten (banker's anti-fraud numeral)

shè to ascend in light steps

时常 時常

shícháng often / frequently

时光 時光

shíguāng time (esp. as sth that passes)

实惠 實惠

shíhuì tangible benefit / material advantages / cheap / economical / advantageous (deal) / substantial (discount)

时机 時機

shíjī opportunity / opportune moment

时事 時事

shíshì current trends / the present situation / how things are going

十足

shízú ample / complete / hundred percent / a pure shade (of some color)

使得

shǐde usable / serviceable / feasible / workable / doable / to make / to cause / to bring about

式

shì type / form / pattern / style

示范 示範

shìfàn to demonstrate / to show how to do sth / demonstration / a model example

势力 勢力

shìlì power / influence / a force (military, political etc)

视频 視頻

shìpín video

试图 試圖

shìtú to attempt / to try

视为 視為

shìwéi to view as / to see as / to consider to be / to deem

收购 收購

shōugòu to purchase or acquire in bulk or at an official level (esp. by a state or organization) / to acquire or take over (a company or equity) / acquisition / takeover

收集

shōují to gather / to collect

收拾

shōushi to put in order / to tidy up / to pack / to repair / to sort sb out / to fix sb

手段

shǒuduàn method / way / means (of doing sth) / skill / ability / trick / wile

英语是一种沟通的手段。

Yīngyǔ shì yìzhǒng gōutōng de shǒuduàn.

English is a means of communication.

手法

shǒufǎ technique / trick / skill

瘦

shòu thin / to lose weight / tight / lean / unproductive

我瘦了这么多，这条裤子我现在穿得了了。

Wǒ shòule zhème duō, zhè tiáo kùzi wǒ xiànzài chuān de le.

I've lost so much weight, I can wear these trousers now.

寿司 壽司

shòusī sushi

对于做寿司，他很有经验。

Duìyú zuò shòusī, tā hěn yǒu jīngyàn.

He's very experienced at making sushi.

受灾 受災

shòuzāi disaster-stricken / to be hit by a natural calamity

蔬菜

shūcài vegetables

以前，我不喜欢吃蔬菜。

Yǐqián, wǒ bù xǐhuan chī shūcài.

Before, I didn't like to eat vegetables.

输出 輸出

shūchū to output / to deliver (energy, data, signals etc) / to export (goods, services, technology etc)

书法 書法

shūfǎ calligraphy / handwriting / penmanship

书柜 書櫃

shūguì bookcase

书桌 書桌

shūzhuō desk

熟悉

shúxī to be familiar with / to know well

他熟悉日本文化。

Tā shúxī Rìběn wénhuà.

He is familiar with Japanese culture.

鼠

shǔ rat / mouse

鼠标 鼠標

shǔbiāo mouse

数目 數目

shù mù amount / number

摔

shuāi to throw down / to fall / to drop and break

摔倒

shuāidǎo to fall down / to slip and fall / to throw sb to the ground

我看到了一个老人摔倒了，马上就过去帮忙。

Wǒ kàndàole yí gè lǎorén shuāidǎole, mǎshàng jiù guòqù bāngmáng.

I saw an old person fall down, and immediately went over to help.

率领 率領

shuàilǐng to lead / to command / to head

双手 雙手

shuāngshǒu both hands

用双手拿着它。

Yòng shuāngshǒu ná zhe tā.

Hold it with both hands.

水产品 水產品

shuǐchǎnpǐn aquatic products (including fish, crabs, seaweed etc)

水分

shuǐfēn moisture content / overstatement / padding

水库 水庫

shuǐkù reservoir

水灾 水災

shuǐzāi flood / flood damage

睡眠

shuìmián sleep / to sleep / to enter sleep mode

说法 說法

shuōfǎ way of speaking / wording / formulation / one's version (of events) / statement / theory / hypothesis / interpretation

shuōfǎ to expound Buddhist teachings

我不同意你的说法。

Wǒ bù tóngyì nǐ de shuōfǎ.

I disagree with what you say.

硕士 碩士

shuòshì master's degree / person who has a master's degree / learned person

私人

sīrén private / personal / interpersonal / sb with whom one has a close personal relationship / a member of one's clique

这是私人的。

Zhè shì sīrén de.

It's something personal.

思维 思維

sīwéi thought / thinking

四周

sìzhōu all around

你在三或四周内就会习惯。

Nǐ zài sān huò sìzhōu nèi jiù huì xíguàn.

You'll get used to this in three or four weeks.

搜

sōu to search / to collect / to gather

搜索

sōusuǒ to search (a place, a database, online etc) / to search for (sth)

宿舍

sùshè dormitory / dorm room / living quarters / hostel

他一放学就回宿舍了。

Tā yí fàngxué jiù huí sùshè le.

He went back to the dorm as soon as he finished class.

酸甜苦辣

suāntiánkǔlà sour, sweet, bitter and spicy (idiom) / all kinds of flavors / the joys and sorrows of life

随后 隨後

suíhòu afterward / later / subsequently / following that

随意 隨意

suíyì as one wishes / according to one's wishes / at will / voluntary / conscious

随着 隨著

suízhe along with / in the wake of / following

碎

sùi (transitive or intransitive) to break into pieces / to shatter / to crumble / broken / fragmentary / scattered / garrulous

岁月 歲月

suiyuè years / time

损害 損害

sǔnhài harm / to damage / to impair

损失 損失

sǔnshī loss / damage / to lose / to suffer damage

损失是无法估计的。
Sǔnshī shì wúfǎ gūjì de.
The losses are incalculable.

锁 鎖

suǒ to lock / to lock up / a lock (CL:把[ba3])

他把自己锁在房间里，不让人进去！
Tā bǎ zìjǐ suǒ zài fángjiān lǐ, búràng rén jìnqù!
He's locked himself in his room and won't let anyone in!

所在

suǒzài place / location / place where it is located

那就是问题所在。
Nà jiùshì wèntí suǒzài.
That's where the problem is.

T

抬

tái to lift / to raise / to carry

她累得连脚也抬不起来了。
Tā lèi de lián jiǎo yě tái bù qǐlái.
She was so tired that she couldn't walk.

台风

táifēng stage presence, poise / typhoon

抬头 抬頭

táitóu to raise one's head / to look up / to begin to emerge / to show signs of growth / account name, or space for writing the name on checks, bills etc

太空

tàikōng outer space

弹 彈

tán to pluck (a string) / to play (a string instrument) / to spring or leap / to shoot (e.g. with a catapult) / to fluff or tease / to flick / to flip / to accuse / to impeach / elastic (of materials)

dàn crossball / bullet / shot / shell / ball

他弹得很好。
Tā tán de hěn hǎo.
He plays very well.

桃

táo peach

逃

táo to escape / to run away / to flee

他逃了阿尔及利亚。
Tā táole Ā'ěrxīlìyà.
He fled Algeria.

桃花

táohuā peach blossom / love affair

逃跑

táopǎo to flee from sth / to run away / to escape

桃树 桃樹

táoshù peach tree

逃走

táozǒu to escape / to flee / to run away

讨厌 討厭

tǎoyàn to dislike / to loathe / disagreeable / troublesome / annoying

特定

tèdìng special / specific / designated / particular

特性

tèxìng property / characteristic

特有

tèyǒu specific (to) / characteristic (of) / distinctive

题材 題材

tícái subject matter

提倡

tíchàng to promote / to advocate

提起

tíqǐ to mention / to bring up / to lift / to raise / to initiate (legal proceedings)

提示

tíshì to point out / to remind (sb of sth) / to suggest / suggestion / tip / reminder / notice

体积 體積

tǐjī volume (amount of space an object occupies)

体力 體力

tǐlì physical strength / physical power

天才

tiāncái talent / gift / genius / talented / gifted

天然气 天然氣

tiānránqì natural gas

天文

tiānwén astronomy

调节 調節

tiáojié to adjust / to regulate / to harmonize / to reconcile (accountancy etc)

调解 調解

tiáojiě to mediate / to bring parties to an agreement

厅 廳

tīng hall / living room / office / provincial government department

停留

tíngliú to stay somewhere temporarily / to stop over

通用

tōngyòng to use anywhere, anytime (card, ticket etc) / to be used by everyone (language, textbook etc) / interchangeable

偷

tōu to steal / to pilfer / to snatch / thief / stealthily

我们被偷了。

Wǒmen bèi tōule.

We were robbed.

偷偷

tōutōu stealthily / secretly / covertly / furtively / on the sly

她是偷偷去的。

Tā shì tōutōu qù de.

She went secretly. ⇒ It was secretly that she went.

突破

tūpò to break through / to make a breakthrough / to surmount (an obstacle) / to break through the opponent's defense

吐

tǔ to spit / to send out (silk from a silkworm, bolls from cotton flowers etc) / to say / to pour out (one's grievances)

tù to vomit / to throw up

我刚才吐了。

Wǒ gāngcái tǔle.

I just threw up.

土豆

tǔdòu potato / peanut (CL:顆|颗[kel])

兔

tù rabbit

团长 團長

tuánzhǎng regimental command / head of a delegation / group buy organizer / group-buying coordinator

推行

tuīxíng to implement / to carry out / to introduce (a policy, system, reform etc) / to promote / to advance (the practice of an art form, the use of a language etc) / to push along (a bicycle etc while walking)

脱离 脫離

tuōlí to separate oneself from / to break away from / diastasis (medicine) / abscission / abjunction (botany)

W

外界

wàijiè the outside world / external

完了

wánle to be finished / to be done for / ruined / gone to the dogs / oh no

微博

wēibó microblogging / microblog / Weibo (Chinese social media platform)

违法 違法

wéifǎ illegal / to break the law

违反 違反

wéifǎn to violate (a law)

违规 違規

wéiguī to violate the rules

为难 為難

wéinán to feel embarrassed or awkward / to make things difficult (for someone) / to find things difficult (to do or manage)

为期 為期

wéiqī by (a certain date) / lasting (a certain time)

围绕 圍繞

wéirào to revolve around / to center on (an issue)

唯一

wéiyī only / sole

你是我唯一的朋友。

Nǐ shì wǒ wéiyī de péngyou.

You're the only friend I have.

为止 為止

wéizhǐ until / (used in combination with words like 到[dao4] or 至[zhi4] in constructs of the form 到...為止|到...为止)

为主 為主

wéizhǔ to rely mainly on / to attach most importance to

委托 委託

wěituō to entrust / to trust / to commission

胃

wèi stomach

慰问 慰問

wèiwèn to express sympathy, greetings, consolation etc

卫星 衛星

wèixīng satellite / satellite / moon

金星没有卫星。

Jīnxīng méiyǒu wèixīng.

Venus has no moons.

温和 溫和

wēnhé mild / gentle / moderate

wēnhuo lukewarm

文艺 文藝

wényì literature and art

她是文艺青年。

Tā shì wényì qīngnián.

She is a young artist.

握

wò to hold / to grasp / to clench (one's fist) / to have in one's control / classifier: a handful

卧室 臥室

wòshì bedroom

屋

wū house / room

污染

wūrǎn to pollute / to contaminate

这水被石油污染了。

Zhè shuǐ bèi shíyóu wūrǎnle.

This water was polluted by oil.

污水

wūshuǐ sewage

无奈 無奈

wú'nài to have no alternative / frustrated / exasperated / helpless / but unfortunately

无疑 無疑

wúyí undoubtedly / without doubt / for sure

舞

wǔ to dance / to wield / to brandish

我们一起跳了舞。

Wǒmen yìqǐ tiàole wǔ.

We danced together.

物价 物價

wùjià prices

他们国家的物价有我们国家的两倍。

Tāmen guójiā de wùjià yǒu wǒmen guójiā de liǎngbèi.

Commodity prices in their country are twice as high as in ours.

误解 誤解

wùjiě to misunderstand / misunderstanding

物业 物業

wùyè property / real estate

物质 物質

wùzhì matter / substance / material / materialistic

X

西红柿 西紅柿

xīhóngshì tomato

西装 西裝

xīzhuāng suit / Western-style clothes

喜剧 喜劇

xǐjù a comedy

戏 戲

xì trick / drama / play / show

戏剧 戲劇

xìjù a drama / a play / theater / script of a play

吓 嚇

xià to frighten / to scare

hè to scare / to intimidate / to threaten / (interjection showing disapproval) tut-tut / (interjection showing astonishment)

人能被吓死吗?

Rén néng bèi xià sǐ ma?

Can one die of fear?

先后 先後

xiānhòu early or late / first and last / priority / in succession / one after another

先前

xiānqián before / previously

鲜艳 鮮豔

xiānyàn bright-colored / gaily-colored

闲

xián enclosure / idle / unoccupied / leisure / idle / unoccupied / leisure

显 顯

xiǎn to make visible / to reveal / prominent / conspicuous / phanero-

献 獻

xiàn to offer / to present / to dedicate / to donate / to show / to put on display / worthy person (old)

我每三个月献一次血。

Wǒ měi sān gè yuè xiàn yí cì xuè.

I donate blood every three months.

线索 線索

xiànsuǒ trail / clues / thread (of a story)

现有 現有

xiànyǒu currently existing / currently available

现状 現狀

xiànzhuàng current situation

乡 鄉

xiāng country or countryside / native place / home village or town / township (PRC administrative unit)

香肠 香腸

xiāngcháng sausage

乡村 鄉村

xiāngcūn rustic / village / countryside

相等

xiāngděng equal / equally / equivalent

相应 相應

xiāngyīng to correspond / answering (one another) / to agree (among the part) / corresponding / relevant / appropriate / accordingly

我们应该了解相应的规则。

Wǒmen **yīnggāi liǎojiě xiāngyīng** de **guīzé**.

We are supposed to know the rules.

详细 詳細

xiángxì detailed / in detail / minute

请详细地解释。

Qǐng xiángxì de **jiěshì**.

Please explain in detail.

享受

xiǎngshòu to enjoy / to live it up / pleasure

我还要享受更多。

Wǒ hái yào **xiǎngshòu gèng duō**.

I want to enjoy much more.

向导 嚮導

xiàngdǎo guide

向前

xiàngqián forward / onward

一直向前走!

Yìzhí xiàngqián zǒu!

Keep going straight ahead!

向上

xiàngshàng upward / up / to advance / to try to improve oneself / to make progress

相声 相聲

xiàngsheng comic dialogue / sketch / crosstalk

象征 象徵

xiàngzhēng symbol / emblem / to symbolize / to signify / to represent

富士山是日本的象征。

Fùshì Shān shì Rìběn de xiàngzhēng.

Mt. Fuji is a symbol of Japan.

消除

xiāochú to eliminate / to remove

消毒

xiāodú to disinfect / to sterilize

消防

xiāofáng firefighting / fire control

消费者 消費者

xiāofèizhě consumer

消极 消極

xiāojī negative / passive / inactive

歇

xiē to rest / to take a break / to stop / to halt / to sleep / a moment / a short while

斜

xié inclined / slanting / oblique / tilting

协议 協議

xiéyì agreement / pact / protocol

协议书 協議書

xiéyìshū contract / protocol

辛苦

xīnkǔ exhausting / hard / tough / arduous / to work hard / to go to a lot of trouble / hardship(s)

工作很辛苦，也只给我付这么一点儿薪水。

Gōngzuò hěn xīnkǔ, yě zhǐ gěi wǒ fù zhème yìdiǎnr xīnshuǐ.

The work is hard but only pays me this tiny salary.

欣赏 欣賞

xīnshǎng to appreciate / to enjoy / to admire

心态 心態

xīntài attitude (of the heart) / state of one's psyche / way of thinking / mentality

心疼

xīnténg to love dearly / to feel sorry for sb / to regret / to grudge / to be distressed

信念

xìnniàn faith / belief / conviction

信箱

xìnxiāng mailbox / post office box

行驶 行駛

xíngshǐ to travel along a route (of vehicles etc)

形态 形態

xíngtài shape / form / pattern / morphology

性能

xìngnéng function / performance / behavior

熊

xióng bear / to scold / to rebuke / weak / incapable / surname Xiong

雄伟 雄偉

xióngwěi grand / imposing / magnificent / majestic

修复 修復

xiūfù to restore / to renovate / to repair (a corrupted file etc)

修建

xiūjiàn to build / to construct

那座桥是罗马人修建的。

Nà zuò qiáo shì Luómǎ rén xiūjiàn de.

The bridge was built by the Romans.

休闲 休閒

xiūxián leisure / relaxation / not working / idle / to enjoy leisure / to lie fallow

修养 修養

xiūyǎng accomplishment / training / self-cultivation

虚心 虛心

xūxīn open-minded / humble

许可 許可

xǔkě to allow / to permit

选修 選修

xuǎnxiū to take as an elective / an elective / elective (subject)

学科 學科

xuékē subject / branch of learning / course / academic discipline

英语变成了我最喜欢的学科。

Yīngyǔ biànchéng le wǒ zuì xǐhuan de xuékē.

English has become my favorite subject.

学位 學位

xuéwèi academic degree / place in school

他没有学位。

Tā méiyǒu xuéwèi.

He doesn't have a degree.

学者 學者

xuézhě scholar

我完全不是学者。

Wǒ wánquán bú shì xuézhě.

I'm totally not a scholar.

寻求 尋求

xúnqiú to seek / to look for

询问 詢問

xúnwèn to inquire / to ask about

Y

押金

yājīn deposit / down payment

鸭子 鴨子

yāzi duck (CL:隻|只[zhī]) / male prostitute

亚军 亞軍

yàjūn second place (in a sports contest) / runner-up

研究所

yánjiūsuǒ research institute / graduate studies / graduate school

他不会继续去上研究所。

Tā búhuì jìxù qù shàng yánjiūsuǒ.

He won't go on to graduate school.

严厉 嚴厲

yánlì severe / strict

延伸

yánshēn to extend / to stretch / to expand / to spread

严肃 嚴肅

yánsù solemn / grave / serious / earnest / severe / exacting / to strictly enforce

言语 言語

yányǔ words / speech / language

yányu to speak / to tell

眼光

yǎnguāng gaze / insight / foresight / vision / way of looking at things

邀请 邀請

yāoqǐng to invite / invitation

你也被邀请了。

Nǐ yě bèi yāoqǐng le.

You're invited, too.

摇头 搖頭

yáotóu to shake one's head

咬

yǎo to bite / to nip

别让他咬你。

Bié ràng tā yǎo nǐ.

Don't let him bite you.

也好

yěhǎo that's fine / may as well / regardless of whether ... or ...

夜间 夜間

yèjiān nighttime / evening or night (e.g. classes)

业务 業務

yèwù business / professional work / service

他对他的新业务感到紧张。

Tā duì tā de xīn yèwù gǎndào jǐnzhāng.

He was tense with his new business.

一辈子 一輩子

yībèizi a lifetime

一带 一帶

yīdài region / area

一旦

yīdàn in case (sth happens) / if / once (sth happens, then...) / when / in a short time / in one day

依法

yīfǎ legal (proceedings) / according to law

依旧 依舊

yījiù as before / still / to remain the same

依据 依據

yījù according to / basis / foundation

一句话 一句話

yījùhuà in a word / in short

一口气 一口氣

yīkǒuqì one breath / in one breath / at a stretch

一流

yīliú top quality / front ranking

一路

yīlù the whole journey / all the way / going the same way / going in the same direction / of the same kind

一身

yīshēn whole body / from head to toe / single person / a suit of clothes

一下子

yíxiàzǐ once / one time / for a moment / briefly / for a little while / in no time / almost immediately / all at once / all of a sudden

一向

yíxiàng a period of time in the recent past / (indicating a period of time up to the present) all along / the whole time

依照

yīzhào according to / in light of

乙

yǐ second of the ten Heavenly Stems 十天干[shí tiān gān] / second in order / letter "B" or Roman "II" in list "A, B, C", or "I, II, III" etc / second party (in legal contract, usually 乙方[yǐ fāng], as opposed to 甲方[jiǎ fāng]) / ethyl / bent / winding / radical in Chinese characters (Kangxi radical 5) / ancient Chinese compass point: 105°

zhé turning stroke (in Chinese characters), aka 折[zhe2]

以便

yǐbiàn so that / so as to / in order to

以往

yǐwǎng in the past / formerly

意识 意識

yìshí consciousness / awareness / to be aware of / to realize

我意识到了。

Wǒ yìshí dào le.

I'm aware of that.

意味着 意味著

yìwèizhe to signify / to mean / to imply

意志

yìzhì will / willpower / determination

因而

yīnér therefore / as a result / thus / and as a result, ...

饮料 飲料

yǐnliào drink / beverage

饮食 飲食

yǐnshí eating and drinking / food and drink / diet

印刷

yìnshuā to print / printing

硬

yìng hard / stiff / solid / strong / firm / resolutely / uncompromisingly / laboriously / with great difficulty / good (quality) / able (person) / filling / substantial

那么硬卡怎么用呢？

Nàme yìng kǎ zěnmeyòng ne?

So, how's the card used?

硬件

yìngjiàn hardware

拥抱 擁抱

yōngbào to embrace / to hug

拥有 擁有

yōngyǒu to have / to possess / to own

你将拥有什么？

Nǐ jiāng yōngyǒu shénme?

What will you have?

用不着 用不著

yòngbuzháo not need / have no use for

用户 用戶

yònghù user / consumer / subscriber / customer

用来 用來

yònglái to be used for

这些工具是用来造房子的。

Zhèxiē gōngjù shì yònglái zào fángzi de.

These tools are used for building a house.

用于 用於

yòngyú to use in / to use on / to use for

优惠 優惠

yōuhuì privilege / favorable (terms) / preferential (treatment) / discount (price)

幽默

yōumò humor / humorous

优先 優先

yōuxiān to have priority / to take precedence

由此

yóucǐ hereby / from this

尤其

yóuqí especially / particularly

尤其是要注意你吃的和喝的东西。

Yóuqí shì yào zhùyì nǐ chī de hé hē de dōngxi.

You have to pay special attention to what you eat and drink.

游泳池

yóuyǒngchí swimming pool

犹豫 猶豫

yóuyù to hesitate

有毒

yǒudú poisonous

有害

yǒuhài destructive / harmful / damaging

有力

yǒulì powerful / forceful / vigorous

有利于 有利於

yǒulìyú to be advantageous to / to be beneficial for

做运动有利于健康。

Zuò yùndòng yǒulìyú jiànkāng.

Exercise is good for your health.

友谊 友誼

yǒuyì companionship / fellowship / friendship

有着 有著

yǒuzhe to have / to possess

羽毛球

yǔmáoqiú badminton / shuttlecock

羽绒服 羽絨服

yǔróngfú down jacket / down coat

雨水

yǔshuǐ rainwater / rainfall / rain / Yushui or Rain Water, 2nd of the 24 solar terms 二十四節氣|二十四节气 19th February-5th March

预备 預備

yùbèi to prepare / to make ready / preparation / preparatory

预期 預期

yùqī to expect / to anticipate

元旦

yuándàn New Year's Day

原理

yuánlǐ principle / theory

园林 園林

yuánlín gardens / park / landscape garden

原始

yuánshǐ first / original / primitive / original (document etc)

原先

yuánxiān originally / original / former

原有

yuányǒu original / former

远处 遠處

yuǎnchù distant place

怨

yuàn to blame / resentment / hatred / grudge

愿

yuàn honest and prudent / wish / hope / desire / to be willing / to wish (that sth may happen) / may ... / vow / pledge

他们说他们不愿去做。

Tāmen shuō tāmen bú yuàn qù zuò.

They said that they didn't like to do that.

约束 約束

yuēshù to restrict / to limit to / to constrain / restriction / constraint

月饼 月餅

yuèbǐng mooncake (esp. for the Mid-Autumn Festival)

阅览室 閱覽室

yuèlǎnshì reading room

月球

yuèqiú the moon

运 運

yùn to move / to transport / to use / to apply / fortune / luck / fate

受伤者被运离现场。

Shòushāngzhě bèi yùn lí xiànchǎng.

The injured were removed from the scene.

运行 運行

yùnxíng to move along one's course / to function / to be in operation / to operate / to run / to run

系统运行起来了。

Xìtǒng yùnxíng qǐlái.

The system worked.

Z

灾 災

zāi disaster / calamity

灾害 災害

zāihài calamity / disaster

灾难 災難

zāinàn disaster / catastrophe

灾区 災區

zāiqū disaster area / stricken region

在场 在場

zàichǎng to be present / to be on the scene

再次

zàici once more / once again

她想再次见到他。

Tā xiǎng zàici jiàndào tā.

She wants to meet him one more time.

在内 在內

zàinèi in it / among them

再也

zàiyě ever again / (not) any longer

他再也忍不住气了。

Tā zàiyě rěnbúzhù qì le.

He couldn't hold his temper any longer.

暂时 暫時

zànshí temporary / provisional / for the time being

我要暂时离开。

Wǒ yào zànshí líkāi.

I'll be gone for a while.

暂停 暫停

zàntíng to suspend / time-out (e.g. in sports) / stoppage / pause (media player)

糟

zāo dregs / draff / pickled in wine / rotten / messy / ruined

糟糕

zāogāo too bad / how terrible / what bad luck / terrible / bad

早期

zǎoqī early period / early phase / early stage

增

zēng to increase / to augment / to add to

增产 增產

zēngchǎn to increase production

增大

zēngdà to enlarge / to amplify / to magnify

增多

zēngduō to increase / to grow in number

增强 增強

zēngqiáng to increase / to strengthen

赠 贈

zèng to give as a present / to repel / to bestow an honorary title after death (old)

赠送 贈送

zèngsòng to present as a gift

摘

zhāi to take / to pick (flowers, fruit etc) / to pluck / to remove / to take off (glasses, hat etc) / to select / to pick out / to borrow money at a time of urgent need

展览 展覽

zhǎnlǎn to put on display / to exhibit / exhibition / show

展示

zhǎnshì to reveal / to display / to show / to exhibit

展现 展現

zhǎnxiàn to unfold before one's eyes / to emerge / to reveal / to display

占领 佔領

zhànlǐng to capture / to seize / to occupy by force

士兵们占领了这个建筑。

Shìbīngmen zhànlǐng le zhège jiànzhù.

The soldiers occupied the building.

占有 佔有

zhànyǒu to have / to own / to hold / to occupy / to possess / to account for (a high proportion etc)

涨 漲

zhǎng to rise (of prices, rivers)

zhàng to swell / to distend

涨价 漲價

zhǎngjià to appreciate (in value) / to increase in price

掌握

zhǎngwò to grasp (often fig.) / to control / to seize (initiative, opportunity, destiny) / to master / to know well / to understand sth well and know how to use it / fluency

要掌握法语一点都不容易。

Yào zhǎngwò Fǎyǔ yìdiǎn dōu bù róngyì.

It's not easy to master French at all.

招生

zhāoshēng to enroll new students / to get students

招手

zhāoshǒu to wave / to beckon

真诚 真誠

zhēnchéng sincere / genuine / true

珍贵 珍貴

zhēnguì precious

真理

zhēnlǐ truth

珍惜

zhēnxī to treasure / to value / to cherish

真相

zhēnxiàng the truth about sth / the actual facts

珍珠

zhēnzhū pearl (CL:顆|颗[kē],粒[lì]) / teardrop / tear

诊断 診斷

zhěnduàn to diagnose

振动 振動

zhèndòng to vibrate / to shake / vibration

震惊 震驚

zhènjīng to shock / to astonish

争议 爭議

zhēngyì controversy / dispute / to dispute

挣 掙

zhèng to struggle to get free / to strive to acquire / to make (money)

正版

zhèngbǎn genuine / legal

正规 正規

zhèngguī regular / according to standards

挣钱 掙錢

zhèngqián to make money

正如

zhèngrú just as / precisely as

证实 證實

zhèngshí to confirm (sth to be true) / to verify

证书 證書

zhèngshū credentials / certificate

正义 正義

zhèngyì justice / righteousness / just / righteous / (in the titles of traditional commentaries) correct interpretation

我为正义而战。

Wǒ wèi zhèngyì ér zhàn.

I fight in the cause of justice.

支出

zhīchū to spend / to pay out / expenses / expenditure

之内 之內

zhīnèi inside / within

一小时之内我就会到。

Yì xiǎoshí zhīnèi wǒ jiù huì dào.

I'll be coming within an hour.

支配

zhīpèi to control / to dominate / to allocate

之外

zhīwài outside / excluding

我们除了走之外没有其它选择。

Wǒmen chúle zǒu zhīwài méiyǒu qítā xuǎnzé.

We have no choice but to go.

之下

zhīxià under / beneath / less than

太阳之下无新事。

Tàiyang zhīxià wú xīn shì.

Nothing new under the sun.

之中

zhīzhōng inside / among / in the midst of (doing sth) / during

你处于危险之中。

Nǐ chǔyú wēixiǎn zhīzhōng.

You were in danger.

值班

zhībān to work a shift / on duty

职能 職能

zhínéng function / role

职位 職位

zhíwèi position / post / job

我希望我没有得到职位。

Wǒ xīwàng wǒ méiyǒu dédào zhíwèi.

I wish that I hadn't taken the office.

职务 職務

zhíwù post / position / job / duties

直线 直線

zhíxiàn straight line / sharply (rise or fall)

执行 執行

zhíxíng to implement / to carry out / to execute / to run

计划被执行了。

Jìhuà bèi zhíxíngle.

The plan was carried out.

指标 指標

zhǐbiāo target / quota / index / indicator / sign / signpost / pointer

只不过 只不過

zhǐbuguò only / merely / nothing but / no more than / it's just that ...

指甲

zhǐjia fingernail

只见 只見

zhǐjiàn to see (the same thing) over and over again / to see, to one's surprise, (sth happens suddenly)

指示

zhǐshì to point out / to indicate / to instruct / directives / instructions

每个机场都有英文指示。

Měige jīchǎng dōu yǒu Yīngwén zhǐshì.

Information is given in English at every airport.

指责 指責

zhǐzé to criticize / to find fault with / to denounce

至

zhì to arrive / most / to / until

他的行为由始至终都是对的。

Tā de xíngwéi yóu shǐ zhì zhōng dōu shì duì de.

His action throughout was correct.

治安

zhìān law and order / public security

制成 製成

zhìchéng to manufacture / to turn out (a product)

纸是由木制成的。

Zhǐ shì yóu mù zhìchéng de.

Paper is made from wood.

治理

zhìlǐ to govern / to administer / to manage / to control / governance

制约 制約

zhìyuē to restrict / condition

终点 終點

zhōngdiǎn the end / end point / finishing line (in a race) / destination / terminus

中断 中斷

zhōngduàn to cut short / to break off / to discontinue / to interrupt

中秋节 中秋節

zhōngqiūjié the Mid-Autumn Festival on 15th of 8th lunar month

终身 終身

zhōngshēn lifelong / all one's life / marriage

中央

zhōngyāng central / middle / center / central authorities (of a state)

城市中央有一座公园。

Chéngshì zhōngyāng yǒu yí zuò gōngyuán.

There is a park in the middle of the city.

中药 中藥

zhōngyào traditional Chinese medicine

终止 終止

zhōngzhǐ to stop / to terminate

中毒

zhòngdú to be poisoned

众多 眾多

zhòngduō numerous

这个城市人口众多。

Zhège chéngshì rénǎi zhòngduō.

The city has a large population.

周期 週期

zhōuqī period / cycle

竹子

zhúzi bamboo

主办 主辦

zhǔbàn to organize / to host (a conference or sports event)

主导 主導

zhǔdǎo leading / dominant / prevailing / to lead / to direct / to dominate

主观 主觀

zhǔguān subjective

主管

zhǔguǎn in charge / responsible for / person in charge / manager

他是我部门的主管。

Tā shì wǒ bùmén de zhǔguǎn.

He is the chief of my department.

主体 主體

zhǔtǐ main part / bulk / body / subject / agent

注册 註冊

zhùcè to register / to enroll

祝贺 祝賀

zhùhè to congratulate / congratulations

助理

zhùlǐ assistant

注射

zhùshè injection / to inject

注视 注視

zhùshì to look attentively at / to closely watch / to gaze at

助手

zhùshǒu assistant / helper

注重

zhùzhòng to pay attention to / to emphasize

专辑 專輯

zhuānjí album / record (music) / special collection of printed or broadcast material

专利 專利

zhuānlì patent / sth uniquely enjoyed (or possessed etc) by a certain group of people / monopoly

转化 轉化

zhuǎnhuà to change / to turn / to convert / to transform / isomerization

转换 轉換

zhuǎnhuàn to change / to switch / to convert / to transform

转让 轉讓

zhuǎnràng to transfer (ownership, rights etc)

转向 轉向

zhuǎnxiàng to change direction / fig. to change one's stance
zhuànxàng to get lost / to lose one's way

装饰 裝飾

zhuāngshì to decorate / decoration / decorative / ornamental

撞

zhuàng to knock against / to bump into / to run into / to meet by accident

他被车撞了。

Tā bèi chē zhuàng le.

He was hit by a car.

资本 資本

zīběn capital (economics)

我们需要资本。

Wǒmen xūyào zīběn.

We need capital.

资产 資產

zīchǎn property / assets

资助 資助

zīzhù to subsidize / to provide financial aid / subsidy

紫

zǐ purple / violet

子弹 子彈

zǐdàn bullet

仔细 仔細

zǐxì careful / attentive / cautious / to be careful / to look out / thrifty / frugal

听，仔细听。

Tīng, zǐxì tīng.

Listen and listen carefully.

自豪

zìháo proud (of one's achievements etc)

自杀 自殺

zìshā to kill oneself / to commit suicide / to attempt suicide

自愿 自願

zìyuàn voluntary

总裁 總裁

zǒngcái chairman / director-general (of a company etc)

总数 總數

zǒngshù total / sum / aggregate

总算 總算

zǒngsuàn at long last / finally / on the whole

总体 總體

zǒngtǐ completely / totally / total / entire / overall / population (statistics)

我们必须总体地研究这事件。

Wǒmen bìxū zǒngtǐ de yánjiū zhè shìjiàn.

We must study the affair as a whole.

阻碍 阻礙

zǔài to obstruct / to hinder / to block / obstruction / hindrance

组织 組織

zǔzhī to organize / organization / tissue / weave

谁组织了这次会议？

Shéi zǔzhīle zhècì huìyì?

Who organized that meeting?

醉

zuì intoxicated

尊敬

zūnjìng to respect / to revere / to esteem / honorable / distinguished (used on formal occasions before a term of address)

遵守

zūnshǒu to comply with / to abide by / to respect (an agreement)

尊重

zūnzhòng to esteem / to respect / to honor / to value / eminent / serious / proper

他们互相尊重。

Tāmen hùxiāng zūnzhòng.

They have mutual respect.